



Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for Savannah River Site Operable Units with Engineered Cover Systems (U)

Aiken, South Carolina

SEMS Number: 00

SRNS-RP-2020-00420

Revision 1

June 2021

DISCLAIMER

This document was prepared in conjunction with work accomplished under Contract No. DE-AC09-08SR22470 with the U. S. Department of Energy.

This work was prepared under an agreement with and funded by the U.S. Government. Neither the U.S. Government or its employees, nor any of its contractors, subcontractors or their employees, makes any express or implied: 1. Warranty or assumes any legal liability for the accuracy, completeness, or for the use or results of such use of any information, product, or process disclosed; or 2. Representation that such use or results of such use would not infringe privately owned rights; or 3. endorsement or recommendation of any specifically identified commercial product, process, or service. Any views and opinions of authors expressed in this work do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government, or its contractors, or subcontractors.

Printed in the United States of America

**Prepared for
U.S. Department of Energy
and
Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC
Aiken, South Carolina**

Jimmy E. McMillian

Digitally signed by Jimmy E.

McMillian

Date: 2021.08.24 09:14:33 -04'00'

Date

Jimmy E McMillian

Assistant Manager for Infrastructure and Environmental Stewardship

U. S. Department of Energy

Savannah River Operations Office

8-31-2021

Date

Harry J. Porter, Chief

Bureau of Land and Waste Management

South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control

Chaffins,
Randall

Digitally signed by Chaffins,
Randall

Date: 2021.12.02 13:57:52
-05'00'

Date

Carol Monell, Director

Superfund & Emergency Management Division

U. S. Environmental Protection Agency - Region 4

This page is intentionally left blank.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This document presents the results of a technical evaluation of environmental remedies that implemented engineered cover systems at Savannah River Site (SRS). The remedies are evaluated to determine whether they are functioning as designed and whether they are protective of human health and the environment. This evaluation is required under Section 121 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986. CERCLA requires that remedial actions that result in any hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remaining at the site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure be subject to a remedy review every five years.

Previous five-year remedy review reports combined into a single document all SRS operable units (OUs) that had implemented a remedial action. The Fourth Five-Year Remedy Review Report, issued in February 2014, reviewed 52 SRS remedy decision documents. A recommendation was made by SRS in the Fourth Five-Year Remedy Review Report that future reviews should be conducted in phases based on OU groupings with similar remedies. This phased approach not only reduces the volume of future remedy reports, but also is more effective in identifying and resolving issues for similar remedies. Beginning with the Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review Report technical evaluations are conducted in five phases, approximately one year apart, with OUs grouped by the following remedy types: (1) native soil covers and/or land use controls; (2) groundwater; (3) engineered cover systems; (4) geosynthetic or stabilization/solidification cover systems; and (5) operating equipment. The Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report will be conducted in five phases based on remedy type with this report evaluating SRS OUs that selected engineered cover systems as the final remedy.

According to the data reviewed and the site inspections, the remedies evaluated in this report are functioning as intended. The exposure assumptions, toxicity data, cleanup levels, and remedial action objectives used at the time of remedy selection are still valid. No new information has come to light that calls into question the protectiveness of any of the remedies evaluated. The remedies

have been determined to be protective of human health and the environment. No issues or recommendations resulted from the remedy review.

Table of Contents

Section	Page
Executive Summary.....	ES-1
List of Figures.....	ii
List of Tables	ii
List of Appendices	iii
List of Acronyms and Abbreviations.....	v
I. Introduction	1
II. Response Action Summary	6
III. Progress Since Last Review	10
IV. Five-Year Remedy Review Process	10
V. Technical Assessment	12
VI. Issues/Recommendations	14
VII. Protectiveness Statement(s)	14
VIII. Next Review.....	14
IX. OU-Specific Five-Year Remedy Review Reports.....	15
X. References.....	15

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure	Page
Figure 1. Location Map for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems.....	19

LIST OF TABLES

Table	Page
Table 1. Five-Year Review Summary Form	21
Table 2. SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems	23
Table 3. LUC Summary Table.....	25
Table 4. Operation and Maintenance Cost Comparison for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems.....	29
Table 5. Protectiveness Determination/Statements from the Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems (SRNS 2018a).....	31
Table 6. Operable Units without Issues and Recommendations in the Sixth Five- Year Remedy Review Report.....	32
Table 7. Issues and Recommendations Identified in the Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report	32
Table 8. Protectiveness Statements for the Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems	33

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendices	Pages
Appendix A	Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report Phased Reviews.....A-1
Appendix B	Evaluation of Changes in Standards and ToxicityB-1
Appendix C	Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G)C-1
Appendix D	D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D/431-1D)D-1
Appendix E	F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area Seepage Basins [904-41G, 904-42G, 904-43G]) E-1
Appendix F	Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) F-1
Appendix G	H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (H-Area Seepage Basins [904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, 904-56G]) G-1
Appendix H	K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-25G)..... H-1
Appendix I	M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (Lost Lake [904- 51G] and M-Area Settling Basin [904-112G])..... I-1
Appendix J	Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-110G).....J-1
Appendix K	Mixed Waste Management Facility K-1
Appendix L	SRL Seepage Basins (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, 904-55G)..... L-1

This page is intentionally left blank.

LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ARAR	applicable or relevant and appropriate requirement
bgs	below ground surface
BRA	Baseline Risk Assessment
CA	contamination area
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
Ci	Curies
cm	centimeter
CM	contaminant migration
cm/s	centimeter per second
CMCOC	contaminant migration constituent of concern
CMIR	Corrective Measures Implementation Report
CMS/FS	Corrective Measures Study/Feasibility Study
COC	constituent of concern
CPT	cone penetrometer technology
CSBRP	Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G and 631-3G)
+D	plus daughter
DBRP	D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D)
DNAPL	dense non-aqueous phase liquid
dpm/mL	disintegrations per minute per milliliter
DUS	dynamic underground stripping
EAROD	Early Action Record of Decision
EC&ACP	Environmental Compliance and Area Completion Projects
ECO	ecological
ECODS	Early Construction and Operational Disposal Site
EMR	Effectiveness Monitoring Report
ESD	Explanation of Significant Differences
ELLT	Engineered Low-Level Trench
FBSB	Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G)
FFA	Federal Facility Agreement
FHWMF	F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area Seepage Basins [904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G])
FIPSL	F-Area Inactive Process Sewer Line
FRR	Final Remediation Report
ft	foot or feet
ft ³	cubic feet
ft ³ /min	cubic feet per minute
FY	fiscal year

LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS (*continued*)

gal	gallon or gallons
GMZ	Groundwater Mixing Zone
GMZA	Groundwater Mixing Zone Application
HAZWOPER	hazardous waste operations
HWMF	hazardous waste management facility
HHWMF	H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (H-Area Seepage Basins [904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G and 904-56G])
HIPSL	H-Area Inactive Process Sewer Line
IRIS	Integrated Risk Information System
in	inch or inches
IROD	Interim Record of Decision
KBRP/KRP	K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G)
kg	kilogram or kilograms
km	kilometer or kilometers
km ²	square kilometer or square kilometers
L	liter or liters
LAZ	lower aquifer zone
lbs	pounds
LBRP	L-Area Burning Rubble Pit (131-L)
LLC	Limited Liability Company
LLRWDF	Low-level Radioactive Waste Disposal Facility
LUCIP	Land Use Controls Implementation Plan
LUC	land use control
m	Meter or meters
m ³	cubic meter or cubic meters
MASB	M-Area Settling Basin
Met Lab	Metallurgical Laboratory (904-110G)
mg/L	milligram per liter
MHWMF	M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (Lost Lake [904-51G] and M-Area Settling Basin [904-112G])
MCL	maximum contaminant level
mi	mile or miles
mi ²	square mile or square miles
mrem	millirem
MWMF	Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E)
µg/kg	microgram per kilogram
µg/L	microgram per Liter
mg/kg	milligrams per kilogram
MNA	monitored natural attenuation

LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS (*continued*)

msl	mean sea level
MZ	mixing zone
MZCL	mixing zone concentration limit
N/A	not applicable
NBN	no building number
NCP	National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
NPL	National Priorities List
NRDC	National Resources Defense Council
NTCR	non-time critical removal
O&M	operation and maintenance
ORWBG	Old Radiological Waste Burial Ground
OU	operable unit
PBRP	P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-P)
PCE	tetrachloroethylene
PAH	polyaromatic hydrocarbons
PCB	polychlorinated biphenyl
pCi/g	picoCuries per gram
pCi/mL	picoCuries per milliliter
pCi/L	picoCuries per liter
PCR	Post Construction Report
PRG	Preliminary Remediation Goal
PTSM	principal threat source material
Q	quarter
RAO	remedial action objective
RCOC	refined constituent of concern
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RFI	RCRA Facility Investigation
RG	remedial goal
RGO	remedial goal option
RI	Remedial Investigation
ROD	Record of Decision
RSL	regional screening level
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986
SCDHEC	South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control
SCHWMR	South Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Regulations
SEMS	Superfund Enterprise Management System
SRL	Savannah River Laboratory
SRLSB	Savannah River Laboratory Seepage Basins (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G)

LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS (*continued/end*)

SRNL	Savannah River National Laboratory
SRNS	Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC
SRS	Savannah River Site
SSHASP	site-specific health and safety plan
SVE	soil vapor extraction
SWP	southwest plume
TCE	trichloroethylene
TZ	transmissive zone
UAZ	upper aquifer zone
USDOE	United States Department of Energy
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
USFS-SR	United States Department of Agriculture Forest Service – Savannah River
VOC	volatile organic compound
WSRC	Washington Savannah River Company
WSRC	Westinghouse Savannah River Company
yd	yards
yd ³	cubic yards

SAVANNAH RIVER SITE SUMMARY

I. INTRODUCTION

Section 121 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA), requires that remedial actions which result in any hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminant remaining at the site be subject to a five-year remedy review. The National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP) further provides that remedial actions which result in any hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remaining at the site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure be reviewed every five years to ensure protection of human health and the environment. The purpose of five-year remedy reviews is to evaluate the implementation and performance of the selected remedy at an operable unit (OU) to determine if the remedy is and will continue to be protective of human health and the environment. The evaluation of the remedy and the determination of protectiveness should be based on and sufficiently supported by data and visual inspections. The methods, findings, and conclusions of remedy reviews are documented in Five-Year Remedy Review Reports. The reports also identify any issues found during the review and provides recommendations to address the issues.

The U.S. Department of Energy (USDOE) prepared this sixth five-year remedy review for Savannah River Site (SRS) OUs that included engineered cover systems in the remedial action pursuant to CERCLA Section 121 and as amended by SARA and the NCP. During implementation of the five-year remedy review process at the SRS, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC), and the USDOE recognized that remedial action decision document(s) would be issued for multiple OUs. Rather than generate individual five-year remedy review reports for each OU, the USDOE and regulatory agencies determined that it would be more cost effective to conduct a remedy review for all applicable OUs on the same five-year cycle. The First Five-Year Remedy Review was issued in August 1997

(WSRC 1997); the Second Five-Year Remedy Review was issued in February 2004 (WSRC 2003b); the Third Five-Year Remedy Review was issued in January 2009 (WSRC 2008); the Fourth Five-Year Remedy Review was issued in February 2014 (SRNS 2014); and the Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review was issued in December 2018 (SRNS 2015, SRNS 2017, SRNS 2018a, SRNS 2018b, and SRNS 2018c). The issuance of the Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review is in progress; Phase 1 (Native Soil Covers and/or Land Use Controls) was issued in November 2019 (SRNS 2019); Phase 2 (Groundwater Remedies) was issued in December 2020 (SRNS 2020).

The size of each report has grown considerably since 1997 due to the increasing number of OU remedies evaluated, and the level of detail required for data reviews, site inspection reporting, and document formatting based on USEPA guidance. To allow for a more even distribution of resources, a recommendation was made by SRS in the Fourth Five-Year Remedy Review Report (SRNS 2014) that future reviews should be conducted in phases based on OU groupings with similar remedies. In addition to a reduction in the total volume for future remedy review reports, evaluating similar remedies in the same review period would support easier identification and resolution of similar issues and allow for more efficient implementation of similar initiatives. Beginning with the Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review Report, the USDOE, USEPA, and SCDHEC agreed to segregate the five-year remedy review report into five OU groupings (grouped by remedy similarity) with a different group submitted annually on a five-year cycle. The SRS OUs are grouped by the following remedy types:

- (1) Native Soil Covers and/or Land Use Controls (LUCs);
- (2) Groundwater;
- (3) Engineered Cover Systems;
- (4) Geosynthetic or Stabilization/Solidification Cover Systems; and
- (5) Operating Equipment.

The trigger date for submittal of the next five-year remedy review report to the regulatory agencies is based on the USEPA signature date of the previous report. The final signature for the last grouping of the Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report is due no later than

January 21, 2024. A more detailed discussion of the phased reviews and transition schedule are provided in Appendix A.

This report documents the Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review for OUs with engineered cover systems selected as the final remedy and includes a review of remedy decision documents for ten USEPA Superfund Enterprise Management System (SEMS) units at the SRS. SEMS is a database maintained by the USEPA as part of the Superfund program that assigns a unique tracking number to hazardous waste sites considered for cleanup under CERCLA. Remedy decision documents may include more than one SEMS unit and/or SRS OU.

The SRS OUs evaluated in this document were grouped together because of similar remedies. Figure 1 identifies the location of the SRS OUs evaluated in this document. The data evaluation and visual inspections for the SRS OUs with engineered cover systems were conducted from July 2020 through December 2020.

This report was prepared using the *Comprehensive Five-Year Review Guidance* (USEPA 2001) and is supplemented by the *Recommended Evaluation of Institutional Controls: Supplement to the “Comprehensive Five-Year Review Guidance”* (USEPA 2011), *Clarifying the Use of Protectiveness Determinations for Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act Five-Year Reviews* (USEPA 2012), and *Five-Year Review Recommendation Template* (USEPA 2016). This report summarizes common elements for the entire SRS. The remedy reviews are included as Appendix C through Appendix L.

Site Chronology

A summary of the regulatory history of SRS is provided below beginning with the 1988 National Resources Defense Council (NRDC) Consent Decree (Civil Action No. 1:85-2583-6). The Consent Decree was an agreement between the NRDC and other interested parties, SCDHEC, and USDOE to amend Parts A and B of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Permit Application to include the Metallurgical Laboratory Basin (904-11G) and associated Carolina Bay, the Acid/Caustic Basin (904-74G, 904-75G,

904-78G, and 904-80G), and the Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28G) to include closure, groundwater monitoring and post-closure activities. The Savannah River Laboratory Seepage Basins (904-53G, 904-54G, and 904-55G) and New TNX Basin (904-120G) were also included in the Consent Decree for closure in a RCRA-like manner. The Consent Decree was signed on May 26, 1988. On December 21, 1989, SRS was included on the National Priorities List (NPL). The inclusion created a need to integrate the established RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) program with CERCLA requirements to provide for a focused environmental program. In accordance with Section 120 of CERCLA 42 U.S. Code Section 9620, the USDOE has negotiated a Federal Facility Agreement (FFA) (FFA 1993) with the USEPA and the SCDHEC to coordinate remedial activities at SRS into one comprehensive program which fulfills these dual regulatory requirements. USDOE functions as the lead agency for remedial activities at SRS, with concurrence by the USEPA-Region 4 and the SCDHEC.

A chronology of site events including the effective dates for the Consent Decree, the FFA, and the NPL Listing is provided in Appendix A. Table 1 is the Five-Year Summary Review Form, which provides a summary status of SRS. Table 2 provides a chronology of the decision documents for the SRS OUs with engineered cover systems evaluated in this report. Chronologies of significant activities and regulatory milestones for individual OUs are included in the site-specific remedy review reports (Appendix C through Appendix L).

Background

The SRS was constructed during the 1950s to produce materials used in the fabrication of nuclear weapons, primarily tritium and plutonium, in support of our nation's defense programs. Production of nuclear materials for the defense program was discontinued in 1988. SRS has provided nuclear materials for the space program, as well as for medical, industrial, and research efforts up to the present. Chemical and radioactive wastes are by-products of nuclear material production processes. These wastes have been treated, stored, and in some cases, disposed of at SRS. Past disposal practices (e.g., seepage basins, pits and piles, landfills, etc.) have resulted in soil and groundwater contamination.

Hazardous waste materials handled at SRS are managed under RCRA, a comprehensive law requiring responsible management of hazardous waste. Certain SRS activities require SCDHEC operating or post-closure permits under RCRA. SRS received a RCRA hazardous waste permit from the SCDHEC, which was most recently renewed on February 11, 2014. Module VIII of the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments portion of the RCRA permit mandates corrective action requirements for non-regulated solid waste management units subject to RCRA 3004(u).

Physical Characteristics

SRS occupies approximately 802.9 km² (310 mi²) of land adjacent to the Savannah River, principally in Aiken and Barnwell counties of South Carolina (Figure 1). SRS is located approximately 40 km (25 mi) southeast of Augusta, Georgia, and 32 km (20 mi) south of Aiken, South Carolina. Approximately 90 percent of SRS land consists of natural and managed forests. The locations at SRS where nuclear materials were produced, stored, and disposed are clustered into distinct industrial areas that are separated by large areas of forest. OUs are generally contained within or adjacent to these industrial areas.

SRS is located on the Atlantic Coastal Plain. Subsurface and groundwater contamination associated with OUs is in unconsolidated sands and clays. The depth to the water table at SRS varies from just below the surface in wetlands and near streams to approximately 39 m (130 ft) below ground surface. Recharge to the aquifers underlying the SRS is primarily through rainfall. Groundwater flows toward and discharges into site streams and the floodplain of the Savannah River.

Land and Resource Use

For nearly 40 years, USDOE and its predecessor agencies produced nuclear materials for the nation's defense programs at SRS. Today, the focus of the USDOE has shifted to environmental stewardship, clean energy initiatives, and national security.

The future land use for all of the OUs at SRS is anticipated to be industrial with the USDOE maintaining control of the land. According to the *Savannah River Site Future Use Project*

Report (USDOE 1996), residential uses of SRS land should be prohibited. LUCs selected as part of the remedial action will prohibit residential use of the area.

SRS obtains its own drinking and process water supply from groundwater located beneath the SRS. SRS domestic and process water systems are supplied from a network of approximately 40 wells in widely scattered locations across the site, of which eight wells supply the primary drinking water system. Wells serving site process and drinking water in the larger site areas are typically 180 to 270 m (600 to 900 ft) in depth and pump water from the deeper Crouch Branch and McQueen Branch aquifers. Wells serving the smaller site facilities, such as barricades, pumphouses, and field laboratories, are shallower in depth (30 to 90 m [100 to 300 ft]) and are similar to large household-type wells. The SRS domestic water systems meet state and federal drinking water standards.

History of Contamination

During the early 1950s, SRS began to produce materials used in nuclear weapons, primarily tritium, plutonium-239, and other special nuclear materials for national defense and the space program. Chemical and radioactive wastes are by-products of nuclear material production processes. These wastes have been treated, stored, and in some cases disposed of at SRS. Hazardous substances, as defined by the CERCLA, are currently present in the environment at SRS, with past disposal practices (e.g., seepage basins, pits and piles, landfills, etc.) resulting in soil and groundwater contamination.

II. RESPONSE ACTION SUMMARY

Initial Response

After SRS was placed on the NPL in 1989, the SRS Site Evaluation program was initiated to identify potential release sites present at SRS that would require investigation and potential remediation under CERCLA. Five hundred fifteen (515) potential release sites have been identified. The FFA includes a schedule for the investigation and remedial action (if needed) for each potential release site.

A core team process for sharing and interpreting information and working together to reach agreement on key remedial decisions among USDOE, USEPA, and SCDHEC was implemented at SRS in 2000. The core team process has made environmental cleanup at SRS efficient and has allowed remediation at many OUs to be accomplished on an accelerated schedule.

The collaborative efforts of the USDOE, USEPA, and SCDHEC support a consistent approach to site characterization, human health and ecological risk analyses, remedy selection, establishment of remedial goals and remedy implementation for individual OUs at SRS. Technical and administrative protocols have been established to promote the consistent implementation of USEPA guidance at OUs across SRS. An environmental database is used to track sampling, analysis, and results of environmental characterization and monitoring. An SRS Area Completion Strategy (WSRC 2006) was developed which allowed for the simultaneous characterization and cleanup of multiple OUs and potential sources of contamination in congested industrial areas.

Basis for Taking Action

The most prevalent soil contaminants at SRS are cesium-137 and organic chemicals (volatile or semivolatile). Other radionuclides, metals, polychlorinated biphenyls, and pesticides are present, but less common, at levels that exceed human health risk-based standards at a variety of OUs.

Based on the remedial investigations and technical evaluations, the OUs addressed in this remedy review were determined to contain hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remaining on-site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. The specific contaminants and remedial actions for each OU are described in greater detail in the OU-specific appendices (Appendix C through Appendix L).

Remedial Actions

Remedial actions may target source areas, soil, vadose zone, and/or groundwater. Remedial goals (RGs) are defined for individual OUs, but in general, remedial action objectives (RAOs) at SRS are:

- Prevent exposure of trespassers, industrial workers, and hypothetical residents to soils or groundwater containing unacceptable levels of contaminants.
- Prevent exposure of ecological receptors to soils or groundwater containing unacceptable levels of contaminants.
- Prevent or minimize the migration of contaminants to groundwater at levels that exceed maximum contaminant levels (MCLs)/RGs.
- Reduce the contaminant concentrations in the groundwater plume to below MCLs/RGs.
- Prevent or minimize the discharge of contaminated groundwater to surface water.

Additionally, LUCs are part of all remedial actions where hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain on-site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. The type of LUCs and their implementation, and reference to the OU-specific land use control implementation plan (LUCIP) are described in Section VII of the OU-specific appendices. LUCs are defined for individual OUs, but in general, LUC objectives at SRS are:

- Prevent exposure to, or ingestion of, contaminated media.
- Prohibit residential use.
- Prevent unauthorized access.
- Prevent unauthorized intrusive activity.
- Maintain the integrity of the soil cover.

Table 2 lists the remedial actions for each of the OUs in this five-year remedy review report. The remedial actions are described in greater detail in the OU-specific appendices (Appendix C through Appendix L). Table 3 provides a summary of the LUC objectives for the OUs with engineered cover systems.

Status of Implementation

The remedial actions listed in Table 2 have been implemented. LUCs are ongoing at all OUs discussed in this five-year remedy review. The status of all response actions or remedial actions for each of the engineered cover systems is discussed in greater detail in the OU-specific appendices (Appendix C through Appendix L). These actions include removal and remedial actions conducted prior to a final Record of Decision (ROD).

Systems Operation and Maintenance

A site-wide maintenance program is in place to care for cover systems, signs, monitoring wells, and other infrastructure associated with environmental remediation. Operation and maintenance (O&M) of cover systems consist of growing grass, mowing, managing surface stormwater drainage, inspections, and repair of erosion or subsidence as necessary. Identifying signs must remain legible.

