A Presentation to the Citizens Advisory Board

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F Canyon Outside Facilities 211-F Decommissioning Project

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Acronyms

- CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
- D&D Deactivation and Decommissioning
- DOE Department of Energy
- EE/CA Engineering Evaluation and Cost Analysis
- EPA Environmental Protection Agency
- FDE Facility Decommissioning Evaluation
- SCDHEC South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control
- SRNL Savannah River National Laboratory





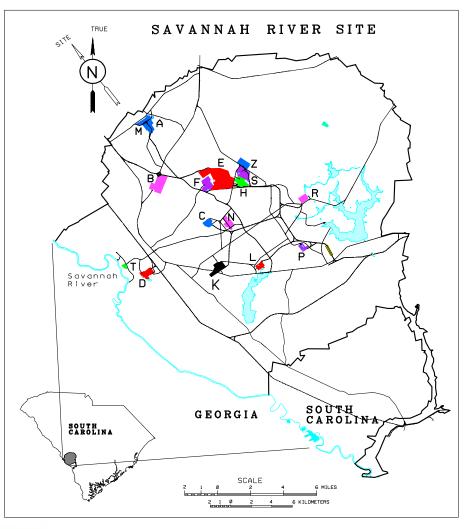
Purpose

- Provide an update regarding the F Canyon Outside Facilities 211-F Decommissioning Project
 - last update provided to the Facilities Disposition and Site Remediation Committee on November 6th 2008





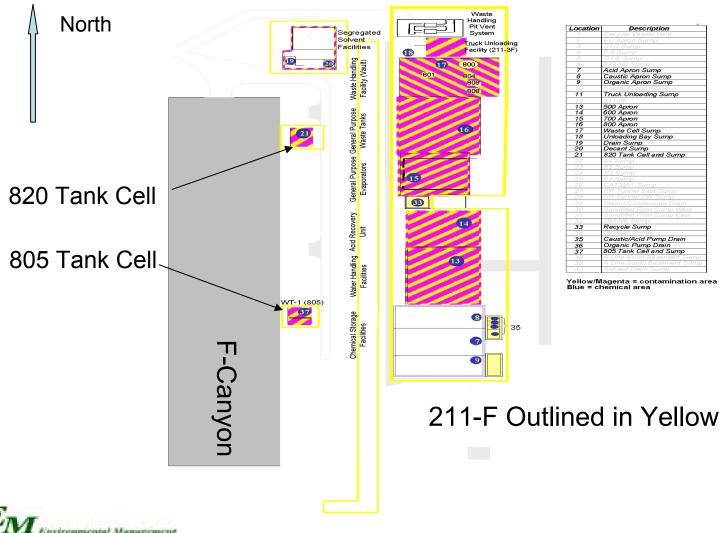
SRS Map: F-Area Location







211-F Layout





Project Description

- 211-F Outside Facilities were located adjacent to the F Canyon
- Facilities provided handling, processing and storage of raw materials and waste for F Canyon through a series of tanks, evaporators, pumps and piping
- Project divided into three sections:
 - Waste Handling Vault
 - Outside Section
 - 805 and 820 Tanks





Waste Handling Vault

Waste Handling Vault:

- Tanks 800, 801, 804, 808 and 809
- Tanks located within a 48' wide, 60' long, 34' deep concrete vault
- Tanks received waste from SRNL, 772-F Lab,
 Segregation Solvent and other 800-series tanks
- lodine 129, Cobalt 60, and Cesium 137 are the primary radiological contaminants of concern
- There are no chemical contaminants of concern





Waste Handling Vault







Outside Section

Outside Section

- Stored and dispensed chemicals for F Canyon operations
- Prepared water for operations
- Recovered acid for reuse
- Concentrated and reduced waste volumes
- Washed and prepared used solvent for reuse
- Collected, processed and stored waste for disposition





Outside Section

- Outside Section equipment located inside diked areas (aprons)
 - Chemical Storage Facilities
 - Water Handling Facilities
 - Acid Recovery Unit
 - General Purpose Evaporators
 - General Purpose Waste Tanks
 - Segregated Solvent Facility
 - Recycle Sump
- Cesium-137 is the primary radiological contaminants of concern
- Arsenic and iron are the primary chemical contaminants of concern