The costs of the O&M activities for the individual OUs have been compiled as part of this five-year remedy review. As part of the process of selecting the most appropriate action for each OU, the cost of implementing each of the remedial alternatives was estimated and reported in the respective remedy decision documents. Table 4 compares the actual costs incurred at SRS OUs with engineered cover systems over the time period from fiscal year (FY) 2016 to FY2020 to the estimated costs from the remedy decision documents projected for the same time period. The review for the actual costs incurred (i.e., FY2016 to FY2020) is based on the time-period since the last review for these OUs was conducted in the Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review Report (SRNS 2018a). Site-specific details concerning costs incurred are included for each OU in Appendix C through Appendix L.

In support of the beneficial reuse of brownfield locations, the U.S. Department of Agriculture Forest Service – Savannah River (USFS-SR) began establishing pollinator habitats in 2019 within the boundaries of previously closed waste units located in M-Area, P-Area, R-Area, and T-Area where they will not interfere with existing cover systems or land use controls. Additionally, the USFS-SR also plants 100 acres of pollinator habitat annually at SRS, primarily along powerline rights-of-way. Other USFS-SR practices

include adjusted planning practices to encourage a more diverse plant population, and thinning of 3,500 acres of forest annually, which creates conditions more conducive to pollinator habitat.

III. PROGRESS SINCE LAST REVIEW

For the OUs evaluated in this review, the previous protectiveness statements from the Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review Report (SRNS 2018a) concluded that the remedies for these OUs were protective (Table 5). There were no recommendations from the Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review Report that impact the OUs with engineered soil covers evaluated in this report.

IV. FIVE-YEAR REMEDY REVIEW PROCESS

USDOE has implemented the Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems. The review specifically evaluated remedies by comparing them to the OU-specific decision documents. The following actions were taken to perform the Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review for this category:

- Submitted a scoping summary to USDOE, USEPA, and SCDHEC on August 1, 2020 and conducted a scoping meeting on September 28, 2020. The USDOE, USEPA, and SCDHEC agreed to the scope and schedule of the remedy review report, which is discussed in the scoping summary;
 - Publication of an announcement on October 8, 2020 that the USDOE is conducting the Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review in phases. The announcement stated that the third phased submittal will focus on OUs with engineered cover systems. The public was notified through mailings of *The Savannah River Environmental Bulletin*, a newsletter sent to citizens in South Carolina and Georgia on an extensive mailing list, including landowners adjacent to SRS, which is updated annually in July, and through notices in the *Aiken Standard* (Aiken, SC), *The Augusta Chronicle* (Augusta, GA), *The People Sentinel* (Allendale and Barnwell, SC), and *The State* (Columbia, SC) newspapers. The
-

Environmental Bulletin and newspaper affidavits of publication are available in the Administrative Record File;

- Reviewed appropriate data, documentation (i.e., including RODs, Early Action RODs [EARODs], Interim RODs [IRODs], Explanation of Significant Differences), and LUCIP-required field inspection checklists, etc. The specific data and document references used to review each remedy decision are listed in the OU-specific reports located in Appendix C through Appendix L;
- Confirmed protectiveness of the remedial actions through inspections and interviews. Cognizant personnel were interviewed as to the status and success of the current remedial systems. The results of the inspections and interviews are documented in the Site Inspection Checklist included with the OU-specific reports located in Appendix C through Appendix L;
- Reviewed changes in standards and to-be-considered guidance including federal and state promulgated standards (i.e., chemical-specific applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements [ARARs]) that would call into question whether the prescribed remedy was meeting the newer standards or guidance. Any problems or discrepancies are reported in the Section V (Technical Assessment) and Section VI (Issues/Recommendations) of the OU-specific appendices; and
- Submitted a draft Fact Sheet to USEPA and SCDHEC for review with Revision 0 of the Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems.

Community Notification and Involvement

USDOE will address any comments received from USEPA and SCDHEC and provide a Revision 1 report, if necessary, for USEPA and SCDHEC approval. After the USEPA and SCDHEC approve this report and USDOE, USEPA, and SCDHEC sign this report, a notice of its availability will be published in the *Aiken Standard* (Aiken, SC), *The Augusta Chronicle* (Augusta, GA), *The People Sentinel* (Allendale and Barnwell, SC), and *The State* (Columbia, SC) newspapers. Additionally, the availability of the report will be

announced in *The Savannah River Site Environmental Bulletin*, which will be sent to the SRS mailing list. The report will be made available to the public at four information repositories and online.

Data Review, Site Inspections, and Interviews

According to the data review, the site inspections, and interviews, the remedies selected for the SRS OUs included in this report are functioning as intended by the decision documents. The exposure assumptions, toxicity data, cleanup levels, and RAOs used at the time of the remedy selection are still valid for all OUs included in this report. No new information has come to light that calls into question the protectiveness of the remedies.

USEPA and SCDHEC are expected to perform site inspections of OUs with engineered cover systems prior to submittal of the Revision 1 report. The Revision 0 report was submitted on December 17, 2020.

V. TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT

The technical assessment of the environmental cleanup program at SRS in general and each of the OU-specific remedies evaluated in this report (Appendices C through L) are described by answers to the following three questions posed by the USEPA.

- Question A: Is the remedy functioning as intended by the decision documents?
- Question B: Are the exposure assumptions, toxicity data, cleanup levels, and RAOs still valid?
- Question C: Has any other information come to light that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy?

Question A: Is the remedy functioning as intended by the decision documents?

Answer: Yes. SRS engineered cover remedies and related activities are functioning as intended as demonstrated below.

- Contaminated material has been excavated and consolidated or left in place under protective cover systems breaking the pathway for worker exposure and for the migration of contaminants to groundwater.
- The cover system maintenance program and LUCs have been effective in maintaining the integrity of the cover systems at SRS OUs. The inspection reports indicate no significant deficiencies.
- Thermal technologies have been successful at SRS in removing volatile organic compounds from subsurface zones characterized by very high concentrations and dense non-aqueous phase liquid. Dynamic Underground Stripping was successfully used at the M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility as discussed in Appendix I.

Question B: Are the exposure assumptions, toxicity data, cleanup levels, and RAOs still valid?

Answer: Yes. The exposure assumptions, toxicity data, cleanup levels, and RAOs used at the time of remedy selection are still valid for all of the OUs included in this report. An evaluation of changes in chemical and radiological standards including federal and state promulgated standards (i.e., chemical-specific ARARs) that were in place when the last five-year remedy review was initiated in 2016 to the current 2020 standards was conducted to determine if there were any changes that would affect the protectiveness of the selected remedies. There were no changes in chemical- and radiological-specific standards that would affect the protectiveness of the remedies. There were no changes in action-specific or location-specific requirements that would impact any remedy. This evaluation is included in Appendix B and described in the OU-specific appendices.

Question C: Has any other information come to light that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy?

Answer: No. No other information that could call into question the protectiveness of the selected remedies and no outstanding issues have been identified in this Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review.

For all OUs, current and reasonably anticipated future land use at SRS remains consistent with assumptions in the respective decision documents.

VI. ISSUES/RECOMMENDATIONS

Remedial actions evaluated in this Five-Year Remedy Review for SRS remain protective of human health and the environment and are functioning as intended. No issues were identified for the remedies evaluated (Table 6).

There are no recommendations or follow-up actions (Table 7).

VII. PROTECTIVENESS STATEMENT(S)

The protectiveness statements for each remedy are based on the recommended language from the *Comprehensive Five-Year Review Guidance* (USEPA 2001), *Clarifying the Use of Protectiveness Determinations for Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act Five-Year Reviews* (USEPA 2012), and *Five-Year Review Recommended Template* (USEPA 2016).

For the OUs evaluated in this Five-Year Remedy Review, the engineered cover system remedies were determined to be protective of human health and the environment (Table 8).

LUCs are part of all remedial actions where hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain on-site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. For the OUs evaluated in this report, pathways for contaminants to reach human and ecological receptors have been successfully broken by the selected remedies including LUCs.

A protectiveness statement for the OUs evaluated in this report is included in the OU-specific remedy review located in Appendix C through Appendix L.

VIII. NEXT REVIEW

As established in Section 121 of CERCLA, as amended by the SARA and the NCP, periodic reviews are required at least every five years for sites where hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain at the site above levels that allow for unlimited use and

unrestricted exposure following the completion of all remedial actions. Barring a change in the governing laws, another review for the remedies in this report should be completed within five years from the signature date of this document. The final signature date for the last grouping of the Seventh Five-Year Remedy Review Report is due no later than January 21, 2029.

IX. OU-SPECIFIC FIVE-YEAR REMEDY REVIEW REPORTS

The OU-specific Five-Year Remedy Reviews for the remedies evaluated in this document are included in Appendix C through Appendix L.

X. REFERENCES

FFA, 1993. *Federal Facility Agreement for the Savannah River Site*, Administrative Docket Number 89-05-FF (Effective Date: August 16, 1993)

SCDHEC, 2014. *South Carolina Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit, Permit Number SC1 890 008 989, 2014 RCRA Permit Renewal for the Savannah River Site, issued on February 11, 2014, Module III – Postclosure Care and Module IV - Groundwater Requirements, Section B, F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility*, South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control, Office of Environmental Quality Control, Bureau of Land and Waste Management, Columbia, SC

SRNS, 2014. *Fourth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for the Savannah River Site (U) Aiken, South Carolina*, SRNS-RP-2012-00011, Revision 1.1, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2015. *Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for the Savannah River Site Operable Units with Native Soil Covers and/or Land Use Controls (U) Aiken, South Carolina*, SRNS-RP-2014-00902, Revision 1, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2017. *Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for the Savannah River Site Operable Units with Groundwater Remedies (U) Aiken, South Carolina*, SRNS-RP-2015-00609, Revision 1, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2018a. *Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for the Savannah River Site Operable Units with Engineered Cover Systems (U) Aiken, South Carolina*, SRNS-RP-2016-00609, Revision 1,1, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2018b. *Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for the Savannah River Site Operable Units with Geosynthetic or Stabilization/Solidification Cover Systems (U) Aiken, South Carolina*, SRNS-RP-2016-00610, Revision 1,1, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2018c. *Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for the Savannah River Site Operable Units with Operating Equipment (U) Aiken, South Carolina*, SRNS-RP-2017-00567, Revision 1, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2019. *Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for Savannah River Site Operable Units with Native Soil Covers and/or Land Use Controls (U), Aiken, South Carolina*, SRNS-RP-2018-00811, Revision 1, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2020. *Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for Savannah River Site Operable Units with Groundwater Remedies (U) Aiken, South Carolina*, SRNS-RP-2019-00511, Revision 1, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

USDOE, 1996. *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report*, U.S. Department of Energy, Savannah River Operations Office, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

USEPA, 2001. *Comprehensive Five-Year Review Guidance*, EPA 540-R-01-007, OSWER No. 9355.7-03B-P, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Emergency and Remedial Response

USEPA, 2011. *Recommended Evaluation of Institutional Controls: Supplement to the "Comprehensive Five-Year Review Guidance"*, OSWER Directive 9355.7-18, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response

USEPA, 2012. *Clarifying the Use of Protectiveness Determinations for Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act Five-Year Reviews*, OSWER Directive 9200.2-111, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response

USEPA, 2016. *Five-Year Review Recommended Template*, OSWER 2016 Directive 9022.0-89, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response, Washington, D.C.

WSRC, 1997. *Five-Year Review of Records of Decision Report (U)*, WSRC-RP-97-403, Revision 0, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1998. *Final Remediation Report for the D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) (U)*, WSRC-RP-97-406, Revision 1.1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2002a. *Corrective Measures Implementation Report/Post-Construction Report/Final Remediation Report for the SRL Seepage Basins (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, 904-55G)*, WSRC-RP-2001-4123, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2002b. *Post-Construction Report for the K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G)*, WSRC-RP-2002-4095, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

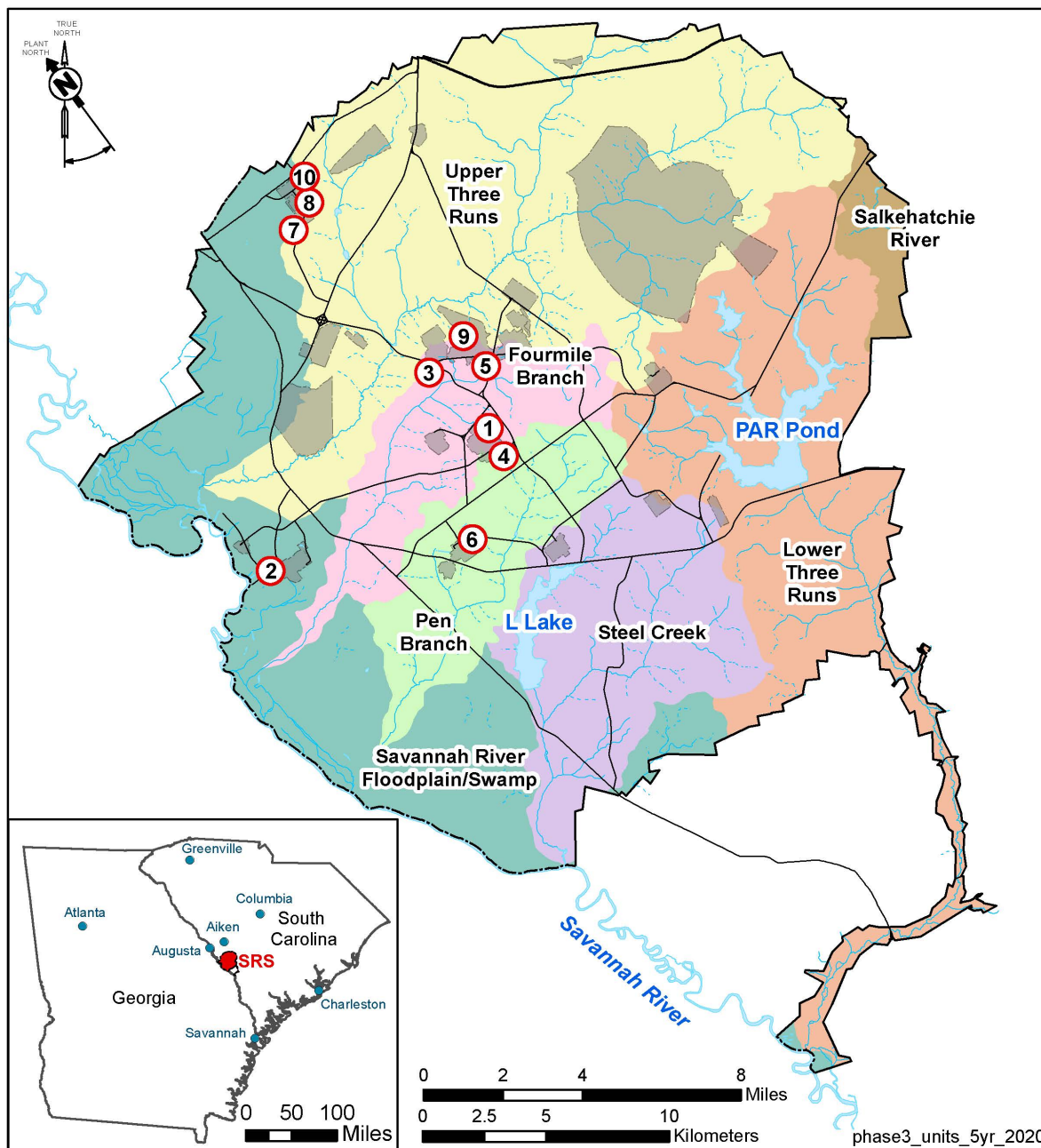
WSRC, 2003a. *Post-Construction Report/Corrective Measures Implementation Report/Final Remediation Report for the Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G)*, WSRC-RP-2003-4038, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2003b. *Second Five-Year Review Report for the Savannah River Site (U)*, WSRC-RP-2001-4163, Revision 1.1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2005. *Post-Construction Report/Corrective Measures Implementation Report/Final Remediation Report for Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-G and 631-3G) (U)*, WSRC RP-2004-4104, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2006. *Area Completion Strategy for the Savannah River Site (U)*, ERD-EN-2005-0084, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2008. *Third Five-Year Remedy Review Report for the Savannah River Site (U)*, WSRC-RP-2007-4063, Revision 1.1, Washington Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC



1. Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G)
2. D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D/431-1D)
3. F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area Seepage Basins [904-41G, 904-42G, 904-43G])
4. Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-41G)
5. H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (H-Area Seepage Basins [904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, 904-56G])
6. K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-25G)
7. M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (Lost Lake [904-51G] and M-Area Settling Basin [904-112G])
8. Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-110G)
9. Mixed Waste Management Facility
10. SRL Seepage Basins (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, 904-55G)

Figure 1. Location Map for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems

This page is intentionally left blank.

Table 1. Five-Year Review Summary Form

SITE IDENTIFICATION				
Site Name:	Savannah River Site			
EPA ID:	SC1890008989			
Region:	4	State: SC City/County: Aiken/Aiken		
SITE STATUS				
NPL Status:	Final			
Multiple OUs?:	Yes	Has the Site achieved Construction Completion? No		
REVIEW STATUS				
Lead Agency:	Other Federal Agency			
If "Other Federal Agency" was selected above, enter Agency Name:				
U.S. Department of Energy				
Author Name (Federal or State Project Manager):	N/A			
Author Affiliation:	Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC			
Review Period:	July 15, 2020 – January 21, 2022 (Phase 3: SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems)			
Date of Site Inspections:	July 2020 – December 2020 (Phase 3: SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems)			
Type of Review:	Statutory			
Review Number:	6			
Triggering Action Date:	January 21, 2019			
Due Date (Five Years after Triggering Action Date):	January 21, 2024 (includes all five phases)			

This page is intentionally left blank.

Table 2. SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems

#	Appendix	Operable Unit	SEMS No.	Decision Document Issuance Year ^a	Remedial Action	Area Covered (acres)	LUCs (acres)
1	C	Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G)	50	2003	Stormwater Management, LUCs	0.43	2.8
2	D	D-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (431-D/431-1D)	15	1997	LUCs	0.54	0.7
3	E	F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area Seepage Basins [904-41G, 904-42G, 904-43G])	6	1993	In Situ Stabilization/Solidification, RCRA Soil Cover, LUCs	7	10
4	F	Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G)	58	2002	Excavation, Consolidation, Soil Cover, LUCs	0.22	0.3
5	G	H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (H-Area Seepage Basins [904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, 904-56G])	7	1993	In Situ Stabilization/Solidification, RCRA Soil Cover, LUCs	22	25
6	H	K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G)	40	2001	Soil Cover, Groundwater Mixing Zone, LUCs	0.8	1.2
7	I	M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (Lost Lake [904-51G] and M-Area Settling Basin [904-112G])	1	1992	In Situ Stabilization/Solidification, RCRA Soil Cover, LUCs	2.4	4.5
8	J	Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-110G)	2	1992	In Situ Stabilization/Solidification, RCRA Soil Cover, LUCs	0.2	3.5
9	K	Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E)	33	1994	In Situ Stabilization/Solidification, RCRA Soil Cover, LUCs	58	85
10	L	SRL Seepage Basins (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G)	47	2000	Excavation, Offsite Disposal, LUCs	2.1	2.6

a Reflects the year the decision document (i.e., RODs, EARODs, IRODs, and ROD Amendments) was issued or the year of the last signature on the decision document.

This page is intentionally left blank.

Table 3. LUC Summary Table

Operable Units	Media, Engineered Controls, and Areas that do not support UU/UE based on current conditions	LUCs Needed	LUCs Called for in the Decision Documents	Impacted Parcel(s)^a	LUC Objectives^b	Title of LUC Instrument Implemented and Date (or Planned)
Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G, 631-3G)	Soils	Yes	Yes	50	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preclude residential use of the area • Prevent contact, removal, and excavation of the buried waste in the pits 	WSRC 2005
D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D, 431-1D)	Soils	Yes	Yes	15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prevent hypothetical future industrial workers from exposure to PCBs in surface and subsurface soils at concentrations exceeding target risk levels 	WSRC 1998
F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area Seepage Basins [904-41G, 904-42G, 904-43G])	Soils, Groundwater	Yes	Yes	6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preclude unauthorized access or intrusive activities 	SCDHEC 2014
Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G)	Soils	Yes	Yes	58	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain the use of the OU for industrial activities only • Prevent unauthorized access to the closed FBSB OU as long as the waste remains a threat to human health and environment • Preserve the cover and prevent disturbance of the dispositioned soil. 	WSRC 2003a

Table 3. LUC Summary Table (*continued*)

Operable Units	Media, Engineered Controls, and Areas that do not support UU/UE based on current conditions	LUCs Needed	LUCs Called for in the Decision Documents	Impacted Parcel(s)^a	LUC Objectives^b	Title of LUC Instrument Implemented and Date (or Planned)
H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, 904-56G)	Soils, Groundwater	Yes	Yes	7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preclude unauthorized access or intrusive activities 	SCDHEC 2014
K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G)	Soils, Groundwater	Yes	Yes	40	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prevent contact, removal, or excavation of buried waste in the OU areas designated in the LUCIP and preclude future residential or agricultural use of the area • Prevent unauthorized access to groundwater 	WSRC 2002b
M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (Lost Lake [904-112G] and M-Area Settling Basin [904-51G])	Soils, Groundwater	Yes	Yes	1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restrict access to authorized personnel with appropriate training or applicable requirements • Preclude unauthorized access or intrusive activities 	SCDHEC 2014
Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-110G)	Soils, Groundwater	Yes	Yes	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restrict access to authorized personnel with appropriate training or applicable requirements • Preclude unauthorized access or intrusive activities 	SCDHEC 2014

Table 3. LUC Summary Table (*continued/end*)

Operable Units	Media, Engineered Controls, and Areas that do not support UU/UE based on current conditions	LUCs Needed	LUCs Called for in the Decision Documents	Impacted Parcel(s) ^a	LUC Objectives ^b	Title of LUC Instrument Implemented and Date (or Planned)
Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E)	Soils, Groundwater	Yes	Yes	33	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Restrict access to authorized personnel with appropriate training or applicable requirements Preclude unauthorized access or intrusive activities 	SCDHEC 2014
SRL Seepage Basin (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, 904-55G)	Soils	Yes	Yes	47	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Control access to the SRLSB unit in accordance with the current site use/site clearance programs 	WSRC 2002a

a The Impacted Parcel(s) identification is represented by the SEMS number.

b The LUC objectives statements were obtained directly from the referenced LUC document. LUC objective statements vary in complexity due to the age of the document and guidance in place at the time the remedial decision was selected.

UU – unlimited use

UE – unrestricted exposure

This page is intentionally left blank.

Table 4. Operation and Maintenance Cost Comparison for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems

Operable Unit	Main Remedy	Remedy Decision Document Year	FY2016-FY2020 O&M Estimated Cost	FY2016-FY2020 O&M Actual Cost	% of Estimate	Comments
Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G)	Stormwater Management, LUCs	2003	\$40,000	\$124,868	312%	Actual costs are higher than estimated because estimated costs in the ROD did not fully include all O&M activities for site maintenance, inspections, and monitoring.
D-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (431-D/431-1D)	LUCs	1997	\$3,000	\$91,247	3,041%	Actual costs are higher than estimated because costs for annual inspections and cover system maintenance were not included in the ROD estimate.
F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area Seepage Basins [904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G])	In Situ Stabilization/Solidification, RCRA Soil Cover, LUCs	1993	0	\$226,658	N/A	No estimated costs were provided in the ROD for the RCRA unit.
Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G)	Excavation, Consolidation, Soil Cover, LUCs	2002	\$50,000	\$40,252	81%	Actual costs are as expected.
H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (H-Area Seepage Basins [904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G])	In Situ Stabilization/Solidification, RCRA Soil Cover, LUCs	1993	0	\$701,044	N/A	No estimated costs were provided in the ROD for the RCRA unit.

Table 4. Operation and Maintenance Cost Comparison for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems (continued/end)

Operable Unit	Main Remedy	Remedy Decision Document Year	FY2016-FY2020 O&M Estimated Cost	FY2016-FY2020 O&M Actual Cost	% of Estimate	Comments
K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G)	Soil Cover, Groundwater Mixing Zone, LUCs	2001	\$27,812	\$97,494	351%	Actual costs are higher than expected because groundwater monitoring and reporting have continued longer than expected.
M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (Lost Lake [904-51G] and M-Area Settling Basin [904-112G])	In Situ Stabilization/Solidification, RCRA Soil Cover, LUCs	1992	0	\$101,209	N/A	No estimated costs were provided in the ROD for the RCRA unit.
Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-110G)	In Situ Stabilization/Solidification, RCRA Soil Cover, LUCs	1992	0	\$84,942	N/A	No estimated costs were provided in the ROD for the RCRA unit.
Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E)	In Situ Stabilization/Solidification, RCRA Soil Cover, LUCs	1994	0	\$1,272,185	N/A	No estimated costs were provided in the ROD for the RCRA unit.
SRL Seepage Basins (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G)	Excavation, Offsite Disposal, LUCs	2000	\$25,000	\$68,752	275%	Actual costs are higher than expected because annual O&M costs were not included in the ROD estimate.

Table 5. Protectiveness Determination/Statements from the Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems (SRNS 2018a)

SEMS No.	Operable Unit	Protectiveness Determination	Protectiveness Statement
50	Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G, 631-3G)	Protective	The remedy at the CSBRP OU is protective of human health and the environment.
15	D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D, 431-1D)	Protective	The remedy at the DBRP OU is protective of human health and the environment.
6	F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area Seepage Basins [904-41G, 904-42G, 904-43G])	Protective	The remedy at the FHWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.
58	Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G)	Protective	The remedy at the FBSB OU is protective of human health and the environment.
7	H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, 904-56G0)	Protective	The remedy at the HHWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.
40	K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G)	Protective	The remedy at the KBRP/KRP OU is protective of human health and the environment.
1	M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (Lost Lake [904-112G] and M-Area Settling Basin [904-51G])	Protective	The remedy at the MHWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.
2	Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-110G)	Protective	The remedy at the Met Lab HWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.
33	Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E)	Protective	The remedy at the MWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.
47	SRL Seepage Basins (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, 904-55G)	Protective	The remedy at the SRLSB OU is protective of human health and the environment.

Table 6. Operable Units without Issues and Recommendations in the Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report

OU(s) without Issues/Recommendations Identified in the Five-Year Review	
SEMS #:	1, 2, 6, 7, 15, 33, 40, 47, 50, 58

Table 7. Issues and Recommendations Identified in the Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report

Issues and Recommendations Identified in the Five-Year Review				
SEMS #: N/A	Issue Category: N/A			
	Issue: None			
	Recommendation: None			
Affect Current Protectiveness	Affect Future Protectiveness	Implementing Party	Oversight Party	Milestone Date
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A – Not Applicable

Table 8. Protectiveness Statements for the Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems

PROTECTIVENESS STATEMENT(S)		
Operable Unit: Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G and 631-3G) (CSBRP) OU SEMS # 50	Protectiveness Determination: Protective	Addendum Due Date (if applicable): N/A
Protectiveness Statement: The remedy at the CSBRP OU is protective of human health and the environment.		
Operable Unit: D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) (DBRP) OU SEMS # 15	Protectiveness Determination: Protective	Addendum Due Date (if applicable): N/A
Protectiveness Statement: The remedy at the DBRP OU is protective of human health and the environment		
Operable Unit: F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (HWMF) (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) OU SEMS #6	Protectiveness Determination: Protective	Addendum Due Date (if applicable): N/A
Protectiveness Statement: The remedy at the F-Area HWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.		
Operable Unit: Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) (FBSB) OU SEMS #58	Protectiveness Determination: Protective	Addendum Due Date (if applicable): N/A
Protectiveness Statement: The remedy at the FBSB OU is protective of human health and the environment.		
Operable Unit: H-Area HWMF (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) OU SEMS #7	Protectiveness Determination: Protective	Addendum Due Date (if applicable): N/A
Protectiveness Statement: The remedy at the H-Area HWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.		
Operable Unit: K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K- Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) (KBRP/KRP) OU SEMS #40	Protectiveness Determination: Protective	Addendum Due Date (if applicable): N/A
Protectiveness Statement: The remedy at the KBRP/RP is protective of human health and the environment.		
Operable Unit: M-Area HWMF (904-112G and 904-51G) OU SEMS #1	Protectiveness Determination: Protective	Addendum Due Date (if applicable): N/A
Protectiveness Statement: The remedy at the M-Area HWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.		

Table 8. Protectiveness Statements for the Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems (*continued/end*)

PROTECTIVENESS STATEMENT(S)		
Operable Unit: Metallurgical Laboratory (Met Lab) HWMF (904-110G) OU SEMS #2	Protectiveness Determination: Protective	Addendum Due Date (if applicable): N/A
Protectiveness Statement: The remedy at the Met Lab HWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.		
Operable Unit: Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E) (MWMF) OU SEMS #33	Protectiveness Determination: Protective	Addendum Due Date (if applicable): N/A
Protectiveness Statement: The remedy at the MWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.		
Operable Unit: Savannah River Laboratory (SRL) Seepage Basins (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G) (SRLSB) OU SEMS #47	Protectiveness Determination: Protective	Addendum Due Date (if applicable): N/A
Protectiveness Statement: The remedy at the SRLSB OU is protective of human health and the environment.		

SIXTH FIVE-YEAR REMEDY REVIEW REPORT PHASED REVIEWS

I. FIVE-YEAR REMEDY REVIEW PHASES

The size of the Savannah River Site (SRS) five-year remedy review reports has grown considerably since the first report was issued in 1997 with respect to the number of operable unit (OU) remedies evaluated and the level of detail required. Beginning with the Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review Report, the U.S. Department of Energy, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) agreed to segregate the OUs into five groupings based on remedy similarity with a different group submitted annually on a five-year cycle. This phased approach not only reduces the volume of future remedy reports but is also more effective in identifying and resolving issues for similar remedies.

The SRS OUs are grouped by the following remedy types:

- (1) Native Soil Covers and/or Land Use Controls (LUCs);
- (2) Groundwater Remedies;
- (3) Engineered Cover Systems;
- (4) Geosynthetic or Stabilization/Solidification Cover Systems; and
- (5) Operating Equipment.

The trigger date for submittal of the next five-year remedy review report to the regulatory agencies is based on the USEPA signature date of the previous report. The final signature for the last grouping of the Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report is due no later than January 21, 2025. For the sixth five-year remedy review reports, Table A-1 provides a schedule for issuance of the remedy reviews for the five OU remedy groupings to ensure that the five year limit between decision document reviews in compliance with Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) and the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan is not exceeded.

A list of the SRS OUs with remedy decision documents grouped into one of the five phased reviews is provided in Table A-2. Table A-2 will be updated in future remedy review

reports as additional remedy decision documents are approved. A general description of the five remedy types is provided below.

Phase 1: Native Soil Covers and/or LUCs

For purposes of the sixth five-year phased remedy review, SRS OUs with native soil covers and/or LUCs as the selected remedy are grouped under the Native Soil Covers and/or LUCs category.

Native soil covers are often implemented at SRS to protect against human and/or ecosystem exposure to waste or contaminated material left in place. Native soil covers are appropriate when water infiltration and leaching of contaminants to groundwater are not a concern. A typical soil cover is 0.30 m to 0.61 m (12 to 24 in) thick and is usually vegetated to minimize erosion. Native soil covers are usually low in cost and construction and materials are readily available from SRS local sources. Native soil covers may be combined with other remedial actions but require LUCs as a component of the remedy. For these units, native soil covers were in place prior to selection of the remedial action. For this reason, only LUCs were required as the final remedial action for the OUs with existing soil covers discussed in the Native Soil Covers and/or LUCs report.

LUCs are maintained for all OUs where hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain on-site or have been left in place above levels that are acceptable for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. LUCs may be implemented as a stand-alone remedy or combined with other remedial actions. LUCs involve institutional controls (i.e., administrative controls) and engineering controls and can include monitoring, maintenance, reporting, access restrictions, signage, fencing, and land use restrictions. In older SRS remedy documents, the term “institutional controls” was often used in place of the broader LUC term.

Phase 2: Groundwater Remedies

For purposes of the sixth fifth five-year phased remedy review, SRS OUs that have monitoring activities associated with Monitored Natural Attenuation (MNA) or a Mixing Zone (MZ) permit, are grouped in the Groundwater category.

SRS uses a graded approach to groundwater remediation. The selection of groundwater remediation technologies for a specific contamination area is based on the size, contaminant type, contaminant concentration, and configuration of the plume. These attributes are the result of the nature and mass of the source of contamination and the subsurface characteristics in the area of the plume. Many large plumes consist of several zones that are most efficiently addressed with separate complementary corrective action/remedial technologies. The highest concentrations of contaminants are found in the source zone. The most robust, high-mass-removal technologies are best suited for remediation of the source zone. In the primary plume zone, active remedies such as pump-and-treat may be necessary to remove contaminants and exert hydraulic control of the plume. In the dilute fringe zone, contaminants are generally low in concentration and can often be treated with passive techniques.

Enhanced-passive remedial systems are used extensively at SRS to remediate vadose zone soils for the purpose of preventing groundwater contamination. These systems are low-energy-consumption, low-carbon-emission systems that are not completely passive. These “green” technologies leverage natural systems to protect and remediate groundwater. Many existing soil vapor extraction (SVE) systems have been converted from active vacuum extraction powered by fossil fuel to enhanced-passive systems powered by natural non-fossil-fuel energy sources. BaroBall™ and MicroBlower™ systems are two types of enhanced-passive SVE systems currently in operation at SRS. BaroBalls™ rely on natural fluctuations in barometric pressure to pump volatile organic compounds (VOCs) from the subsurface to the atmosphere at individual SVE wells. SVE wells with MicroBlowers™ are designed to use solar power to generate a vacuum that exhausts VOC vapors from individual wells. Both MicroBlowers™ and BaroBalls™ are low-energy-consumption, low-carbon-emission devices that remove VOC contaminants from the subsurface.

MNA is a passive groundwater remedial action where the fringe and dilute areas of a plume degrade by natural biogeochemical or physical processes such as biodegradation, radioactive decay, dilution, and simple dispersion. MNA remedies must be accompanied by source control and a technical justification that conditions are favorable for natural

attenuation. In addition, the groundwater plume should not be expanding significantly, and surface water standards cannot be exceeded at the groundwater discharge point. MNA remedy justifications are supported by groundwater modeling and a commitment to continued monitoring and reporting. When only the uppermost aquifer is impacted, SCDHEC may issue a MZ permit that is essentially a permit for an MNA remedy. SRS has a mixture of CERCLA Record of Decisions (RODs) that require MNA as the final action for groundwater under CERCLA, and RODs that require SCDHEC MZ permits to implement the MNA remedy.

Phase 3: Engineered Cover Systems

For purposes of the sixth five-year phased remedy review, SRS OUs that selected an engineered cover system or similar cover system as the remedy are grouped in the Engineered Cover Systems category.

The function of an engineered cover system is similar to that of a native soil cover: to protect against human and/or ecosystem exposure to waste or contaminated material left in place. Although engineered covers do not completely prevent infiltration, they can achieve very low permeabilities if well compacted. Compaction is important to reduce damage from differential settlement and is often used at SRS to remediate OUs that contain diverse waste material such as rubble pits/piles. Another objective of using engineered cover systems is to promote more effective surface drainage and to minimize infiltration.

SRS OUs were placed in this grouping if the selected cover features/performance requirements exceeded those of a basic native soil cover. For example, an OU with a remedy that selected cover and/or fill material with a higher clay content to minimize infiltration or for drainage and slope contouring was included in this category even if the clay material did not have engineering compaction requirements.

Phase 4: Geosynthetic or Stabilization/Solidification Cover Systems

For purposes of the sixth five-year phased remedy review, SRS OUs that installed a geosynthetic or stabilization/solidification cover system are grouped in the Geosynthetic or Stabilization/Solidification Cover Systems category.

Many cover systems are designed to protect groundwater by minimizing the infiltration of rainwater through the contaminated material left in place. Geosynthetic cover systems are constructed at SRS OUs when there is a concern that contamination left in place may leach to groundwater above acceptable levels. A typical cross section of a geosynthetic cover system consists of a vegetative/soil protective layer, a geosynthetic drainage layer, an impermeable geosynthetic liner, and compacted common fill placed over the contaminated material. A specific hydraulic conductivity to reduce storm water infiltration, usually $1\text{E-}07$ cm/s or less, is specified in the design. Low permeability covers are often paired with SVE units that remove VOCs from the subsurface soil beneath the OU to prevent migration of contaminants to groundwater.

In some cases, radioactively contaminated soils have been stabilized with in-situ grouting followed by installation of a low permeability cover (i.e., compacted clay, concrete, etc.) to deter migration of contaminants to the groundwater. Not only does a stabilization/solidification technology stabilize waste left in place, the in-situ containment also provides another layer of protection to prevent intrusion and exposure to contaminated material.

Phase 5: Operating Equipment

For purposes of the sixth five-year phased remedy review, SRS OUs that have ongoing active remediation systems are grouped under the Operating Equipment category.

A range of active remediation systems are used at SRS. SVE systems are used to remove VOCs from vadose zone source areas before the contaminants can migrate to the water table. Air strippers are employed to remove VOC groundwater contaminants from the source zone while active recirculation well systems remove VOC contaminants from the primary VOC plume. Pump and treat systems are used to remove contaminant mass and exert hydraulic control over contaminated groundwater plumes. Thermal technologies have been employed in several areas to mobilize dense non-aqueous phase liquid (DNAPL) VOCs in the vadose zone and groundwater. Dynamic Underground Stripping is a technology employed at SRS that utilizes steam injection to enhance removal from large

DNAPL source zones. Electrical Resistance Heating has been used in smaller DNAPL source zones.

II. SRS OUS WITH REMEDIAL DECISIONS

The following tables are included for information only and provide a tracking for all SRS OUs with approved remedial decisions, including No Action sites [i.e., RODs, Early Actions RODs (EARODs), Interim RODs (IRODs), ROD Amendments, and Explanation of Significant Differences (ESDs)].

- Table A-3 provides a summary of SRS OUs for remedial actions without operating equipment;
 - Table A-4 provides a summary for SRS OUs for remedial actions with operating equipment;
 - Table A-5 chronologically lists all SRS issued decision documents. Document numbers are provided for reference;
 - Table A-6 provides a summary of SRS OUs with the No Remedial Actions selected in the decision documents; and
 - Table A-7 provides the list of OU subunits with remedial actions selected and their associated Superfund Enterprise Management System (SEMS) number.
-

Table A-1. Phased Five-Year Remedy Review Report Schedule

Sixth Five-Year Review		Seventh Five-Year Review	Remedy Type
Issuance Year	Years Between Reviews	Issuance Year	
2020	5	2025	Phase 1: Native Soil Covers and/or LUCs
2021	5	2026	Phase 2: Groundwater
2022 ^a	5	2027	Phase 3: Engineered Cover Systems
2023	5	2028	Phase 4: Geosynthetic or Stabilization/ Solidification Cover Systems
2024	5	2029	Phase 5: Operating Equipment

a Indicates the issue year for this report: Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems.

This page is intentionally left blank.

Table A-2. Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report Phases for SRS OUs

Native Soil Covers and/or LUCs		Groundwater		Engineered Cover Systems		Geosynthetic or Stabilization/Solidification Cover Systems		Operating Equipment	
<i>Submittal Date^a</i>	<i>Issuance Year</i>	<i>Submittal Date^a</i>	<i>Issuance Year</i>	<i>Submittal Date^a</i>	<i>Issuance Year</i>	<i>Submittal Date^a</i>	<i>Issuance Year</i>	<i>Submittal Date^a</i>	<i>Issuance Year</i>
2018	2020	2019	2021	2020	2022	2021	2023	2022	2024
C-Area Operable Unit		C-Area Groundwater		Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G and 631-3G)		B-Area Operable Unit		A-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (731-A/731-1A) and Rubble Pit (731-2A), Miscellaneous Chemical Basin (731-4A) and Metals Burning Pit (731-5A)	
C-, K-, and L-Reactor Complexes		Chemicals, Metals, and Pesticides Pit (080-170G, 080-171G, 080-180G, 080-181G, 080-182G, 080-183G, 080-190G)		D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D)		C-Area Reactor Seepage Basins (904-66G, 904-67G, and 904-68G)		A/M Area Groundwater	
Early Construction and Operational Disposal Site (ECODs) L-1, N-2, P-2, and R-1A, R-1B, R-1C		D-Area Oil Seepage Basin (631-G)		F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-41G, 904-42G, 904-43G)		D-Area Expanded Operable Unit Consisting of D-Area Ash Basin (488-D) and D-Area Rubble Pit (431-2D)		A-Area Miscellaneous Rubble Pile (731-6A)	
F-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (231-F, 231-1F, and 231-2F)		L-Area Southern Groundwater		Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G)		E-Area Low-Level Waste Facility (643-26E)		C-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-C)	
Gunsite 012		R-Area Operable Unit ^c		H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, 904-56G)		F-Area Retention Basin (281-3F)		D-Area Operable Unit	
Heavy Equipment Wash Basin (NBN)		R-Area Reactor Seepage Basins (904-57G, 904-58G, 904-59G, 904-60G, 904-103G, and 904-104G) and 108-4R Overflow Basin		K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and Rubble Pile (631-20G)		F-Area Tank Farm		F-Area Groundwater Operable Unit	
K-Area Bingham Pump Outage Pit (643-1G)				M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-51G and 904-112G)		General Separations Area Consolidation Unit		H-Area Groundwater Operable Unit	

Table A-2. Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report Phases for SRS OUs (*continued/end*)

Native Soil Covers and/or LUCs		Groundwater		Engineered Cover Systems		Geosynthetic or Stabilization/Solidification Cover Systems		Operating Equipment	
<i>Submittal Date^a</i>	<i>Issuance Year</i>	<i>Submittal Date^a</i>	<i>Issuance Year</i>	<i>Submittal Date^a</i>	<i>Issuance Year</i>	<i>Submittal Date^a</i>	<i>Issuance Year</i>	<i>Submittal Date^a</i>	<i>Issuance Year</i>
2018	2020	2019	2021	2020	2022	2021	2023	2022	2024
L-Area and P-Area Bingham Pump Outage Pits (643-2G, 643-3G, and 643-4G)				Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-110G)		H-Area Tank Farm		M-Area Settling Basin Inactive Process Sewer Lines (081-M)	
PAR Pond (685-G) (Including the Pre-Cooler Ponds and Canals) and Lower Three Runs Integrator Operable Unit (IOU) Tail Portion (Middle and Lower Subunits)				Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E)		K-Area Reactor Seepage Basin (904-65G)		M-Area Operable Unit	
R-Area Bingham Pump Outage Pits (643-8G, 643-9G and 643-10G) and R-Area Unknown Pits #1, #2, and #3				SRL Seepage Basins (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G)		L-Area Oil and Chemical Basin (904-83G)		P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-P)	
Silverton Road Waste Unit (731-3A)						L-Area Reactor Seepage Basin (904-64G)		TNX Area Operable Unit	
Wetland Area at Dunbarton Bay in Support of Steel Creek IOU ^b						Old F-Area Seepage Basin (904-49G)			
						P-Area Operable Unit			
						P-Area Reactor Seepage Basin (904-61G, 904-62G, and 904-63G)			
						R-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (131-R and 131-1R) and R-Area Rubble Pile (631-25G)			
						T-Area Operable Unit			

a Represents December submittal date of the Revision 0 document for each five-year remedy review report.

b ROD was issued in June 2018. This OU was not included in the first phase of the sixth five-year review (i.e., native soil covers and/or LUCs) because the remedy had not been implemented.

c R-Reactor Complex will be discussed as part of R-Area Operable Unit.