Chemical Storage







Segregation Solvent







Acid Recovery Unit







General Purpose Evaporator and Tanks







Water Handling Facilities







805 and 820 Tank Cells

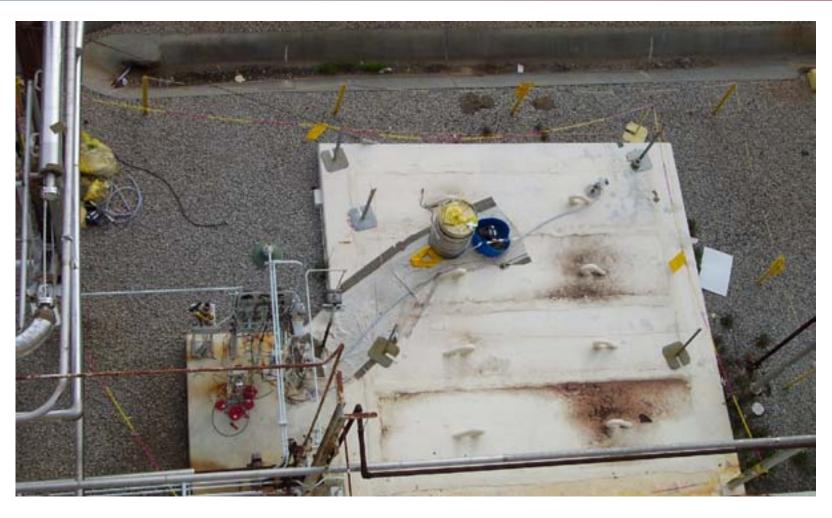
805 and 820 Tank Cells

- 805 tank cell is a 20' long, 11' wide, and 26' deep concrete cell with removable cell cover
- 820 tank cell is a 16' long, 16' wide, and 19' deep concrete cell with removable cell cover
- Collected waste from operations and rainwater inleakage





820 Tank Cell







Facility Decommissioning Evaluation

- Facility Decommissioning Evaluation (FDE)
 recommended use of the Engineering Evaluation/Cost
 Analysis Model for decommissioning of 211-F Facility
- DOE, SCDHEC, and EPA recognize that this decommissioning is an interim measure and additional measures, if required, will be part of the final F-Area Completion effort

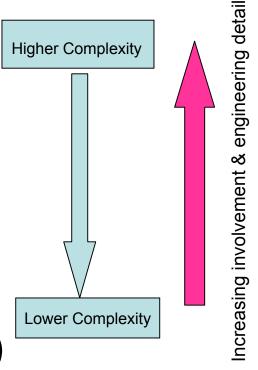




Facility Decommissioning Evaluation

3 Models:

- EE/CA Model (30 day public review)
 - Nuclear facility category
 - Identified on FFA
 - As directed by the DOE
 - Example: 221-1F A-Line
- Integrated Sampling Model (informing CAB of plans)
 - Example: 723-F Laundry
- Simple Model (informing CAB of plans)
 - Example: 708-A Cafeteria







Outside Section End State

Outside Section:

- Remove equipment, tanks, and piping; dismantle and remove building structures, structural steel, and concrete; decontaminate chemical and radiological contamination as necessary; fill dike areas, sumps, and trenches to grade or top of walls; provide a 6-inch thick concrete cap and slope to allow for drainage.
 - Maximum risk to future industrial worker is 8.3E-05 and an Hazard Index (HI) of 0.005
 - Risk is within CERCLA risk range of 1.0E-04 1.0E-06 and HI is less than
 1.0





Outside Section End State





Before After





Outside Section End State

Broader view of multiple pads upon completion







Waste Handling Vault End State

Waste Handling Vault:

- Deactivate and leave the 800-series underground tank cells in place. Install the cell covers and place a 12-inch thick concrete cap on the cells at grade elevation with the cover sloped to facilitate runoff.
 - No radiological or chemical health risk to future industrial worker because the pathway is broken





Waste Handling Vault End State





Before After





805/820 Tank Cells End State

- Deactivate and leave the 805 and 820 tank cells in place.
 Install the cell covers and place an 8-inch thick concrete cap on the cells at grade elevation with the cover sloped to facilitate runoff.
 - Maximum risk to future industrial worker is 1.7E-08 and no chemical risk





805 and 820 Tank Cells End State





Before After





Path Forward for Project Completion

- Field work is complete and area turned over to F-Area Operations
- Develop the Removal Action Report and submit to regulators for review and concurrence