Table A-3. Summary of Remedial Actions without Operating Equipment at SRS

Unit Name	FYR Phase	OU	Area Covered (acres)	Volume Covered (yd ³)	Volume Stabilized (yd ³)	Volume Consolidated (yd ³)	Volume Removed (yd ³)	LUC (acres)
Compacted Native Soil								
C-Reactor Complex	1	CKL Rx	0	0	0	0	0	3.4
K-Reactor Complex	1	CKL Rx	0	0	0	0	0	3.8
L-Reactor Complex	1	CKL Rx	0	0	0	0	0	3.5
Early Construction and Operational Disposal Site (ECODS) C-1	1	CAOU	0.16	0	0	0	0	1.27
ECODs L-1	1	ECODS	0.40	0	0	0	0	0.94
ECODs N-2	1	ECODS	0.47	0	0	0	0	1.31
ECODs P-2	1	ECODS	0.18	0	0	0	0	2.42
ECODs R-1A, R-1B, R-1C	1	ECODS	0.3	0	0	0	0	1.76
F-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (231-F, 231-1F, and 231-2F)	1	FBRP	1.18	0	0	0	0	3.8
K-Area Bingham Pump Outage Pit (BPOP) (643-1G)	1	KBPOP	0.55	0	0	0	0	0.59
L-Area BPOP (643-2G and 642-3G)	1	L/P-BPOP	0.31	0	0	0	0	0.73
P-Area BPOP (643-4G)	1	L/P-BPOP	0.28	0	0	0	0	0.41
R-Area BPOP (643-8G, 643-9G and 643-10G) and R-Area Unknown Pits #1, #2, and #3	1	RBPOP	0.88	0	0	0	0	3.1
Silverton Road Waste Unit (731-3A)	1	SRWU	1.36	0	0	0	0	5.3
Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G and 631-3G)	3	CSBRP	0.43	0	0	0	0	2.81
D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D)	3	DBRP	0.54	0	0	0	0	0.73
A-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (731-A and 731-1A) and Rubble Pit (731-2A), Miscellaneous Chemical Basin (731-4A), Metals Burning Pit (731-5A)	5	ABRP/RP MCB/MBP	9.95	0	0	0	10,200	10.1
M-Area Operable Unit	5	MAOU	0.84	3,600	0	4,350	0	70.9
Land Use Controls Only								
C-Area Operable Unit	1	CAOU	0	0	0	0	0	56.5
D-Area Operable Unit (488-2D and west end of 488-1D)	5	DAOU	0	0	0	0	315,821	245
Gunsite 012	1	Gunsite 012	0	0	0	0	0	8.9
Heavy Equipment Wash Basin (NBN)	1	HEWB	0	0	0	0	0	0.3
Lower Three Runs IOU Tail Portion (Middle and Lower Subunits)	1	PAR Pond	5535.2	0	0	0	0	5535.2

Table A-3. Summary of Remedial Actions without Operating Equipment at SRS (*continued*)

Unit Name	FYR Phase	OU	Area Covered (acres)	Volume Covered (yd ³)	Volume Stabilized (yd ³)	Volume Consolidated (yd ³)	Volume Removed (yd ³)	LUC (acres)
Water Cover								
PAR Pond (685-G) (Including the Pre-Cooler Ponds and Canals)	1	PAR Pond	1,340	0	0	0	0	2556.1
Geosynthetic Clay (hydraulic conductivity 1E-07 cm/sec, 1E-08 cm/sec)								
General Separations Area Consolidation Unit	4	GSACU	77.3	0	0	50,950	0	86
D-Area Expanded Operable Unit consisting of D-Area Ash Basin (488-D) and D-Area Rubble Pit (431-2D)	4	DEXOU	25	0	0	110,110	74	43.27
D-Area Operable Unit (488-4D)	5	DAOU	22	975,000	0	90,800	0	245
D-Area Operable Unit (488-1D)	5	DAOU	19.5	601,910	0	298,130	0	245
E-Area Low-Level Waste Facility (643-26E)	4	E-Area LLWF	13.6	123,072	0	0	0	0
T-Area Operable Unit	4	TAOU	9.4	0	0	1,531	0	47.58
P-Area Reactor Seepage Basin (904-61G, 904-62G, and 904-63G)	4	PRSB	2.3	0	7,400	1,928	0	3.13
R-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (131-R and 131-1R) and Rubble Pile (631-25G)	4	RBRP/RP	0.32	0	0	0	250	0.44
Compacted Clay (hydraulic conductivity 1E-07 cm/sec)								
F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facilities (HWMFs) (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G)	3	F-HWMF	6.8	0	0	0	0	10
H-Area HWMFs (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, 904-56G)	3	H-HWMF	22.1	0	0	0	0	25
M-Area HWMFs (904-51G and 904-112G)	3	M-HWMF	2.4	0	37,800	39,700	0	4.5
Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF (904-110G)	3	Met Lab HWMF	0.2	0	0	0	0	3.5
Mixed Waste Management Facility (943-28E)	3	MWMF	58	0	0	0	0	85
P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-P)	5	PBRP	0.6	0	0	0	0	0.89
Compacted Clay w/Waste Solidification (hydraulic conductivity 1E-05 cm/sec)								
C-Area Reactor Seepage Basins (904-66G, 904-67G, and 904-68G)	4	CRSB	3.1	0	2,667	0	0	3.1
F-Area Retention Basin (281-3F)	4	FRB	0.59	0	1,150	42	0	1.07
Old F-Area Seepage Basin (904-49G)	4	OFASB	1.8	0	10,154	0	0	1.8
L-Area Reactor Seepage Basin (904-64G)	4	LRSB	1.73	0	0	0	0	1.73
L-Area Oil and Chemical Basin (904-83G)	4	LAOCB	0.45	0	2,170	200	0	1.32
K-Area Reactor Seepage Basin (904-65G)	4	KRSB	0.2	0	583	0	0	0.74

Table A-3. Summary of Remedial Actions without Operating Equipment at SRS (continued/end)

Unit Name	FYR Phase	OU	Area Covered (acres)	Volume Covered (yd ³)	Volume Stabilized (yd ³)	Volume Consolidated (yd ³)	Volume Removed (yd ³)	LUC (acres)
Asphalt/Concrete								
R-Area Operable Unit	2	RAOU	1.55	0	123,091	0	13,404	450
R-Area Reactor Seepage Basin (904-57G, 904-58G, 904-59G, 904-60G, 904-103G, and 904-104G) and 108-4R Overflow Basin	2	RRSB	18.1	0	0	370	0	37.8
Heavy Water Components Test Reactor	4	BAOU	0.15	0	7,208	0	0	0.15
P-Area Operable Unit	4	PAOU	0.86	0	117,981	0	10,905	85.32
Compacted Common Fill (no hydraulic conductivity requirement)								
Chemical, Metals, and Pesticides Pits (080-170G, 080-171G, 080-180G, 080-181G, 080-182G, 080-183G, and 080-190G)	2	CMP Pits	0.3	0	0	0	0	7.1
R-Area Ash Basin (188-R)	2	RAOU	15	0	0	0	0	15
Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G)	3	FBSB	0.22	0	0	0	0	0.28
K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and Rubble Pile (631-20G)	3	KBRP	0.8	0	0	10,000	0	1.15
SRL Seepage Basins (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G)	3	SRLSB	2.1	0	0	0	6,200	2.56
P-007 Outfall	4	PAOU	4.5	0	0	0	8,000	4.5
P-Area Ash Basin (188-P)	4	PAOU	13.7	0	0	0	0	13.7
A-Area Miscellaneous Rubble Pile (731-6A)	5	AMRP	1.2	0	0	0	23.7	3.08
D-Area Operable Unit (Bubble Tower and Moderator Processing)	5	DAOU	0.7	0	0	16,500	116.7	245
C-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-C)	5	CBRP	0.6	0	0	0	0	141.2
D-Area Coal Pile Runoff Basin (489-D) (25% northern portion)	5	DAOU	4.8	0	0	5,720	0	4.96
New TNX Seepage Basin (904-102G)	5	NTSB	0.51	0	0	0	0	2.24

ABRP/RP = A-Area Burning/Rubble Pits and Rubble Pit
AMRP = A-Area Miscellaneous Rubble Pile
BAOU = B-Area Operable Unit
BPOP = Bingham Pump Outage Pits
CAOU = C-Area Operable Unit
CBRP = C-Area Burning/Rubble Pit
CKL Rx = C-, K-, and L-Reactor Complexes
CMP Pits = Chemicals, Metals, and Pesticides Pits
CSBRP = Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pit
CRSB = C-Area Reactor Seepage Basin
DAOU = D-Area Operable Unit
DBRP = D-Area Burning/Rubble Pit
DEXOU = D-Area Expanded Operable Unit
ECODS = Early Construction and Operational Disposal Site
FBRP = F-Area Burning/Rubble Pits
FBSB = Ford Building Seepage Basin

FRB = F-Area Retention Basin
GSACU = General Separations Area Consolidation Unit
HEWB = Heavy Equipment Wash Basin (NBN)
HWMF = Hazardous Waste Management Facility
KBRP = K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit
KRSB = K-Reactor Seepage Basin
LAOCB = L-Area Oil and Chemical Basin
LLWF = Low-Level Waste Facility
LRSB = L-Area Reactor Seepage Basin
MAOU = M-Area Operable Unit
MCB/MBP = Miscellaneous Chemical Basin / Metals Burning Pit
Met Lab = Metallurgical Laboratory
MWMF = Mixed Waste Management Facility
NBN = no building number
NTSB = New TNX Seepage Basin
OFASB = Old F-Area Seepage Basin

PAOU = P-Area Operable Unit
PAR Pond = PAR Pond (685-G) (Including the Pre-Cooler Ponds and Canals) and Lower Three Runs IOU Tail Portion (Middle and Lower Subunits)
PBRP = P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-P)
PRSB = P-Reactor Seepage Basin
RAOU = R-Area Operable Unit
RBRP/RP = R-Area Burning/Rubble Pits and Rubble Pile
RRSB = R-Area Reactor Seepage Basin
SRLSB = SRL Seepage Basin
SRWU = Silverton Road Waste Unit
TAOU = T-Area Operable Unit
cm/sec = centimeter per second
FYR = Five-Year Remedy
yd³ = cubic yards

This page is intentionally left blank.

Table A-4. Summary of Remedial Actions with Operating Equipment at SRS

Unit Name	FYR Phase	OU	Start	Finish	ZOI Area (acres)	Volume Treated	Volume Removed	COCs
Pump-and-Treat								
Water Treatment Units								
F-Area Groundwater OU	5	FAGW	1997	2003	250	345,718,674 gal	--	--
H-Area Groundwater OU	5	HAGW	1997	2003	250	347,165,473 gal	--	--
Air Stripper								
A-Area Groundwater OU	5	A/M GW	1992	Ongoing	1,600	1,914,506,457 gal	17,306 lbs	PCE, TCE
M-Area Groundwater OU	5	A/M GW	1983	Ongoing	--	5,267,510,897 gal	508,684 lbs	PCE, TCE
TNX-Area Groundwater OU	5	TNX GW	1996	2007	80	3,500,000 gal	--	--
Airlift Recirculation Pumps								
A/M-Area Groundwater OU	5	A/M GW	1997	Ongoing	0.08	1,900,000,000 gal	--	--
Thermal Treatments								
Dynamic Underground Stripping								
A/M-Area Groundwater OU	5	A/M GW	2000	2001	1.1	1,600,000 gal	70,000 lbs	VOC
A/M-Area Groundwater OU	5	A/M GW	2005	2010	3+	12,000,000 gal	450,000 lbs	VOC
Electrical Resistance Heating with Soil Vapor Extraction								
C-Area Groundwater OU	5	CMP Pits	2006	2006	0.02	1,800 gal	730 lbs	TCE
Chemical, Metals, and Pesticides Pits (080-170G, 080-171G, 080-180G, 080-181G, 080-182G, 080-183G, and 080-190G)	2	CMP Pits	2008	2009	0.05	5,300 gal	2,300 lbs	VOCs
Detritiation								
D-Area Operable Unit	5	DAOU	2009	2011	--	1,650 gal	472 Ci	Tritium
Soil Vapor Extraction								
Mechanical								
A-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (731-A and 731-1A) and Rubble Pit (731-2A), Miscellaneous Chemical Basin (731-4A), Metals Burning Pit (731-5A)	5	ABRP/RP MCB/MBP	2008	2017	0.34	55,000 yd ³	143 lbs	TCE
Miscellaneous Chemical Basin (731-4A)	5	A/M GW	2001	2002	--	582 yd ³	170 lbs	TCE
A-Area Miscellaneous Rubble Pile (731-6A)	5	AMRP	2004	2017	--	6,000 yd ³	146 lbs	VOCs
A/M-Area Groundwater OU (WSTS)	5	A/M GW	2012	Ongoing	--	--	2,078 lbs	VOCs
A/M-Area Groundwater OU (A014 - 782-3M)	5	A/M GW	1995	Ongoing	--	--	7,424 lbs	VOCs

Table A-4. Summary of Remedial Actions with Operating Equipment at SRS (continued)

Unit Name	FYR Phase	OU	Start	Finish	ZOI Area (acres)	Volume Treated	Volume Removed	COCs
Soil Vapor Extraction (continued)								
Mechanical (continued)								
A/M-Area Groundwater OU (A-014 - Mobile #3)	5	A/M GW	2008	Ongoing	--	--	9,211 lbs	VOCs
C-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-C)	5	CBRP	2000	2004	0.28	4,500 yd ³	2,100 lbs	VOCs
M-Area Settling Basin Inactive Process Sewer Lines (081-M)	5	MIPSL	2007	Ongoing	0.05	1,200 yd ³	4,474 lbs	PCE, TCE
Chemical, Metals, and Pesticides Pits (080-170G, 080-171G, 080-180G, 080-181G, 080-182G, 080-183G, and 080-190G) Field A	2	CMP Pits	2002	2005	0.56	9,000 yd ³	9,300 lbs	VOCs
Chemical, Metals, and Pesticides Pits (080-170G, 080-171G, 080-180G, 080-181G, 080-182G, 080-183G, and 080-190G) Field B	2	CMP Pits	2001	2002	0.21	3,400 yd ³	230 lbs	VOCs
MicroBlowers™								
A-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (731-A and 731-1A) and Rubble Pit (731-2A)	5	ABRP/RP MCB/MBP	2003	Ongoing	0.07	1,200 yd ³	0.44 lbs	VOCs
Miscellaneous Chemical Basin (731-4A), Metals Burning Pit (731-5A)	5	ABRP/RP MCB/MBP	2001	Ongoing	0.04	580 yd ³	9 lbs	VOCs
A/M-Area Groundwater OU (DUS)	5	A/M GW	2006	Ongoing	--	--	2,536 lbs	VOCs
A/M-Area Groundwater OU (WSTS)	5	A/M GW	2015	Ongoing	--	--	682 lbs	VOC
C-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-C)	5	CBRP	2004	Ongoing	--	--	682 lbs	VOCs
D-Area Operable Unit (Bubble Tower)	5	DAOU	2010	Ongoing	0.03	465 yd ³	257 lbs	VOCs
M-Area Settling Basin Inactive Process Sewer Lines (081-M)	5	MIPSL	2008	Ongoing	--	4,033 yd ³	40 lbs	VOCs
A-Area Miscellaneous Rubble Pile (731-6A)	5	AMRP	2017	Ongoing	--	--	5 lbs	VOCs
P-Area Operable Unit PSAs 3A and 3B	4	PAOU	2010	2012	--	94,622 yd ³	45 lbs	VOCs
TNX-Area Groundwater OU	5	TNX GW	2007	Ongoing	--	1,500 yd ³	4.81 lbs	VOCs
BaroBalls™								
A-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (731-A and 731-1A) and Rubble Pit (731-2A)	5	ABRP/RP MCB/MBP	2003	Ongoing	0.22	3,500 yd ³	--	--
Miscellaneous Chemical Basin (731-4A)	5	ABRP/RP MCB/MBP	2001	Ongoing	0.19	3,200 yd ³	--	--
A/M-Area Groundwater OU	5	A/M GW	1998	Ongoing	--	--	--	--

Table A-4. Summary of Remedial Actions with Operating Equipment at SRS (continued/end)

Unit Name	FYR Phase	OU	Start	Finish	ZOI Area (acres)	Volume Treated	Volume Removed	COCs
Soil Vapor Extraction (continued)								
BaroBalls™ (continued)								
Chemical, Metals, and Pesticides Pits (080-170G, 080-171G, 080-180G, 080-181G, 080-182G, 080-183G, and 080-190G) Field B	2	CMP Pits	2001	2010	0.21	3,374 yd ³	--	--
M-Area Operable Unit	5	MAOU	2010	Ongoing	0.59	4,350 yd ³	--	--
P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-P)	5	PBRP	2004	Ongoing	0.03	1,400 yd ³	--	--
Injection								
Base Injection with Vertical Barrier Walls								
F-Area Groundwater OU	5	FAGW	2005	Ongoing	--	--	--	--
H-Area Groundwater OU	5	HAGW	2010	Ongoing	--	--	--	--
Edible Oil								
TNX-Area Groundwater OU	5	TNX GW	2008	2010	--	--	--	--

A/M GW = A/M-Area Groundwater

ABRP/RP = A-Area Burning/Rubble Pits and Rubble Pit

AMRP = A-Area Miscellaneous Rubble Pile

CBRP = C-Area Burning/Rubble Pit

CMP Pits = Chemical, Metals, and Pesticides Pits

COC = contaminant of concern

DAOU = D-Area Operable Unit

DUS = Dynamic Underground Stripping

FAGW = F-Area Groundwater

HAGW = H-Area Groundwater

MAOU = M-Area Operable Unit

MCB/MBP = Miscellaneous Chemical Basin / Metals Burning Pit

MIPSL = M-Area Settling Basin Inactive Process Sewer Lines

PAOU = P-Area Operable Unit

PBRP = P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit

PSA = Potential Source Area

TNX GW = TNX Groundwater

WSTS = Western Sector Treatment System

Ci = curies

FYR = Five-Year Remedy

gal = gallon

lbs = pounds

OU = operable unit

PCE = tetrachloroethylene

TCE = trichloroethylene

VOC = volatile organic compound

yd³ = cubic yards

ZOI = zone of influence

-- No data

This page is intentionally left blank.

Table A-5. Chronological Listing of SRS Issued Decision Documents

Document Title ^a	Document Number	Rev.	Issuance Date ^b
<i>Consent Decree Signed</i>			<i>May 26, 1988</i>
<i>NPL Listing Effective Date</i>			<i>December 21, 1989</i>
A/M Area Groundwater IROD (RCRA)	WSRC-RP-92-744	0	September 16, 1992
M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-51G, 904-112G) IROD (RCRA)	WSRC-RP-92-743	0	September 16, 1992
Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-110G) IROD (RCRA)	WSRC-RP-92-745	0	September 16, 1992
<i>Federal Facility Agreement Declared Effective</i>			<i>August 16, 1993</i>
F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) ROD (RCRA)	WSRC-RP-93-1042	1	October 1, 1993
H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, 904-56G) ROD (RCRA)	WSRC-RP-93-1043	1	October 1, 1993
Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E) ROD (RCRA)^c	WSRC-RP-93-1511	1	September 23, 1994
Tank 105-C Hazardous Waste Management Facility ROD (RCRA) ^c	WSRC-RP-94-106	1	September 23, 1994
TNX Groundwater Operable Unit IROD ^c	WSRC-TR-94-0375	1	November 16, 1994
PAR Pond (685-G) IROD ^c	WSRC-RP-93-1549	0	February 16, 1995
D-Area Oil Seepage Basin (631-G) IROD ^c	WSRC-RP-93-1550	1	March 6, 1995
F-Area Groundwater Operable Unit (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) IROD (RCRA) ^c	WSRC-RP-94-1162	1	April 13, 1995
H-Area Groundwater Operable Unit (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) IROD (RCRA) ^c	WSRC-RP-94-1163	1	April 13, 1995
M-Area West Unit (631-21G) ROD ^c	WSRC-RP-95-626	0	September 29, 1995
Old Radioactive Waste Burial Ground (643-E) IROD	WSRC-RP-96-102	0	July 25, 1996
Burma Road Rubble Pit (231-4F) ROD	WSRC-RP-96-101	1	July 25, 1996
D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D, 431-1D) ROD	WSRC-RP-96-867	1	July 3, 1997
F-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (231-F, 231-1F, and 231-2F) ROD	WSRC-RP-96-868	1	July 3, 1997
Grace Road Site (631-22G) ROD	WSRC-RP-96-160	1	July 3, 1997
Gunsite 113 Access Road Unit (631-24G) ROD	WSRC-RP-96-833	1	July 3, 1997
Gunsite 720 Rubble Pit Unit (631-16G) ROD	WSRC-RP-96-832	1	July 3, 1997
Silverton Road Waste Unit (713-3A) ROD	WSRC-RP-96-171	1	July 3, 1997
Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pit (631-6G) ROD	WSRC-RP-96-873	1	July 3, 1997
Old F-Area Seepage Basin (904-49G) ROD	WSRC-RP-96-872	1.1	July 3, 1997
First Five-Year Remedy Review	WSRC-RP-97-403	0	August 27, 1997

Table A-5. Chronological Listing of SRS Issued Decision Documents (*continued*)

Document Title^a	Document Number	Rev.	Issuance Date^b
TNX Groundwater Operable Unit ESD	WSRC-RP-97-169	1	October 10, 1997
K-Area Bingham Pump Outage Pit (643-1G) ROD	WSRC-RP-97-178	1	June 11, 1998
C-, F-, K-, and P-Area Coal Pile Runoff Basins (189-C, 289-F, 189-K, 189-P) ROD ^c	WSRC-RP-97-850	1	November 10, 1998
L-Area Oil and Chemical Basin and L-Area Acid/Caustic Basin (904-83G, 904-79G) ROD	WSRC-RP-97-143	1	November 10, 1998
716-A Motor Shops Seepage Basin (904-101G) ROD	WSRC-RP-97-840	0	November 16, 1998
Fire Department Hose Training Facility (904-113G) ROD	WSRC-RP-97-171	1	November 16, 1998
Old F-Area Seepage Basin (904-49G) ESD	WSRC-RP-98-4123	1	December 16, 1998
D-Area Oil Seepage Basin (631-G) ROD	WSRC-RP-97-402	1	May 7, 1999
C-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-C) IROD	WSRC-RP-98-4039	0	May 7, 1999
F-Area Retention Basin (281-3F) ROD	WSRC-RP-97-145	1.1	May 19, 1999
Ford Building Waste Site (643-11G) ROD	WSRC-RP-98-4066	1	October 13, 1999
Chemicals, Metals, and Pesticides Pits (080-170G, 080-171G, 080-180G, 080-181G, 080-182G, 080-183G, and 080-190G) IROD	WSRC-RP-98-4192	1.1	January 19, 2000
SRL Seepage Basins (904-51G1, 904-52G2, 904-52G, and 904-55G) ROD	WSRC-RP-97-848	1.1	April 26, 2000
C-Reactor Seepage Basins (904-66G, 904-67G, and 904-68G) Plug-In ROD ESD	WSRC-RP-2000-4032	0	October 18, 2000
L & P Bingham Pump Outage Pits (643-2G, 643-3G, and 643-4G) ROD	WSRC-RP-98-4015	1	October 18, 2000
Burma Road Rubble Pit, 231-4F ESD ^c	WSRC-RP-98-4170	1	February 6, 2001
A-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (731-A, 731-1A) and Rubble Pit (731-2A) IROD	WSRC-RP-2000-4001	1	February 9, 2001
Miscellaneous Chemical Basin/Metals Burning Pit (731-4A, 731-5A) IROD	WSRC-RP-98-4031	1.1	February 9, 2001
West of SRL "Georgia Fields" Site (631-19G) ROD	WSRC-RP-99-4164	0	February 22, 2001
F-Area Retention Basin (281-3F) ESD ^c	WSRC-RP-2000-4079	1	June 7, 2001
K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) ROD^c	WSRC-RP-97-862	1	August 8, 2001
ORWBG Old Solvent Tanks (650-01E through 650-22E) IROD	WSRC-RP-2000-4193	1	September 27, 2001
Ford Building Seepage Basin ROD	WSRC-RP-2000-4156	1	April 5, 2002
Chemical, Metals, and Pesticides Pits (080-170G, 080-171G, 080-180G, 080-181G, 080-182G, 080-183G, and 080-190G) IROD Amendment	WSRC-RP-2000-4158	1.2	April 8, 2002
K-Area Reactor Seepage Basin (904-65G) ESD ^c	WSRC-RP-99-4200	1.1	September 16, 2002

Table A-5. Chronological Listing of SRS Issued Decision Documents (*continued*)

Document Title^a	Document Number	Rev.	Issuance Date^b
General Separations Area Consolidation Unit ROD	WSRC-RP-2002-4002	0	October 25, 2002
Central Shops Sludge Lagoon (080-24G) ROD	WSRC-RP-2000-4189	1	November 15, 2002
C-Area & L-Area Reactor Seepage Basin ROD Amendment	WSRC-RP-2002-4063	1	December 5, 2002
R-Area Acid/Caustic Basin (904-77G) ROD	WSRC-RP-2002-4015	1	February 10, 2003
L-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-L) and Rubble Pile (131-3L) and Gas Cylinder Disposal Facility (131-2L) ROD	WSRC-RP-98-4195	1.1	February 17, 2003
A-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (731-A, 731-1A) and Rubble Pit (731-2A) ESD	WSRC-RP-2001-4281	1	March 10, 2003
R-Area Bingham Pump Outage Pits (643-8G, 643-9G and 643-10G) and R-Area Unknown Pits #1, #2, and #3 ROD	WSRC-RP-2001-4129	1.1	April 28, 2003
TNX Area Groundwater Operable Unit ESD ^c	WSRC-RP-2001-00764	0	May 19, 2003
Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G and 631-3G) ROD	WSRC-RP-2001-4265	1.1	June 30, 2003
P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-P) ROD	WSRC-RP-2000-4197	1	August 8, 2003
A-Area Miscellaneous Rubble Pile (731-6A) ROD	WSRC-RP-2001-4197	1.3	August 11, 2003
P-Area Reactor Seepage Basin (904-61G, 904-62G, and 904-63G) Plug-In ROD ESD	WSRC-RP-2002-4105	1.1	October 2, 2003
Chemical, Metals, and Pesticides Pits (080-170G, 080-171G, 080-180G, 080-181G, 080-182G, 080-183G, and 080-190G) Second IROD Amendment	WSRC-RP-2001-4232	1.1	October 21, 2003
L-Area Hot Shop (717-G) ROD	WSRC-RP-2002-4025	1.1	November 3, 2003
Road A Chemical Basin (904-111G) ROD	WSRC-RP-2002-4153	0	November 3, 2003
<i>Second Five-Year Remedy Review^c</i>	<i>WSRC-RP-2001-4163</i>	<i>1.1</i>	<i>February 12, 2004</i>
R-Area Reactor Seepage Basins (904-57G, 904-58G, 904-59G, 904-60G, 904-103G, and 904-104G) and 108-4R Overflow Basin ROD	WSRC-RP-2003-4093	1	March 18, 2004
TNX Burying Ground (643-G), New TNX Seepage Basin, Old TNX Seepage Basin and TNX Groundwater (082-G) ROD	WSRC-RP-2003-4017	1	April 7, 2004
SRL Oil Test Site (808-16G) ROD	WSRC-RP-2003-4164	1	September 20, 2004
R-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (131-R and 131-1R) and Rubble Pile (631-25G) ROD	WSRC-RP-2004-4004	1	September 28, 2004
C-Area Reactor Groundwater IROD	WSRC-RP-2004-4022	1	October 15, 2004
D-Area Expanded Operable Unit (Consisting of D-Area Ash Basin [488-D] and D-Area Rubble Pit [431-2D]) ROD	WSRC-RP-2004-4007	1	December 17, 2004
Old F-Area Seepage Basin (904-49G) ROD Amendment	WSRC-RP-2003-4136	1	December 17, 2004

Table A-5. Chronological Listing of SRS Issued Decision Documents (*continued*)

Document Title^a	Document Number	Rev.	Issuance Date^b
Heavy Equipment Wash Basin and Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pit (631-5G) ROD	WSRC-RP-2003-4185	1.1	January 28, 2005
Chemical, Metals, and Pesticides Pits (080-170G, 080-171G, 080-180G, 080-181G, 080-182G, 080-183G, and 080-190G) ROD	WSRC-RP-2004-4090	1	May 10, 2005
Silverton Road Waste Unit (731-3A) ESD	WSRC-RP-2004-4092	1.1	June 16, 2005
TNX Area OU ESD	WSRC-RP-2005-4030	1	November 7, 2005
Hydrofluoric Acid Spill (631-4G) ROD	WSRC-RP-2005-4000	0	December 28, 2005
T-Area OU ROD	WSRC-RP-2004-4070	1	January 4, 2006
K-Area Sludge Land Application Site (761-4G) and PAR Pond Sludge Land Application Site (761-5G) ROD	WSRC-RP-2005-4064	1	June 30, 2006
211-FB Pu-239 Release (081-F) ROD	WSRC-RP-2005-4090	1	September 18, 2006
M-Area Inactive Process Sewer Lines (081-M) ROD	WSRC-RP-2006-4001	1	April 26, 2007
L-Area Southern Groundwater ROD	WSRC-RP-2006-4052	1.1	May 9, 2007
A-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (731-A, 731-1A) and Rubble Pit (731-2A) and the Miscellaneous Chemical Basin/Metals Burning Pit (731-4A, 731-5A) ROD	WSRC-RP-2005-4095	1.1	August 2, 2007
C-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-C) and Old C-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (NBN) ROD	WSRC-RP-2007-4082	1	July 9, 2008
<i>Third Five-Year Remedy Review</i>	<i>WSRC-RP-2007-4063</i>	<i>1.1</i>	<i>January 28, 2009</i>
P-Area Operable Unit Early Action ROD	WSRC-RP-2008-4037	1.1	January 29, 2009
M-Area Operable Unit ROD	WSRC-RP-2008-4030	1	February 5, 2009
M-Area Operable Unit ESD	SRNS-RP-2009-00406	1	July 9, 2009
P-Area Operable Unit Early Action ROD ESD	SRNS-RP-2009-00704	1	October 27, 2009
C-, K-, L- and R-Reactor Complexes Early Action ROD	SRNS-RP-2009-00707	1	December 8, 2009
E-Area Low Level Waste Facility (Slit Trench Disposal Units 1 and 2) IROD	SRNS-RP-2009-00538	1	January 22, 2010
Early Construction and Operational Disposal Site L-1, N-2, P-2, R-1A, R-1B, R-1C ROD	SRNS-RP-2009-00072	1	March 30, 2010
E-Area Low Level Waste Facility (Slit Trench Disposal Units 1 and 2) ESD	SRNS-RP-2009-01128	1	April 22, 2010
P-Area Operable Unit ROD	SRNS-RP-2009-01368	1	July 22, 2010
Gunsite 218 Rubble Pile ROD	SRNS-RP-2010-00051	1	October 22, 2010
R-Area Operable Unit ROD	SRNS-RP-2010-01062	1	April 20, 2011
L-Area Northern Groundwater ROD	SRNS-RP-2011-00134	1	June 20, 2011
Gunsite 012 (including ECODS G-3) ROD	SRNS-RP-2010-01232	1	June 27, 2011
D-Area Operable Unit Early Action ROD	SRNS-RP-2010-00162	1.2	September 26, 2011
PAR Pond Unit: Lower Three Runs IOU Tail Portion (Middle and Lower Subunits) ESD	SRNS-RP-2012-00121	1	September 13, 2012

Table A-5. Chronological Listing of SRS Issued Decision Documents (*continued/end*)

Document Title^a	Document Number	Rev.	Issuance Date^b
B-Area Operable Unit ROD	SRNS-RP-2012-00354	1	April 16, 2013
F-Area Tank Farm (Waste Tanks 17 and 20) IROD	SRR-CWDA-2013-00111	1	April 30, 2013
TNX Area Operable Unit (Second ESD to the ROD)	SRNS-RP-2012-00205	1	June 12, 2013
F-Area Tank Farm (Waste Tanks 18 and 19) ESD to the IROD	SRR-CWDA-2013-00007	1.1	September 23, 2013
<i>Fourth Five-Year Remedy Review</i>	<i>SRNS-RP-2012-00011</i>	<i>1.1</i>	<i>February 4, 2014</i>
L-Area Southern Groundwater Operable Unit (ESD to the ROD)	SRNS-RP-2012-00736	1	September 10, 2014
F-Area Tank Farm (Waste Tanks 5 and 6) ESD to the IROD	SRR-CWDA-2014-00008	1	September 11, 2014
C-Area Operable Unit Early Action ROD	SRNS-RP-2014-00836	1	September 2, 2015
<i>Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review for SRS OUs with Native Soil Covers and/or LUCs</i>	<i>SRNS-RP-2014-00902</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>November 30, 2015</i>
H-Area Tank Farm (Waste Tank 16) IROD	SRR-CWDA-2015-00157	1	August 16, 2016
<i>Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review for SRS OUs with Groundwater Remedies</i>	<i>SRNS-RP-2015-00419</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>February 2, 2017</i>
H-Area Tank Farm (Waste Tank 12) ESD to the IROD	SRR-CWDA-2016-00107	0	April 20, 2017
<i>Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review for SRS OUs with Engineered Covers</i>	<i>SRNS-RP-2016-00609</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>February 21, 2018</i>
<i>Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review for SRS OUs with Geosynthetic or S/S Cover Systems</i>	<i>SRNS-RP-2016-00610</i>	<i>1.1</i>	<i>March 27, 2018</i>
Wetland Area at Dunbarton Bay in Support of Steel Creek Integrator Operable Unit ROD ^d	SRNS-RP-2013-00730	1	June 20, 2018
<i>Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for SRS OUs with Operating Equipment</i>	<i>SRNS-RP-2017-00567</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>December 5, 2018</i>
G-Area Oil Seepage Basin (761-13G) Operable Unit ROD	SRNS-RP-2018-01050	1	June 26, 2019
<i>Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for SRS OUs with Native Soil Covers and/or LUCs</i>	<i>SRNS-RP-2018-00811</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>November 5, 2019</i>
D-Area Operable Unit Second EAROD	SRNS-RP-2018-00461	1	September 24, 2020
<i>Sixth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for SRS OUs with Groundwater Remedies</i>	<i>SRNS-RP-2019-00511</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>December 9, 2020</i>

a Shaded text identifies the SRS OUs evaluated in this report for the third phase of the sixth five-year review (i.e., engineered cover systems).

b Unless otherwise noted, the Issuance Date represents the date that the public was notified that the Three-Party signed document was available.

c This is the last signature date instead of the Issuance Date.

d Wetland Area at Dunbarton Bay (WADB) is included in the native soil covers and/or LUCs phase. However, since the sixth five-year remedy review document development will occur before completion of the remedy implementation, WADB will not be included in this review cycle.

RCRA – Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

This page is intentionally left blank.

Table A-6. Summary of No Remedial Actions at SRS OUs

Operable Unit	Remedial Action
<i>No Action/No Further Action</i>	
211-FB Pu-239 Release (081-F)	No Action
716-A Motor Shops Seepage Basin (904-101G)	No Action
Burma Road Rubble Pit (231-4F)	No Action
Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pit (631-6G)	No Action
Central Shops Sludge Lagoon (080-24G)	No Action
C-, F-, K-, and P-Area Coal Pile Runoff Basins (189-C, 289-F, 189-K, 189-P)	No Further Action
Fire Department Hose Training Facility (904-113G)	No Action
Ford Building Waste Site (643-11G)	No Further Action (Removal)
G-Area Oil Seepage Basin (761-13G)	No Action
Gas Cylinder Disposal Facility (131-2L)	No Action
Grace Road Site (631-22G)	No Action
Gunsite 113 Access Road Unit (631-24G)	No Action
Gunsite 218 Rubble Pile (621-23G)	No Action
Gunsite 720 Rubble Pit Unit (631-16G)	No Action
Hydrofluoric Acid Spill (631-4G)	No Action
K-Area and PAR Pond Sludge Land Application Site (761-4G and 761-5G)	No Action
L-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-L)	No Action
L-Area Hot Shop (717-G)	No Further Action
L-Area Northern Groundwater (NBN)	No Action
L-Area Rubble Pile (131-3L)	No Action
M-Area West Unit (631-21G)	No Action
R-Area Acid/Caustic Basin (904-77G)	No Action
Road A Chemical Basin (904-111G)	No Action
SRL Oil Test Site (080-16G)	No Action
West of SRL "Georgia Fields" Site (631-19G)	No Action
<i>No Action/No Further Action OUs Associated with OUs Requiring Remedial Action</i>	
108-4R Overflow Basin (108-4R) ¹	No Further Action
Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pit (631-5G) ²	No Action
ECODS B-3 and B-5 (NBN) ³	No Further Action
ECODS G-3 (Adjacent to Gunsite 012) (NBN) ⁴	No Action
L-Area Acid/Caustic Basin (904-79G) ⁵	No Action
Rubble Pile Across from Gunsite 012 (NBN) ⁴	No Action
<i>RCRA Units that are No Further Action under CERCLA</i>	
H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, 904-56G)	No Further Action (Low Permeability Cap)
Tank 105-C Hazardous Waste Management Facility (NBN)	No Further Action
F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-41G, 904-42G, 904-43G)	No Further Action (Low Permeability Cap, In Situ S/S)
Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E)	No Further Action (Low Permeability Cap)

1 – Included with R-Reactor Seepage Basins (904-57G, 904-58G, 904-59G, 904-60G, 904-103G, and 904-104G)

2 – Included with Heavy Equipment Wash Basin (NBN)

3 – Included with B-Area Operable Unit

4 – Included with Gunsite 012

5 – Included with L-Area Oil and Chemical Basin (904-83G)

This page is intentionally left blank.

Table A-7. List of OU Subunits with Remedial Actions

#	OU Subunits ^{a,b}	SEMS #
1	A-Area Burning/Rubble Pit, 731-1A	28
	A-Area Burning/Rubble Pit, 731-A	
	A-Area Rubble Pit, 731-2A	
	Miscellaneous Chemical Basin, 731-4A	
	Metals Burning Pit, 731-5A	
2	A-Area Miscellaneous Rubble Pile, 731-6A	30
3	A/M Area Groundwater	36
4	B-Area Operable Unit	53
5	C-Area Burning/Rubble Pit, 131-C	31
	Old C-Area Burning/Rubble Pit, NBN	
6	C-Area Groundwater	82
7	C-Area Process Sewer Line as Abandoned, NBN	79
	C-Area Reactor Area Cask Car Railroad Tracks as Abandoned, NBN	
	C-Reactor Discharge Canal, NBN	
	ECODS C-1 (Near C-Area Reactor Discharge Canal), NBN	
	Potential Release from C-Area Disassembly Basin, NBN	
	Potential Release from C-Area Reactor Cooling Water System, 186/190-C	
8	C-Area Reactor Seepage Basin, 904-66G	60
	C-Area Reactor Seepage Basin, 904-67G	
	C-Area Reactor Seepage Basin, 904-68G	
9	Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pit, 631-1G	50
	Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pit, 631-3G	
10	CMP Pit, 080-170G	24
	CMP Pit, 080-171G	
	CMP Pit, 080-180G	
	CMP Pit, 080-181G	
	CMP Pit, 080-182G	
	CMP Pit, 080-183G	
	CMP Pit, 080-190G	
11	C-, K-, L-Reactor Complexes	79, 90, 91
12	D-Area Burning/Rubble Pit, 431-D	15
	D-Area Burning/Rubble Pit, 431-1D	
13	D-Area Ash Basin, 488-D	67
	D-Area Rubble Pit, 431-2D	
14	D-Area Oil Seepage Basin, 631-G	27
15	D-Area Coal Pile Runoff Basin, 489-D	63
	D-Area Waste Oil Facility, 484-10D	
	D-Area Asbestos Pit, 080-20G	
	Combined Spills from 483-D and Associated Areas, NBN	
	D-Area Process Sewer Lines as Abandoned, NBN	
16	E-Area Low Level Waste Facility, 643-26E	86
17	ECODS L-1, NBN	22
	ECODS P-2, NBN	
	ECODS R-1A, -1B, -1C, NBN	
	ECODS N-2, NBN	

Table A-7. List of OU Subunits with Remedial Actions (*continued*)

#	OU Subunits ^{a,b}	SEMS #
18	F-Area Burning/Rubble Pit, 231-1F	14
	F-Area Burning/Rubble Pit, 231-2F	
	F-Area Burning/Rubble Pit, 231-F	
19	F-Area Groundwater	8
20	F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area Seepage Basin, 904-41G)	6
	F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area Seepage Basin, 904-42G)	
	F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area Seepage Basin, 904-43G)	
21	F-Area Retention Basin, 281-3F	23
22	F-Area Tank Farm, Waste Tanks 17 and 20	
	F-Area Tank Farm, Waste Tanks 18 and 19	
	F-Area Tank Farm, Waste Tanks 5 and 6	
23	Ford Building Seepage Basin, 904-91G	58
24	General Separations Area Consolidation Unit including Old Radioactive Waste Burial Ground, 643-E and Old Solvent Tanks (650-01E through 650-22E)	32
	Warner's Pond, 685-23G and Spill on 03/08/1978 of Unknown Seepage Basin Pipe Leak in H-Area Seepage Basin, NBN and Spill on 02/08/1978 of Unknown H-Area Process Sewer Line Cave-In, NBN	
	H-Area Retention Basin, 281-3H and Spill on 05/01/1956 of Unknown Amount of Retention Basin Pipe Leak, NBN	
	HP-52 Ponds, NBN	
25	Gunsite 012 Rubble Pile, NBN	78
	Rubble Pile across from Gunsite 012, NBN	
26	H-Area Groundwater	9
27	H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area Seepage Basin, 904-44G)	7
	H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area Seepage Basin, 904-45G)	
	H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area Seepage Basin, 904-46G)	
	H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area Seepage Basin, 904-56G)	
28	H-Area Tank Farm, Waste Tank 12 ^c	89
	H-Area Tank Farm, Waste Tank 16 ^c	
29	Heavy Equipment Wash Basin, NBN	25
30	K-Area Bingham Pump Outage Pit, 643-1G	20
31	K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit, 131-K	40
	K-Area Rubble Pile, 631-20G	
32	K-Area Reactor Seepage Basin, 904-65G	55
33	L-Area Bingham Pump Outage Pit, 643-2G	26
	L-Area Bingham Pump Outage Pit, 643-3G	
	P-Area Bingham Pump Outage Pit, 643-4G	39
34	L-Area Oil Chemical Basin, 904-83G	17
35	L-Area Reactor Seepage Basin, 904-64G	65
36	L-Area Southern Groundwater, NBN	77
37	M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility: Lost Lake, 904-112G	1
	M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility: M-Area Settling Basin, 904-51G	
38	M-Area Settling Basin Inactive Process Sewers to Manhole 1, 081-M	19

Table A-7. List of OU Subunits with Remedial Actions (*continued*)

#	OU Subunits ^{a,b}	SEMS #
39	Inactive Clay Process Sewer Lines (Including Potential Release of TCT, TET, TCE, HNO ₃ , U, Heavy Metals from 321-M Abandoned Sewer Line), NBN	92
	Salvage Yard, 741-A	
	M-Area Underground Sump 321-M #001	
	M-Area Underground Sump 321-M #002	
	M-Area Test Pile Facility, 305-A	
40	Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility, 904-110G	2
41	Mixed Waste Management Facility, 643-28E	33
42	Old F-Area Seepage Basin, 904-49G	16
43	PAR Pond (including the Pre-Cooler Ponds and Canals), 685-G	35
	PAR Pond: Lower Three Runs IOU Tail Portion (Middle and Lower Subunits)	
44	P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit, 131-P	59
45	P-Area Ash Basin (including Outfall P-007), 188-P	94
	Potential Release from P-Area Disassembly Basin, NBN	
	Potential Release from P-Area Reactor Cooling Water System, 186/190-P	
	P-Area Reactor Area Cask Car Railroad Tracks as Abandoned, NBN	
	P-Area Process Sewer Lines as Abandoned, NBN and Spill on 3/15/79 of 5500 Gallons of Contaminated Water, NBN	
46	P-Area Reactor Seepage Basin, 904-61G	66
	P-Area Reactor Seepage Basin, 904-62G	
	P-Area Reactor Seepage Basin, 904-63G	
47	R-Area Bingham Pump Outage Pit, 643-10G	38
	R-Area Bingham Pump Outage Pit, 643-8G	
	R-Area Bingham Pump Outage Pit, 643-9G	
	R-Area Unknown Pit #1 (Runk-1), NBN	
	R-Area Unknown Pit #2 (Runk-2), NBN	
	R-Area Unknown Pit #3 (Runk-3), NBN	
48	R-Area Burning/Rubble Pit, 131-1R	43
	R-Area Burning/Rubble Pit, 131-R	
	R-Area Rubble Pit, 631-25G	
49	Area on the North Side of Building 105-R	95
	Laydown Area North of 105-R	
	R-Area Cooling Water Effluent Sump, 107-R	
	Potential Release of NaOH/H ₂ SO ₄ from 183-2R, NBN	
	R-Area Ash Basin, 188-R	
	Potential Release from R-Area Disassembly Basin, NBN	
	R-Area Reactor Area Cask Car Railroad Tracks as Abandoned, NBN	
	Release from the Decontamination of R-Reactor Disassembly Basin, NBN	
	Combined Spills North of Building 105-R, NBN	
	R-Area Process Sewer Lines as Abandoned, NBN	
	R-Area Reactor Building, 105-R	

Table A-7. List of OU Subunits with Remedial Actions (*continued/end*)

#	OU Subunits ^{a,b}	SEMS #
50	R-Area Reactor Seepage Basin, 904-103G	25
	R-Area Reactor Seepage Basin, 904-104G	
	R-Area Reactor Seepage Basin, 904-57G	
	R-Area Reactor Seepage Basin, 904-58G	
	R-Area Reactor Seepage Basin, 904-59G	
	R-Area Reactor Seepage Basin, 904-60G	
51	Silverton Road Waste Unit, 731-3A	13
52	SRL Seepage Basin, 904-53G1	47
	SRL Seepage Basin, 904-53G2	
	SRL Seepage Basin, 904-54G	
	SRL Seepage Basin, 904-55G	
53	Neutralization Sump, 678-T	96
	X-001 Outfall Drainage Ditch, NBN	
	TNX Outfall Delta, Lower Discharge Gully and Swamp, NBN	
	TNX-Area Process Sewer Lines and Tile Fields as Abandoned, NBN	
54	TNX Groundwater, 082G	21
	New TNX Seepage Basin, 901-102G	29
	Old TNX Seepage Basin, 904-76G	
	TNX Burying Ground, 643-5G (Including Spill on 1/12/53 of ½ Ton of Uranyl Nitrate, NBN)	
55	Wetland Area at Dunbarton Bay ^c	71

- a OU subunits include RCRA/CERCLA units and RCRA regulated units. Deactivation & Decommissioning facilities are not represented.
- b Shaded text identifies the SRS OUs evaluated in this report for the third phase of the sixth five-year review (i.e., engineered cover systems).
- c Wetland Area at Dunbarton Bay (WADB) is included in the native soil covers and/or LUCs phase. However, since the sixth five-year remedy review document development will occur before completion of the remedy implementation, WADB will not be included in this review cycle.

EVALUATION OF CHANGES IN STANDARDS AND TOXICITY

This appendix provides an evaluation of changes in standards and toxicity for chemical and radiological constituents since the last five-year remedy review was initiated in 2016 for the Savannah River Site (SRS) operable units (OUs) evaluated in this report. The purpose of the evaluation is to determine if there are any changes in standards or toxicity values that would call into question the protectiveness of the remedy. No protectiveness issues with respect to changes in standards and toxicity were identified in the previous five-year remedy review report (SRNS 2017).

An evaluation was performed for analytes that were identified as constituents of concern (COCs) for the OUs discussed in Appendix C through Appendix L. These OUs were grouped in the Engineered Cover Systems category and were designed to have a lower permeability and more effective surface drainage as compared to native soil covers. The Engineered Cover Systems category includes OUs that used common fill or clayey material and had some form of engineering controls (i.e., soil material requirements, soil compaction requirements, and/or storm water management systems).

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Non-Radiological Constituents (May 2020), USEPA Preliminary Remediation Goals (PRGs) for Radionuclides (November 2019), and USEPA Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) for radiological and chemical constituents were evaluated in this review. These values are identified as 2020 RSLs, 2020 PRGs, and MCLs in Tables B-1 through B-3 and were compared to the values available in 2016 when the last five-year remedy review for these OUs was initiated. Standards and toxicity values for both the industrial worker and hypothetical residential receptor are provided for comparative purposes for most media.

The comparison tables do not make any distinction between COCs that were the primary drivers for the selected remedial action and other analytes that were simply addressed through the same remedy. Most importantly, the values presented in Tables B-1 through B-3 are not cleanup levels and should not be considered remedial goals unless otherwise noted in the OU-specific remedy reviews. Therefore, the information in Appendix B is not standalone, but must be considered in

context with the information and selected remedy presented in the OU-specific reviews located in Appendix C through Appendix L.

Changes to a standard or toxicity factor are unique to each analyte and are often related to revisions in exposure assumptions, reference doses, cancer potency factors, and exposure pathways used to calculate the value. For the reasons explained in the previous paragraph, the impact that more stringent RSLs or PRGs have on protectiveness must be considered with respect to the OU-specific remedy. In most cases, a change in a standard or toxicity value is irrelevant because the analyte(s) may no longer be present or is (are) significantly reduced if the selected remedy also included excavation and offsite disposal. In addition, exposure to contaminants is controlled by an engineered cover system and land use controls. Therefore, risk-based cleanup goals for each OU do not warrant revision as a result of changes to toxicity criteria, RSLs/PRGs, exposure factors/assumptions, or risk methodology, because the engineered cover system remedy is effective in eliminating the exposure pathways of concern. In addition, there are no changes in land use, including zoning changes, routes of exposure or receptors, or changes in the physical site conditions that would compromise the protectiveness of the remedy.

In December 2016, a major revision to the approach for calculating PRGs was announced by USEPA. The primary change was that the plus daughter (+D) isotopes designation was removed and the secular equilibrium PRG calculation was identified as the preferred (i.e., default) value. The PRGs for each daughter are combined with the parent on a fractional basis to produce a single PRG for the parent, and the resulting PRG is based on secular equilibrium of the full chain regardless of half-life. By comparison, the PRG (+D) values available in May 2016 only included daughter products with a half-life of six months or less. For this reason, the difference in the criteria for inclusion of the daughter products must be considered when comparing the 2016 and 2020 PRG values.

There are two entries for the 2020 PRGs in Table B-2. For each constituent, the top entry is the PRG for the individual radionuclide (i.e., no daughter products). The bottom entry (in parentheses) is the default secular equilibrium PRG that includes the subsequent daughter products from the entire decay chain. Differences between the 2016 and the 2020 PRGs for the +D analytes (radium-226, radium-228, thorium-228, uranium-235, uranium-238) are primarily due to the daughter

products considered in the calculation as described in the previous paragraph (6 month half-lives verses entire decay chain). The slight change to the cesium-137 and strontium-90 PRGs are due to implementation of updated soil gamma shielding factors.

In June 2017, the RSLs for polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) were revised due to toxicity value changes based on a new Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) profile. These include benzo(a)pyrene and chemicals with associated relative potency factors. Both the residential and industrial worker soil values increased by almost a full order of magnitude (i.e., less stringent). The revised RSLs are highlighted in orange in Table B-1.

The evaluation for each remedy to determine if exposure assumptions, toxicity data, cleanup levels, and remedial action objectives are still valid is discussed in each OU-specific review located in Appendix C through Appendix L. The evaluations shown in Tables B-1 through B-3 confirm that there have been no significant changes in standards or toxicity factors that would affect the protectiveness of the remedies evaluated in this report.

DOCUMENTS REVIEWED

SRNS, 2017. *Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review Report for the Savannah River Site Operable Units with Engineered Cover Systems (U)* Aiken, South Carolina, SRNS-RP-2016-00609, Revision 1.1, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

This page is intentionally left blank.

Table B-1. Comparison of Non-Radiological Standards in Soil Media

Analyte ^a	2016 RSLs ^b		2020 RSLs ^c		SEMS Number(s) ^d
	Residential Soil (mg/kg)	Industrial Worker Soil (mg/kg)	Residential Soil (mg/kg)	Industrial Worker Soil (mg/kg)	
Aluminum	7.7E+04	1.1E+06	7.7E+04	1.1E+06	1, 33
Arsenic	6.8E-01	3.0E+00	6.8E-01	3.0E+00	7, 15, 40, 58
Barium	1.5E+04	2.2E+05	1.5E+04	2.2E+05	6, 7, 33
Cadmium	7.1E+01	9.8E+02	7.1E+01	9.8E+02	6, 7, 33
Chloride	1.8E-01	7.8E-01	1.8E-01	7.8E-01	1
Chloroform	3.2E-01	1.4E+00	3.2E-01	1.4E+00	33
Chromium	3.0E-01	6.3E+00	3.0E-01	6.3E+00	6, 15, 47
Copper	3.1E+03	4.7E+04	3.1E+03	4.7E+04	6, 7
Cyanide	2.3E+01	1.5E+02	2.3E+01	1.5E+02	2, 6
1,1-Dichloroethane	3.6E+00	1.6E+01	3.6E+00	1.6E+01	33
1,2-Dichloroethylene (trans)	1.6E+03	2.3E+04	1.6E+03	2.3E+04	33
Dioxin (2,3,7,8-TCDD)	4.8E-06	2.2E-05	4.8E-06	2.2E-05	15
Iron	5.5E+04	8.2E+05	5.5E+04	8.2E+05	33
Lead	4.0E+02	8.0E+02	4.0E+02	8.0E+02	1, 6, 7, 33
Manganese	1.8E+03	2.6E+04	1.8E+03	2.6E+04	15, 33
Mercury	1.1E+01	4.6E+01	1.1E+01	4.6E+01	6, 7, 47
Nickel	1.5E+03	2.2E+04	1.5E+03	2.2E+04	1, 6, 7, 33
Nitrate	1.3E+05	1.9E+06	1.3E+05	1.9E+06	1, 2, 6, 7
Phenol	1.9E+04	2.5E+05	1.9E+04	2.5E+05	33
Phosphate	3.8E+06	5.7E+07	3.8E+06	5.7E+07	1
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)					
~Aroclor 1254	2.4E-01	9.7E-01	2.4E-01	9.7E-01	58
~Aroclor 1260	2.4E-01	9.9E-01	2.4E-01	9.9E-01	15
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)					
~Benzo[a]anthracene	1.6E-01	2.9E+00	1.1E+00	2.1E+01	40, 50
~Benzo[b]fluoranthene	1.6E-01	2.9E+00	1.1E+00	2.1E+01	40, 50
~Benzo[a]pyrene	1.6E-02	2.9E-01	1.1E-01	2.1E+00	15, 40, 50
~Benzo[k]fluoranthene	1.6E+00	2.9E+01	1.1E+01	2.1E+02	40
~Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene	1.6E-02	2.9E-01	1.1E-01	2.1E+00	40, 50
~Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	1.6E-01	2.9E+00	1.1E+00	2.1E+01	40, 50
Sulfate	NA	NA	NA	NA	1, 2
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	2.4E+01	1.0E+02	2.4E+01	1.0E+02	1, 6, 7, 33
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	9.4E-01	6.0E+00	9.4E-01	6.0E+00	1, 6, 33
1,1,1, Trichloroethane	8.1E+03	3.6E+04	8.1E+03	3.6E+04	1
Vanadium	3.9E+02	5.8E+03	3.9E+02	5.8E+03	7
Zinc	2.3E+04	3.5E+05	2.3E+04	3.5E+05	6, 7, 33

a Analytes listed were identified as COCs for the OUs discussed in Appendix C through Appendix L

b USEPA Nonradiological RSLs, May 2016.

c USEPA Nonradiological RSLs, May 2020.

d OUs and corresponding SEMS number(s) are identified in Appendix A, Table A-5.

mg/kg = milligram per kilogram

Revised RSLs are highlighted in orange

Table B-2. Comparison of Radiological Standards in Soil Media

Analyte ^a	2016 PRGs ^b		2020 PRGs ^c		SEMS Number(s) ^d
	Residential Soil (pCi/g)	Industrial Worker Soil (pCi/g)	Residential Soil (pCi/g)	Industrial Worker Soil (pCi/g)	
Actinium-228	7.35E+02	1.1E+03	7.4E+02 (1.0E-02)	1.1E+03 (1.5E-02)	47
Americium-241	2.27E+00	4.7E+00	2.3E+00 (5.2E-02)	4.7E+00 (8.4E-02)	6, 47
Carbon-14	3.17E+02	1.1E+03	3.2E+02 (3.2E+02)	1.1E+03 (1.1E+03)	7, 33
Cesium-137(+D)	6.05E-02	9.1E-02	2.5E+01 (4.6E-02)	5.7E+01 (6.9E-02)	6, 47, 58
Cobalt-60	3.30E-02	4.8E-02	3.3E-02 (9.4E-03)	4.8E-02 (1.4E-02)	6, 7, 47, 58
Curium-243	3.50E-01	5.4E-01	3.5E-01 (3.9E-02)	5.4E-01 (6.2E-02)	6, 47
Curium-244	8.76E+00	3.3E+01	8.8E+00 (9.8E-03)	3.3E+01 (1.5E-02)	6, 47
Europium-154	4.73E-02	7.0E-02	4.7E-02 (2.0E-02)	7.0E-02 (3.0E-02)	58
Iodine-129	2.75E+00	9.2E+00	2.8E+00 (2.8E+00)	9.2E+00 (9.2E+00)	7
Tritium (H-3)	2.37E-01	3.0E-01	2.4E-01 (1.3E-01)	3.0E-01 (1.6E-01)	6, 7, 33
Potassium-40	1.44E-01	2.2E-01	1.4E-01 (1.4E-01)	2.2E-01 (2.2E-01)	47
Lead-212	3.40E+03	5.0E+03	3.4E+03 (1.6E-02)	5.0E+03 (2.4E-02)	47
Neptunium-239	1.33E-01	2.0E-01	5.7E+02 (3.7E-02)	8.3E+02 (5.9E-02)	47
Plutonium-238	4.28E+00	1.4E+01	4.3E+00 (1.3E-02)	1.4E+01 (2.0E-02)	47
Plutonium-239	3.79E+00	1.2E+01	3.8E+00 (4.5E-02)	1.2E+01 (7.3E-02)	47
Radium-226(+D)	1.38E-02	2.1E-02	1.0E+00 (1.3E-02)	3.1E+00 (2.0E-02)	6, 7, 15
Radium-228(+D)	8.82E-02	1.3E-01	1.5E+00 (9.9E-03)	7.5E+00 (1.5E-02)	6, 7, 15, 47
Strontium-90(+D)	4.20E+00	9.0E+00	1.3E+01 (3.1E+00)	3.8E+01 (6.8E+00)	6, 7, 47
Technetium-99	1.13E+02	7.7E+02	1.1E+02 (1.1E+02)	7.7E+02 (7.7E+02)	6, 7
Thorium-228(+D)	2.80E+01 ^e	1.1E+02 ^e	2.8E+01 (1.6E-02)	1.1E+02 (2.4E-02)	47
Thorium-230	5.07E+00	1.8E+01	5.1E+00 (1.3E-02)	1.8E+01 (2.0E-02)	47
Thorium-232	4.67E+00	1.7E+01	4.7E+00 (9.9E-03)	1.7E+01 (1.5E-02)	47

Table B-2. Comparison of Radiological Standards in Soil Media (*continued/end*)

Analyte ^a	2016 PRGs ^b		2020 PRGs ^c		SEMS Number(s) ^d
	Residential Soil (pCi/g)	Industrial Worker Soil (pCi/g)	Residential Soil (pCi/g)	Industrial Worker Soil (pCi/g)	
Uranium-233	5.63E+00	2.5E+01	5.6E+00 (8.9E-02)	2.6E+01 (1.5E-01)	1, 6, 7, 47
Uranium-234	5.83E+00	2.8E+01	5.8E+00 (1.3E-02)	2.8E+01 (2.0E-02)	1, 6, 7, 33, 47
Uranium-235(+D)	1.94E-01	3.0E-01	2.0E-01 (4.6E-02)	3.2E-01 (7.3E-02)	33, 47
Uranium-238(+D)	7.98E-01	1.4E+00	6.5E+00 (1.2E-02)	3.1E+01 (2.0E-02)	1, 6, 33

a Analytes listed were identified as COCs for the OUs discussed in Appendix C through Appendix L

b USEPA Radiological PRGs, November 2014.

c USEPA Radiological PRGs, November 2019.

d OUs and corresponding SEMS number(s) are identified in Appendix A, Table A-5.

e PRG shown for Thorium-228 only. PRG for Thorium-228 plus daughters (+D) was not published in the November 2014 and November 2019 updates.

pCi/g = picoCuries per gram

Revised RSLs are highlighted in orange

Table B-3. Non-Radiological Standards in Groundwater Media (MCLs)

Analyte ^a	2016 RSL ^b (µg/L)	2020 RSL ^c (µg/L)	MCL (µg/L) ^d	SEMS Number(s) ^e
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	--	--	5	2, 40
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	--	--	5	2, 40

a Analytes listed were identified as COCs for the OUs discussed in Appendix C through Appendix L

b USEPA Non-Radiological RSLs for tapwater, May 2016.

c USEPA Non-Radiological RSLs for tapwater, May 2020.

d Current MCL table is provided for reference only. Comparative analysis is not shown because MCLs have not changed since the previous five-year remedy review.

e OUs and corresponding SEMS number(s) are identified in Appendix A, Table A-5.

This page is intentionally left blank.

CENTRAL SHOPS BURNING/RUBBLE PITS (631-1G AND 631-3G) OPERABLE UNIT

I. Introduction

This report is the fourth five-year review for Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G and 631-3G) (CSBRP) Operable Unit (OU). This review was conducted from July 2020 through December 2020. Contaminants have been left in place at the CSBRP OU at levels that do not allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. The purpose of this review is to determine whether the remedy in place at the CSBRP OU is protective of human health and the environment. This report documents the results of the review.

II. OU Chronology

Table C-1 lists the chronology of site events for the CSBRP OU.

III. Background

The CSBRP OU is listed as a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)/Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act unit in Appendix C of the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA) for Savannah River Site (SRS) (FFA 1993). The media associated with CSBRP OU include soil and groundwater beneath the OU.

The results of the remedial investigation contained in the *RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI)/Remedial Investigation (RI) with Baseline Risk Assessment (BRA) for CSBRP (631-1G and 631-3G) OU* (WSRC 2001) included an evaluation of the soil, surface water, and groundwater. Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) were detected in pit subsurface soils (0.3-1.2 m [1-4 ft]) as a result of burning activities. However, the conclusion of the evaluation was that the CSBRP OU has not contributed to groundwater contamination adjacent to or beneath the CSBRP OU. No other constituents of concern (COCs) were identified for any of the subunits of CSBRP OU, including soil, surface water, and groundwater. However, unacceptable exposure to future human receptors could occur if

contaminated subsurface soils are excavated and brought to the surface. Therefore, it was determined that perched/trapped water associated with existing drainage conditions required mitigation to reduce the uncertainty of future contaminant migration.

Physical Characteristics

The CSBRP OU is located in the central part of the SRS, approximately 10.5 km (6.5 mi) from the nearest site boundary. It is in the northern part of N Area (Central Shops). Figure C-1 shows the location of the CSBRP OU within SRS. Figure C-2 depicts the layout of the CSBRP OU. Prior to 1951, the CSBRP OU area was farmland in an area of moderate relief. The pits are located in cleared areas adjacent to wooded lands.

Initially, the CSBRP OU was composed of two inactive burning/rubble pits, Pit 631-1G and Pit 631-3G, located along the northern and western sides of the Active Burning Area (631-2G) (Figure C-2). However, trenching performed during characterization activities identified that Pit 631-3G was composed of two adjacent pits, which were subsequently named 631-3G and 631-3GA.

Land and Resource Use

According to the *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report* (USDOE 1996), residential uses of the SRS land should be prohibited. The *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site* (WSRC 1999) designates CSBRP OU as being within an industrial area. The future land use for CSBRP OU is reasonably anticipated to remain industrial with the U.S. Department of Energy (USDOE) maintaining control of the land.

History of Contamination

CSBRP OU was in operation from the 1950s to about 1985. In 1973, periodic burning of waste ceased, and a layer of soil was placed over the ashes. Pit 631-1G received an estimated 884 m³ (1,156 yd³) of asbestos, empty paint cans, ash, paper, and glass. Pit 631-3G received an estimated 10,224 m³ (13,372 yd³) of debris consisting of asbestos, empty paint cans, fluorescent light fixtures, paper, cans, lumber, barrels, metal pipes, metal shavings, and electrical switch gear. Additional investigations within Pit 631-3G identified

abundant stainless-steel metal shavings, sheet metal, burned wood, and one crushed 208-L (55-gal) drum. Pit 631-3GA received an estimated 10,224 m³ (13,372 yd³) of debris consisting of unburned materials including metal, large concrete slabs, and transite. In addition, burned materials identified in the pit included sheet metal, stainless steel shavings, wire, glass and wood. Figures C-3 and C-4 present photographs of the CSBRP OU before remediation and in the current condition.

During disposal activities, water that collected in the pits was discharged to the adjacent drainage ditches. Drainage ditches and the flow paths of stormwater runoff have changed over time.

Initial Response

After disposal activities had been completed, the pits and ditches were covered with 1.05 to 3 m (3.5 to 10 ft) of native soil backfill as needed to create a mounded profile and the area was graded to enhance stormwater management.

Basis for Taking Action

The only COCs identified for CSBRP OU based on the RFI/RI/BRA investigation (WSRC 2001) were PAHs. PAHs were detected in pit subsurface soils (0.3-1.2 m [1-4 ft]) as a result of burning activities. According to the protocols for human health risk management for the future restricted (industrial) land use scenario, the presence of PAHs below 0.3 m (1 ft) depth in soils does not pose a human health risk to the industrial worker. However, unacceptable exposure to future human receptors could occur if contaminated subsurface soils are excavated and brought to the surface. No other COCs were determined for any subunit of the CSBRP OU, including groundwater, and there are no applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements associated with CSBRP OU. However, it was determined that continued accumulation of stormwater in contact with the buried materials was an unacceptable condition. Stormwater management needed to be improved to prevent stormwater from infiltrating and accumulating in the pits, which could potentially cause PAHs to migrate to the adjacent wetland (i.e., surface water) or the groundwater. PAHs tend to be immiscible in water. The list of specific PAHs is shown in Table C-2.

Section 7.1 of the Post Construction Report (PCR) / Corrective Measures Implementation Report (CMIR) / Final Remediation Report (FRR) requires water level measurements to be reported in the five-year remedy review report (WSRC 2005).

No remedial goals were established.

IV. Remedial Actions

Remedy Selection

As stated in the Record of Decision (ROD) for CSBRP OU (WSRC 2002), the remedial action objective (RAO) for the CSBRP OU is as follows:

- Maintain restricted (industrial) land use.

The selected remedy for the CSBRP OU was institutional controls (i.e. land use controls [LUCs]) with enhanced stormwater management. The improved stormwater management was needed to prevent stormwater from infiltrating and accumulating at the bottom of the pits and potentially migrating to the adjacent wetland or the groundwater and included water-level monitoring in two wells.

Remedy Implementation

The selected final remedy for the CSBRP OU provides the greatest level of protection to human and ecological receptors. The remedy includes the following:

- Installation of two piezometers for monitoring the water level in Pit 631-3G to determine the effects of the drainage enhancement;
 - Improvements to stormwater management, which include routing surface water flow away from the pits to minimize water infiltration into the pits and vegetative covers over the pits;
 - Establishment of a maintenance program for the 0.17-hectare (0.43-acre) native soil cover; and
-

- Establishment of LUCs for 1.14 hectares (2.81 acres) consisting of general site access controls, groundwater use restrictions, the SRS Site Use / Site Clearance program, and deed restrictions and notifications.

System Operations/Operation and Maintenance

There are no system operation requirements. The following maintenance activities are ongoing:

- The water level in Pit 631-3G is measured monthly with piezometers (CSR 14PZ and CSR 17PZ) to determine if the pit surface area improvements are reducing the water level in the pit as designed. The water level measurements are shown on Figure C-5 and the evaluations are discussed in Section VI. Five-Year Review Process.
- Site inspections (semiannual through 2014; frequency reduced to annual thereafter [USDOE 2014]) and site maintenance.
- Site controls and land use restrictions via the SRS Site Use / Site Clearance Programs, which restrict invasive and permanent installation activities at the CSBRP OU.

Table C-3 compares the actual operation and maintenance (O&M) costs for the five-year remedy review period to the estimated direct O&M costs from the ROD (WSRC 2002). The estimated O&M cost for fiscal year (FY) 2016 to FY2020 was \$40,000 for site inspections and maintenance and LUCs. The actual O&M cost for FY2016 to FY2020 is \$124,868. The O&M costs during the last five years (i.e., FY2016 to FY2020) have been higher than estimated because the estimated costs in the ROD did not fully include all O&M activities for site maintenance, inspections, and monitoring.

V. Progress since Last Review

The previous protectiveness statement concluded that implementation of institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) at the CSBRP OU is expected to remain protective of human health and the environment. Institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) and enhanced stormwater management have been implemented and are functioning properly. It is recommended that

water level measurements continue to be taken at the two piezometers (CSR 14PZ and CSR 17PZ).

VI. Five-Year Review Process

The following tasks were performed as part of the review:

- Reviewed the documents listed in Section XII, Documents Referenced;
- Reviewed the water level measurement data in piezometers CSR 14PZ and CSR 17PZ at Pit 361-3G (Figure C-5);
- Confirmed the implementation of the remedial action;
- Inspected the OU and documented the results on the Inspection Checklist provided in Attachment C-1 with the purpose of assessing the protectiveness of the remedy and the functionality of the access controls; and
- Reviewed changes in standards and to-be-considered guidance.

Data Review

The improved stormwater management has been moderately effective in reducing the water level in Pit 631-3G. Generally, reduction of water elevation in Pit 631-3G since the stormwater management improvements were made indicate that the improvements have been working as designed. Data from two piezometers (CSR 14PZ and CSR 17PZ) sampled at CSBRP OU are shown in Figure C-5. Piezometer CSR 14PZ results indicate that water elevation increased above the bottom of the basin (3 m [10 ft]) due to 18 cm (7.1 in) of rain that fell during October 2015, 20.3 cm (7.99 in) of rain that fell in November 2018, and 25.3 cm (9.98 in) of rain that fell in February 2020. Piezometer CSR 17PZ has no water elevation measurements above the bottom of the basin. The increases in rainfall caused the water level increase of perched water in portions of Pit 631-3G. The increase in water levels was not of concern for the effectiveness of the remedy since the levels were temporary and PAHs are not miscible in water.

Summary of Inspections and Interviews

Interviews were conducted with Richard Feagin, Environmental Compliance and Area Completion Project (EC&ACP) Post-Closure Lead, and Phil Carter, EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead, on August 4, 2020 at the O&M organization offices. No issues were identified for the CSBRP OU during these interviews. The CSBRP OU was inspected by Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC (SRNS) EC&ACP on July 21, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

The CSBRP OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP and USDOE personnel on November 24, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

A site inspection was conducted by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control personnel, accompanied by USDOE and SRNS personnel, via Microsoft Teams on March 16, 2021. Photographs and drone videos were used to inspect the OU virtually. No significant problems regarding this OU were identified during the inspection.

Scheduled annual site inspections conducted from FY2016 through FY2020 identified the following issues: active ant mounds and overgrown vegetation. These findings were documented on the field inspection checklists and resolved soon after discovery.

VII. Technical Assessment

Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The selected remedy, stormwater management with institution controls (i.e., LUCs) is effective in preventing human exposure to contaminants above the 1E-06 risk level and is functioning as intended.

LUCs are meeting the remedial goals established for the CSBRP OU as discussed in Section IV, by eliminating or controlling all routes of exposure to human health.

Institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) have been effective in maintaining restricted (industrial) land use. Annual site inspections and site maintenance have been effective in maintaining

the integrity of the soil cover. Based on the site inspections, there is no indication of potential remedy failure that could place protectiveness at risk.

The Land Use Control Implementation Plan for the CSBRP OU, located in Appendix F of the PCR/CMIR/FRR, governs LUC implementation, maintenance, monitoring, reporting and enforcement of LUCs (WSRC 2005). The LUCs that are in place include physical access controls to prevent unauthorized contact, removal or excavation of subsurface soils, and restrictions to prevent disturbance of the CSBRP OU. Warning signs are in good condition, and no activities were observed that would have violated the LUCs. All LUC objectives are being met.

Are Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives still valid?

The exposure assumptions, toxicity data, cleanup levels, and RAOs used at the time of final remedy selection are still valid. There have been no changes in standards or physical conditions of the CSBRP OU that would affect the protectiveness of the remedy.

The USEPA standards and toxicity values have been updated since the last five-year remedy review as shown in Appendix B. The changes to the values for COCs at the CSBRP OU were not significant, and the RAOs continues to be met by the remedial action. No new standards or to-be-considered guidance have been identified that call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

Fact sheets provided on the USEPA webpage regarding emerging contaminants were reviewed for applicability to this site. None of the listed emerging contaminants were identified as applicable to this OU.

Has any Other Information Come to Light that Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No other information has come to light that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

VIII. Issues

There are no issues related to current site conditions or activities that prevent the remedy from being protective for this OU.

IX. Recommendations and Follow-up Actions

There are no recommendations or follow-up actions for this OU.

X. Protectiveness Statement(s)

The remedy at CSBRP OU is protective of human health and the environment.

Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled by institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) to prevent exposure to or ingestion of contaminated soil media. All threats to the CSBRP OU are being addressed through physical access controls to prevent unauthorized entry to SRS (fences, guards, security patrols, etc.), administrative controls that maintain the CSBRP OU for industrial use only, and warning signs and land use restrictions via the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance Program.

XI. Next Review

As shown in Appendix A, Table A-1, the next five-year review for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems is scheduled for January 2027.

XII. Documents Reviewed

FFA, 1993. *Federal Facility Agreement for the Savannah River Site*, Administrative Docket No. 89-05-FF (Effective Date: August 16, 1993)

USDOE, 1996. *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report*, U.S. Department of Energy, Savannah River Operations Office, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

USDOE, 2014. Letter, B. T. Hennessey (USDOE) to S. B. Fulmer (SCDHEC) and R. H. Pope (USEPA), *Request to Change the Inspection Frequency for Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G and 631-3G) and Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-19G)*

Operable Units, CERCLIS Numbers: 50 and 58, IACD-14-186, dated August 20, 2014, Department of Energy, Savannah River Operations Office, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1999. *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site*, WSRC-RP-98-4125, Revision 1.1, latest revision, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2001. *RCRA Facility Investigation/Remedial Investigation with Baseline Risk Assessment for the Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G and 631-3G) (U)*, WSRC-RP-98-4043, Revision 1.2, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2002. *Record of Decision Remedial Alternative Selection for the Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (CSBRP) (631-1G and 631-3G) Operable Unit (U)*, WSRC-RP-2001-4265, Revision 1.1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2005. *Post-Construction Report (PCR)/Corrective Measures Implementation Report (CMIR) /Final Remediation Report (FRR) for the Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G and 631-3G/3GA Operable Unit (U)*, WSRC-RP-2004-4014, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

Various – *Inspection Data Sheets - Field Inspection Checklist for Central Shops Burning Rubble Pits Operable Units 631-1G and 631-3G*, ER-IDS-019-031, Inspection Period FY 2016 through 2020

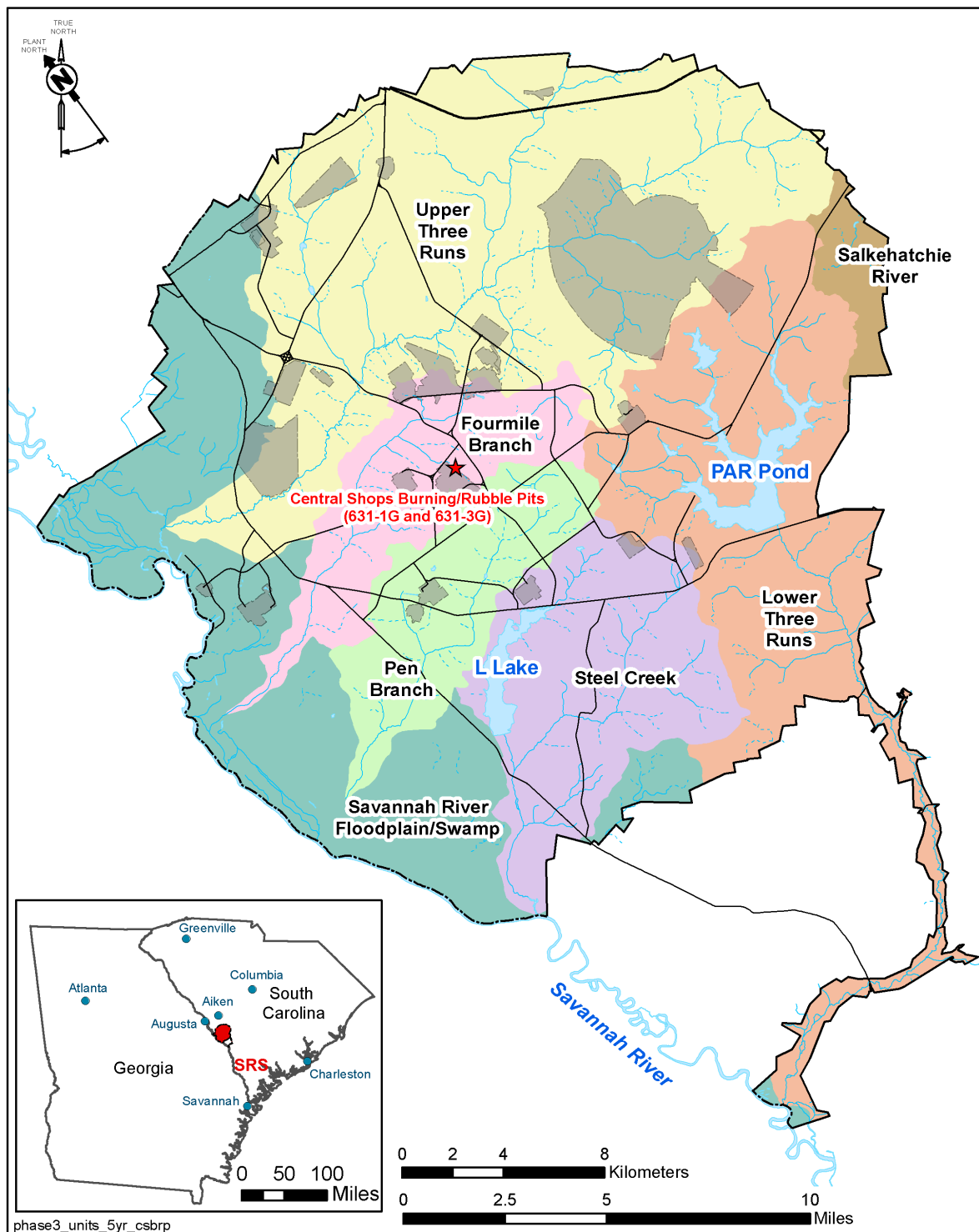


Figure C-1. Location of the CSBRP OU at SRS

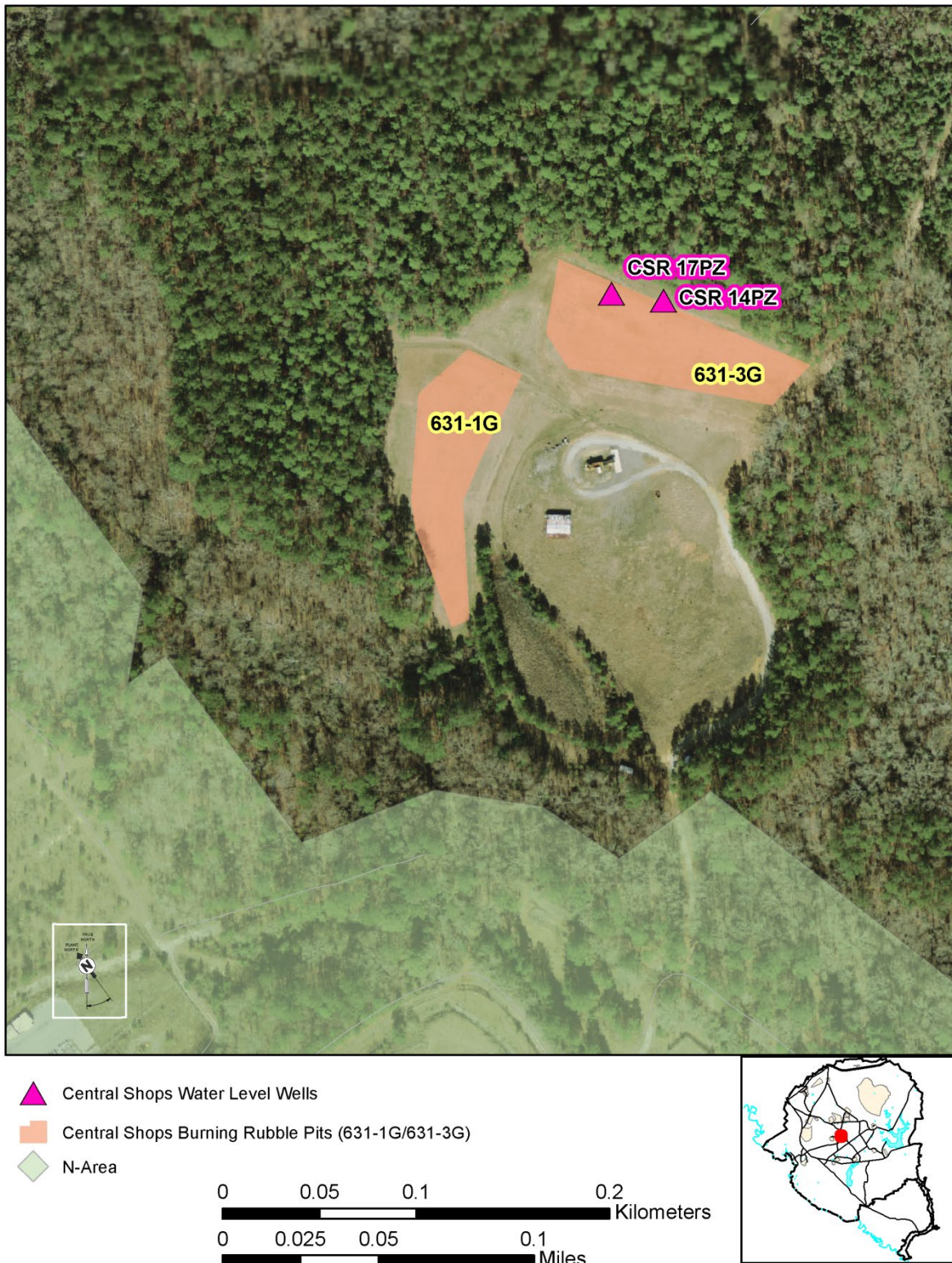


Figure C-2. Layout of the CSBRP OU



Figure C-3. Photo of CSBRP OU Before Remediation Activities (1985)

This page is intentionally left blank.



Figure C-4. Current Photo of CSBRP OU (2020)

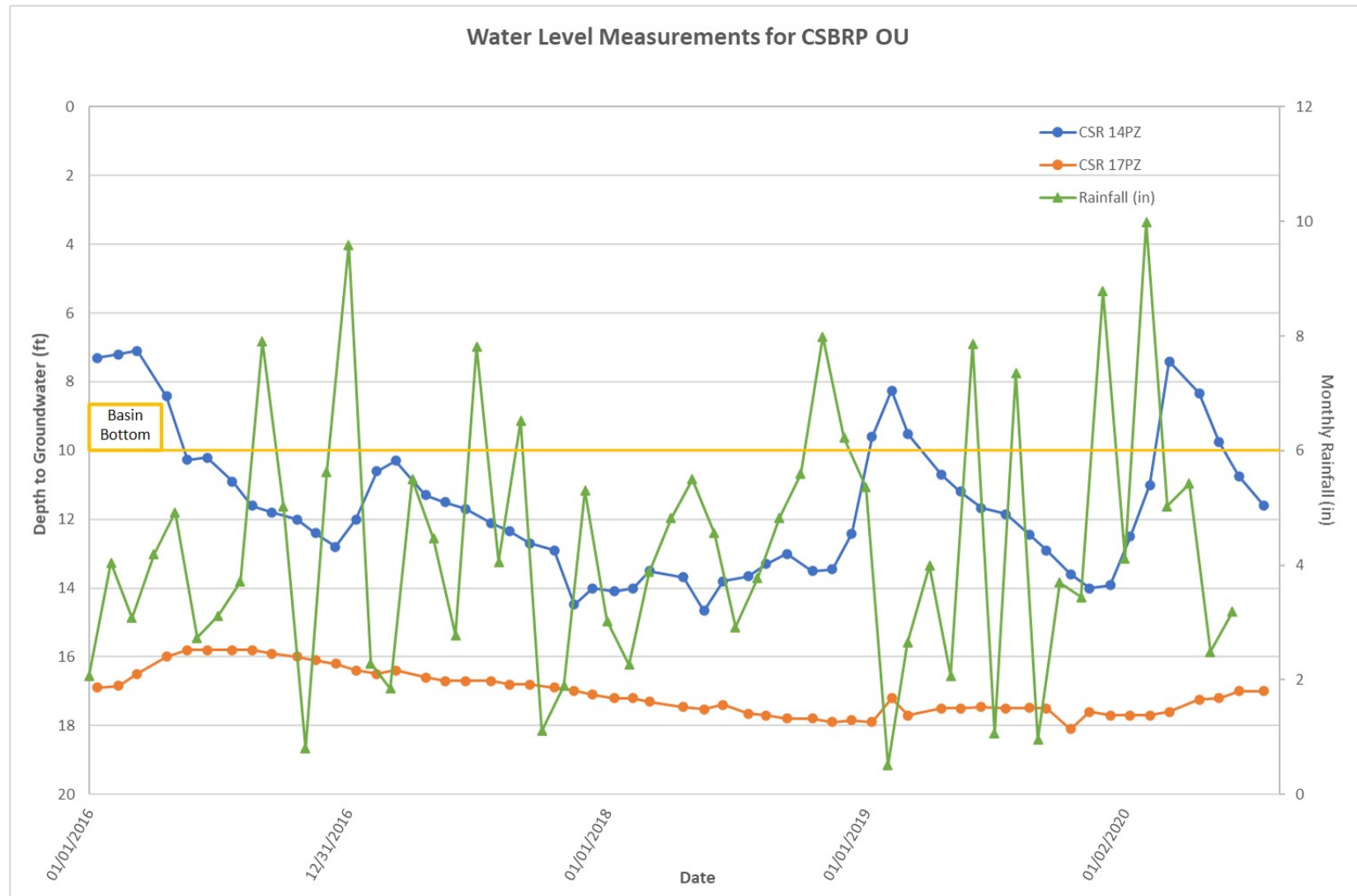


Figure C-5. Water Level Measurements from CSR 14PZ and CSR 17PZ (2016-2020)

Table C-1. Chronology of OU Events

Event	Date
RFI/RI Field Start/Complete	June 1996 / June 4, 2001
ROD Issuance	June 30, 2003
Remedial Action Start/Complete	November 17, 2003 / November 3, 2004
Previous Five-Year Reviews Issuance	January 29, 2009 / February 4, 2014 / February 21, 2018

Table C-2. Constituents of Concern for Future Industrial Worker at CSBRP OU

Subunit	Medium	COC	Total Carcinogenic Risk
Pit 631-1G	0-4 ft Soil	Benzo[a]pyrene	2.1E-06
Total Cumulative Risk = 2.1E-06			
Pit 631-3G	0-4 ft Soil	Benzo[a]anthracene	3.0E-06
		Benzo[a]pyrene	1.8E-05
		Benzo[b]fluoranthene	3.8E-06
		Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene	8.9E-06
		Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	1.9E-06
Total Cumulative Risk = 3.6E-05			

Table C-3. Actual versus Estimated O&M Costs

	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	5-Year Total
Total Actual O&M Costs (\$)	24,048	28,879	17,709	26,242	27,990	124,868
Total ROD Estimated Direct O&M Costs* (\$)	5,000	20,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	40,000

*Costs for preparation of the Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review were accounted for in FY2017.

This page is intentionally left blank.

Attachment C-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Central Shops Burning Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G) OU

I. SITE INFORMATION			
Site Name:	Central Shops Burning Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G) OU	Date of Inspection:	07/21/2020
Location and Region	SRS, USEPA Region 4	EPA ID:	SEMS #50
Agency, Office, or Company leading the Five-Year Review	USDOE	Weather/ Temperature	96°F and sunny
Remedy Includes: <i>(Click all that apply)</i>			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Landfill Cover/Containment <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water Pump and Treatment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Access Controls <input type="checkbox"/> Monitored Natural Attenuation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Institutional Controls <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Containment <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Pump and Treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical Barriers <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>Stormwater Management Improvements</u>			
Attachments: <input type="checkbox"/> Inspection team roster attached			
II. INTERVIEWS <i>(Click all that apply)</i>			
1. O&M Staff:	<u>Phil Carter</u> (Name)	<u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> (Title)	<u>08/04/2020</u> (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office	<input type="checkbox"/> By Phone	Phone No.: <u>803-952-4145</u>
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		
2. O&M Staff:	<u>Richard Feagin</u> (Name)	<u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> (Title)	<u>08/04/2020</u> (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office	<input type="checkbox"/> By Phone	Phone No.: <u>803-952-4416</u>
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

**Attachment C-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Central Shops Burning
Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G) OU (continued)**

II. INTERVIEWS (Click all that apply)(Continued)			
3. Local Regulatory Authorities and Response Agencies (i.e., State and tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds or other city and county offices, etc.). Fill in all that apply.			
Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date) (Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date) (Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date) (Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

4. Other Interviews (Optional): <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Click all that apply)			
1. O&M Documents:			
<input type="checkbox"/> O&M Manual	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As-Built Drawings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maintenance Logs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: See Waste Unit Inspection and Maintenance, ER-SOP-019, Field Inspection Checklist for Central Shops Burning Rubble Pits Operable Units 631-1G and 631-3G, ER-IDS-019-031.			

**Attachment C-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Central Shops Burning
Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G) OU (continued)**

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Continued)			
2. Health and Safety Plans (HASPs):			
<input type="checkbox"/> Site-Specific Health and Safety Plans	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Contingency Plan/Emergency Response Plan	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Routine O&M activities do not require a SSHASP under 29 CFR 1910.120, HAZWOPER.</u>			
<hr/>			
3. O&M and OSHA Training Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Training Records are complete and up to date per EC&ACP training matrix.</u>			
<hr/>			
4. Permits and Service Agreements:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air Discharge Permit	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Effluent Discharge	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Waste Disposal; POTW	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Other Permits	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
5. Gas Generation Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
6. Settlement Monument Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
7. Groundwater Monitoring Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Water elevation records only.</u>			
<hr/>			
8. Leachate Extraction Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
9. Discharge Compliance Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Water (Effluent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
10. Daily Access/Security Logs:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			

**Attachment C-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Central Shops Burning
Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G) OU (continued)**

IV. O&M COSTS			
1. O&M Organization:			
<input type="checkbox"/> State In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for State		
<input type="checkbox"/> PRP In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for PRP		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: SRS			
2. O&M Cost Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> Funding mechanism/agreement in place	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: Project cost data is summarized in Section IV of this OU-specific review.			
Total annual cost by year for review period, if available			
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
3. Unanticipated or Unusually High O&M Costs During Review Period			
Describe costs and reasons: _____			

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Fencing			
1. Fencing Damage: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> Gates secured <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: OU-specific perimeter fencing is not required by the remedial action.			

B. Signs			
1. Signs and Other Security Measures: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: Signs are in good condition.			

**Attachment C-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Central Shops Burning
Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G) OU (*continued*)**

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS (<i>Continued</i>)				
C. Institutional Controls				
1. Implementation and Enforcement				
Site conditions imply ICs are not properly implemented:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Site conditions imply ICs are not being fully enforced:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive-by, etc.)	<u>Walkdowns</u>			
Frequency:	<u>Once in 5 years</u>			
Responsible Party/Agent:	<u>USDOE Savannah River Field Office</u>			
Contact:	<u>Karen Adams</u> (Name)	<u>Federal Project Director</u> (Title)	<u>11/24/2020</u> (Date)	<u>803-952-7871</u> (Phone No.)
Reporting is up-to-date:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Reports are verified by the lead agency:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Violations have been reported:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached			
<hr/>				
<hr/>				
2. Adequacy:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ICs are adequate	<input type="checkbox"/> ICs are inadequate	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Remarks:	<hr/>			
<hr/>				
D. General				
1. Vandalism/Trespassing:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No vandalism is evident		
Remarks:	<hr/>			
<hr/>				
2. Land use changes onsite:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks:	<hr/>			
<hr/>				
3. Land use changes offsite:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks:	<hr/>			
<hr/>				

**Attachment C-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Central Shops Burning
Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G) OU (continued)**

VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS			
A. Roads <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
1. Roads damaged:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Roads adequate	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____ _____			
B. Other Site Conditions			
Remarks: <u>Inspections conducted from FY2016 through FY2020 identified active ant mounds and overgrown vegetation. All issues were resolved soon after discovery.</u> _____ _____ _____			
VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Landfill Surface			
1. Settlement (Low spots):	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Settlement not evident	
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: _____ _____			
2. Cracks:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cracking not evident	
Lengths _____	Widths _____	Depths _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
3. Erosion:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident	
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: _____ _____			
4. Holes:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Holes not evident	
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: _____ _____			
5. Vegetative Cover:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grass	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cover properly established	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No signs of stress
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: _____ _____			

**Attachment C-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Central Shops Burning
Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G) OU (continued)**

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (Continued)		
6. Alternative Cover (armored rock, concrete, etc.): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____		
7. Bulges: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bulges not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
8. Wet Areas / Water Damage: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wet areas/water damage not evident <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Wet areas <input type="checkbox"/> Ponding <input type="checkbox"/> Seeps <input type="checkbox"/> Soft subgrade </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map </div> <div> Areal extent _____ Areal extent _____ Areal extent _____ Areal extent _____ </div> </div> Remarks: _____ _____		
9. Slope Instability: <input type="checkbox"/> Slides <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No evidence of slope instability Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
B. Benches <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Horizontally constructed mounds of earth placed across a steep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope in order to slow down the velocity of surface runoff and intercept and convey the runoff to a lined channel)		
C. Letdown Channels <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Channel lined with erosion control mates, riprap, grout bags, or gabions that descend down the steep side slope of the cover and will allow the runoff water collected by the benches to move off of the landfill cover without creating erosion gullies)		

**Attachment C-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Central Shops Burning
Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G) OU (*continued*)**

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (<i>Continued</i>)			
D. Cover Penetrations		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
1. Gas Vents: <input type="checkbox"/> Active <input type="checkbox"/> Passive <input type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____			
2. Gas Monitoring Probes: <input type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____			
3. Monitoring Wells: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input type="checkbox"/> N/A _____			
4. Leachate Extraction Wells: <input type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____			
5. Settlement Monuments: <input type="checkbox"/> Located <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely Surveyed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____			
E. Gas Collection and Treatment		<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
F. Cover Drainage Layer		<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
G. Detention/Sedimentation Ponds		<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
H. Retaining Walls		<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A

**Attachment C-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Central Shops Burning
Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G) OU (continued)**

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (Continued)	
I. Perimeter Ditches/Offsite Discharge <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
1. Siltation: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Siltation not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____	
2. Vegetative Growth: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vegetation does not impede flow Areal extent _____ Type _____ Remarks: _____ _____	
3. Erosion: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____	
4. Discharge Structure: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____	
VIII. VERTICAL BARRIER WALLS <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A	
IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A	
X. OTHER REMEDIES	
If there are remedies applied at the site, which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.	
A. Stormwater Management Improvements <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A <u>Stormwater management improvements included routing surface water flow away from the CSBRPs. The stormwater management improvements are performing as designed.</u>	

**Attachment C-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Central Shops Burning
Rubble Pits (631-1G/631-3G) OU (*continued*)**

XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS
A. Implementation of the Remedy
<p>Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emissions, etc.).</p> <p><u>The remedial action for CSBRP OU is institutional controls (LUCs) in conjunction with improved stormwater management. The remedy is fully established and functioning as designed.</u></p>
B. Adequacy of O&M
<p>Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.</p> <p><u>The O&M procedures consisting of annual site inspection and site maintenance (repair of erosion damage, cover system, and warning signs) and land use controls (SRS Site Use/Site Clearance Programs, which restrict invasive and permanent installation activities at the waste unit) have been implemented. The O&M procedures are adequately maintaining the CSBRP OU and the condition of the warning signs is good. When maintenance activities are identified during inspections (e.g., treating ant mounds, vegetation removal), repairs are scheduled and performed. There are no issues that impact the protectiveness of the remedy that require corrective actions.</u></p>
C. Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Failure
<p>Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.</p> <p><u>N/A</u></p>
D. Opportunities for Optimization
<p>Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy.</p> <p><u>N/A</u></p>

End of Checklist

D-AREA BURNING/RUBBLE PITS (431-D AND 431-1D) OPERABLE UNIT

I. Introduction

This report is the sixth five-year review for the D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) (DBRP) Operable Unit (OU). The review was conducted from July 2020 through December 2020. Contaminants have been left in place at the DBRP OU at levels that do not allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. The purpose of this review is to determine whether the remedy in place at the DBRP OU is protective of human health and the environment. This report documents the results of the review.

II. OU Chronology

Table D-1 lists the chronology of site events for the DBRP OU.

III. Background

The DBRP OU is a Resource Conservation Recovery Act (RCRA) / Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) unit in Appendix C of the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA) for Savannah River Site (SRS) (FFA 1993). The media associated with this OU are soil and groundwater. However, groundwater monitoring was terminated in 2004.

Physical Characteristics

The DBRP OU is located in the western part of the SRS in Barnwell County, approximately 900 m (3,000 ft) east of the Savannah River in D Area (Figure D-1). The topography of the unit is flat with a surface elevation of 39 m (130 ft) above mean sea level and 13.5 m (45 ft) above the Savannah River. The water table is approximately 3 m (10 ft) below ground surface in the area of the unit. Surface drainage is to the west-southwest toward a nearby ephemeral tributary of the Savannah River. Figure D-2 depicts the layout of the DBRP OU.

The OU consists of two contiguous waste pits designated as 431-D and 431-1D, which covers a total area of 0.22 hectares (0.54 acre). The two pits are separated by a 45-m

(150-ft) wide berm of undisturbed soil. The pits have been backfilled with soil, and vegetation has been established on the resulting surface. The pit cover is raised above the surrounding terrain to enhance drainage.

Land and Resource Use

According to the *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report* (USDOE 1996), residential uses of the SRS land should be prohibited. The *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site* (WSRC 1999) designates the DBRP OU as being within an industrial area. The future land use for the DBRP OU is reasonably anticipated to remain industrial with the U.S. Department of Energy (USDOE) maintaining control of the land.

History of Contamination

Between 1951 and 1973, burning pits were used at SRS to burn various hazardous and non-hazardous wastes. The chemical composition and volumes of the disposed wastes are unknown. Combustible materials (paper, plastics, wood, rubber, rags, cardboard, oil, degreasers, and spent organic solvents) were burned monthly and no known or suspected radioactive materials were allowed in the burning pits. In October 1973, burning of the waste at the DBRP was discontinued. A layer of soil was placed over the residue in the pits and afterwards the pits were used as rubble pits. Figures D-3 and D-4 present photographs of the DBRP OU before remediation and in the current condition.

Initial Response

In 1983, a 0.3- to 0.9-m (1- to 3-ft) layer of clayey soil was placed over the DBRP contents, and the surface was compacted and mounded above the surrounding terrain. The cover material was placed at a time preceding the preparation of the formal CERCLA investigation and documentation. Vegetation was established to reduce erosion. Five monitoring wells were installed in 1983, 1984, and 1993.

Basis for Taking Action

Soils and groundwater were investigated in two phases of sampling between 1989 and 1993. A RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) / Remedial Investigation (RI) Report (WSRC 1995b) and Baseline Risk Assessment (BRA) (WSRC 1995a) were completed in 1995. The soils analytical data indicate that little or no contamination of soil has occurred outside of the OU. The analytical data from the 1993 soil samples identified the following constituents of concern (COCs): arsenic, benzo(a)pyrene, chromium, manganese, octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, Aroclor-1260 (polychlorinated biphenyl [PCB]), and total alpha-emitting radium. Aroclor-1260 is the primary risk driver, contributing to a carcinogenic risk of $1.0\text{E-}05$ to a future resident for ingestion of soil. The maximum concentration of 3.39 mg/kg is also greater than the toxic substance control value of 1 mg/kg established for PCBs in high occupancy areas. The RFI/RI Report (WSRC 199b) and BRA (WSRC 1995a) indicated the DBRP OU posed minimal risk to the environment. The risk to future on-unit workers is $1.0\text{E-}6$. Ingestion of soil in the top two-foot layer by future residents poses a risk of $1.0\text{E-}5$, primarily from Aroclor-1260. Table D-2 identifies the refined constituents of concern (RCOCs) that requires remedial action.

The groundwater monitoring data indicated that no significant release of hazardous substances to groundwater from the DBRP OU has occurred. Comparison of constituent concentrations from 1984 through 1992 in the four downgradient monitoring wells (identified as DBP wells) indicated little or no constituent concentration increase in groundwater after flowing beneath the DBRP. Arsenic was only detected twice in the DBP monitoring network; the higher value in the December 1993 sample was reported as 0.044 mg/L. The following quarter when the well was re-sampled, arsenic was reported below the detection limit of 0.002 mg/L (WSRC 1997).

Per the Record of Decision (ROD) (WSRC 1997) the risk and hazards associated with the DBRP are summarized below and are the basis for taking action at the DBRP OU:

- Current Land Use – The human health risks are associated with ingestion or inhalation of soils inside the DBRP and ingestion of sediments resulting in a carcinogenic risk.

- Future Land Use – Arsenic and manganese are identified as posing a non-carcinogenic hazard to future resident adults and children and future on-unit workers through groundwater ingestion and inhalation pathways. Arsenic is identified as posing a carcinogenic risk to future on-unit workers and future on-unit residents through the groundwater ingestion pathway. In addition, polyaromatic hydrocarbons and 1,2-dichloroethane are identified as posing a carcinogenic risk to the future on-unit worker through the groundwater ingestion pathway. It should be noted that the arsenic risk was based on a single measured arsenic value in the groundwater that was less than the maximum contaminant levels (MCL) for drinking water.
- No ecological risks were identified for the DBRP OU.

None of the risks associated with the soil in the DBRP was found to be greater than 1.0E-04. Aroclor-1260 from the 0-0.6 m (0-2 ft) soil interval in Pit 431-D was the predominant risk driver for future residents contributing 79% of the 1.0E-05 risk. The Hazard Index for this exposure scenario was 0.7. The to-be-considered guidance for PCBs is a recommended soil action level of 1.0 mg/kg for residential use and 10-25 mg/kg for industrial use. The Aroclor 1260 concentration in Pit 431-D is well below the range for industrial land use (WSRC 1997).

The Final Remediation Report (FRR) (WSRC 1998) required full evaluation of all groundwater monitoring data in the five-year remedy review reports. The approved addendum to the FRR (WSRC 2006) terminated groundwater monitoring, but continued land use controls (LUCs) and five-year reviews for the DBRP OU.

IV. Remedial Actions

Remedy Selection

As stated in the ROD (WSRC 1997), the remedial action objective (RAOs) for the DBRP OU is as follows:

- Prevent hypothetical future industrial workers from exposure to PCBs in surface and subsurface soils at concentrations that exceed target risk levels. In Pit 431-D, the PCB
-

recommended soil action levels are 1.0 mg/kg for residential use, and 10-25 mg/kg for industrial use.

- No RAOs were identified for groundwater, but SRS was to verify that no significant groundwater contamination is originating from the DBRP OU and that no remedial action for groundwater is required.

As stated in the ROD, the selected remedial action is as follows:

- Institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) and no remedial action for the groundwater with a period of continued groundwater monitoring.

However, as stated in Section III, the approved addendum to the FRR (WSRC 2006) terminated groundwater monitoring.

Remedy Implementation

The selected remedial action of institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) was implemented to meet the RAOs. The LUCs for the DBRP OU include the following:

- Warning signs will be posted in the near term indicating that this area was used to manage hazardous materials;
 - Existing SRS access controls will be used to maintain the use of this site for industrial use only;
 - Institutional controls (i.e., administrative measures) and use restrictions for on-site workers via the Site Use/Site Clearance Program. Other administrative controls to ensure worker safety include work controls, worker training, and worker briefings of health and safety requirements; and
 - In the long-term, if the property is ever transferred to non-federal ownership, the U.S. Government would create a deed for the new property owner in compliance with Section 120(h) of CERCLA that includes notification disclosing former DBRP OU waste management and disposal activities, results from groundwater monitoring, and
-

remedial actions taken on the site. The deed would also include deed restrictions precluding residential use of the property.

Systems Operations/Operation and Maintenance

There are no system operational requirements.

The following maintenance activities are ongoing:

- Annual site inspections and maintenance (repair of erosion damage, cover maintenance, and warning signs) to maintain this site for industrial use only.

The confirmatory groundwater program was discontinued in 2004 after all sampling data collected showed that none of the COCs in groundwater were detected above MCLs via approval of the Addendum to the FRR (WSRC 2006). Groundwater samples were collected annually from five monitoring wells during the second quarter of each calendar year in accordance with the FRR (WSRC 1998) from 1998 to 2003.

Table D-3 compares the actual operation and maintenance (O&M) costs for the five-year remedy review period to the estimated direct O&M costs from the ROD (WSRC 1997). The estimated O&M cost for fiscal year (FY) 2016 to FY2020 is \$3000 for five-year remedy reviews. The actual O&M cost for FY2016 to FY2020 is \$91,247 for annual site inspections and maintenance. The O&M costs during the last five years (i.e., FY2016 to FY2020) have been higher than estimated because annual costs inspections and cover system maintenance were not included in the ROD estimate.

V. Progress since Last Review

The previous protectiveness statement concluded that because the remedial actions at DBRP OU are protective, the site is protective of human health and the environment. The institutional control (i.e., LUCs) remedy is functioning as intended by the decision documents. Groundwater monitoring results over the five-year period between 1998 and 2003 indicated that there were no exceedances of MCLs, indicating no appreciable leaching to groundwater of these chemicals.

There were no recommendations or follow-up actions from the last five-year review.

VI. Five-Year Review Process

The following tasks were performed as part of the review:

- Reviewed documents listed in Section XII. Documents Reviewed;
- Confirmed implementation of the remedial action;
- Inspected the OU, interviewed maintenance personnel; and documented the results on the Inspection Checklist provided in Attachment D-1 with the purpose of assessing the protectiveness of the remedy and the functionality of the access controls; and
- Reviewed changes in standards and to-be-considered guidance.

Data Review

A review of the groundwater monitoring program for the five-year period between 1998 and 2003, as summarized in Table D-4, indicated there were no exceedance of MCLs by any of the risk and hazard drivers. The data provides evidence of no appreciable leaching to groundwater of these chemicals. Based on the results of sampling over that five-year period, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) approved discontinuing sampling of groundwater for this OU in 2004.

Summary of Inspections and Interviews

Interviews were conducted with Richard Feagin, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC (SRNS) Environmental Compliance and Area Completion Projects (EC&ACP) Post-Closure Lead, and Phil Carter, SRNS EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead, on August 4, 2020 at the O&M organization offices. No issues were identified for the DBRP OU during these interviews. The DBRP OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP on July 21, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

The DBRP OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP and USDOE personnel on November 24, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

A site inspection was conducted by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control personnel, accompanied by USDOE and SRNS personnel, via Microsoft Teams on March 16, 2021. Photographs and drone videos were used to inspect the OU virtually. No significant problems regarding this OU were identified during the inspection.

The field inspection frequency for the DBRP OU was changed from semiannual to annual in 2015. Scheduled annual inspections performed at the DBRP OU from FY2016 through FY2020 identified the following issues: active ant mounds, signs needing to be replaced, and evidence of hog damage. These findings were documented on the field inspection checklists and resolved soon after discovery.

VII. Technical Assessment

Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The remedy, institutional controls (i.e., LUCs), is effective in preventing exposure to contaminants above 1E-06 risk level and is functioning as intended.

Institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) have been effective in maintaining restricted (industrial) land use. Annual site inspections and site maintenance have been effective in maintaining the integrity of the soil cover. Based on the site inspections, there is no indication of potential remedy failure that could place protectiveness at risk.

The Land Use Control Implementation Plan for the DBRP OU, located in Section 2.0 of the FRR, governs LUC implementation, maintenance, monitoring, reporting, and enforcement of LUCs (WSRC 1998). The LUCs that are in place include physical access controls to prevent unauthorized contact, removal or excavation of subsurface soils, and restrictions to prevent disturbance of the DBRP OU. Warning signs are in good condition, and no activities were observed that would have violated the LUCs. All LUC objectives are being met.

Are Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and RAOs still valid?

The exposure assumptions, toxicity data, cleanup levels, and RAOs used at the time of final remedy selection are still valid. There have been no changes in standards or physical conditions at the DBRP OU that would affect the protectiveness of the remedy.

The USEPA standards and toxicity values have been updated since the last five-year remedy review as shown in Appendix B. The changes to the values for COCs at the DBRP OU were not significant, and the RAOs continue to be met by the remedial action. No new standards or to-be-considered guidance have been identified that call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

Fact sheets provided on the USEPA webpage regarding emerging contaminants were reviewed for applicability to this site. None of the listed emerging contaminants were identified as applicable to this OU.

Has any Other Information Come to Light that Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Strategy?

No other information has come to light that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

VIII. Issues

There are no issues related to current site conditions or activities that prevent the remedy from being protective for this OU.

IX. Recommendations and Follow-up Actions

There are no recommendations or follow-up actions for this OU.

X. Protectiveness Statement(s)

The remedy at the DBRP OU is protective of human health and the environment.

Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled by institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) to prevent exposure to or ingestion of contaminated soil media. All threats to the DBRP OU are being addressed through physical access controls

to prevent unauthorized entry to SRS (fences, guards, security patrols, etc.), administrative controls that maintain DBRP OU for industrial use only, and warning signs and land use restrictions via the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance Program.

XI. Next Review

As shown in Appendix A, Table A-1, the next five-year review for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems is scheduled for January 2027.

XII. Documents Reviewed

FFA, 1993. *Federal Facility Agreement for the Savannah River Site*, Administrative Docket No. 89-05-FF (Effective Date: August 16, 1993)

USDOE, 1996. *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report*, U.S. Department of Energy, Savannah River Operations Office, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1995a. *Baseline Risk Assessment for the D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits*, Revision 1, WSRC-RP-94-708, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1995b. *RFI/RI Report for the D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits*, WSRC-RP-94-707, Revision 1.1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1997. *Record of Decision Remedial Alternative Selection for the D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) (U)*, WSRC-RP-96-867, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1998. *Final Remediation Report for the D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) (U)*, WSRC-RP-97-406, Revision 1.1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1999. *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site*, WSRC-RP-98-4125, Revision 1.1, latest revision, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2006. *Addendum to the Final Remediation Report for the D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) Operable Unit (U)*, WSRC-RP-2005-4084, Revision 1, Washington Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

Various – *Inspection Data Sheets - Field Inspection Checklist – D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) Operable Unit (U)*, ER-IDS-019-003, Inspection period 2016 through 2020 (annually)

This page is intentionally left blank.

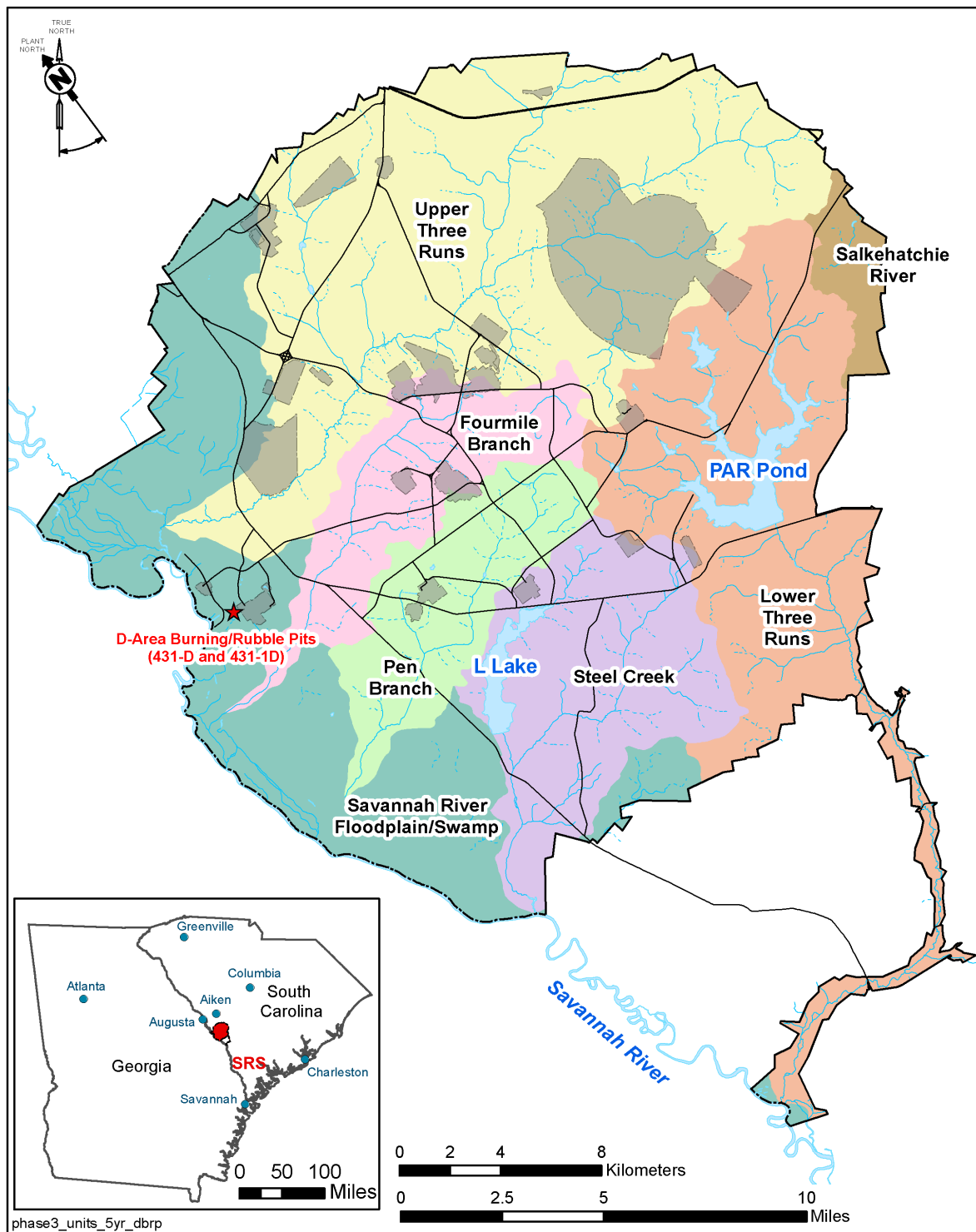


Figure D-1. Location of the DBRP OU at SRS

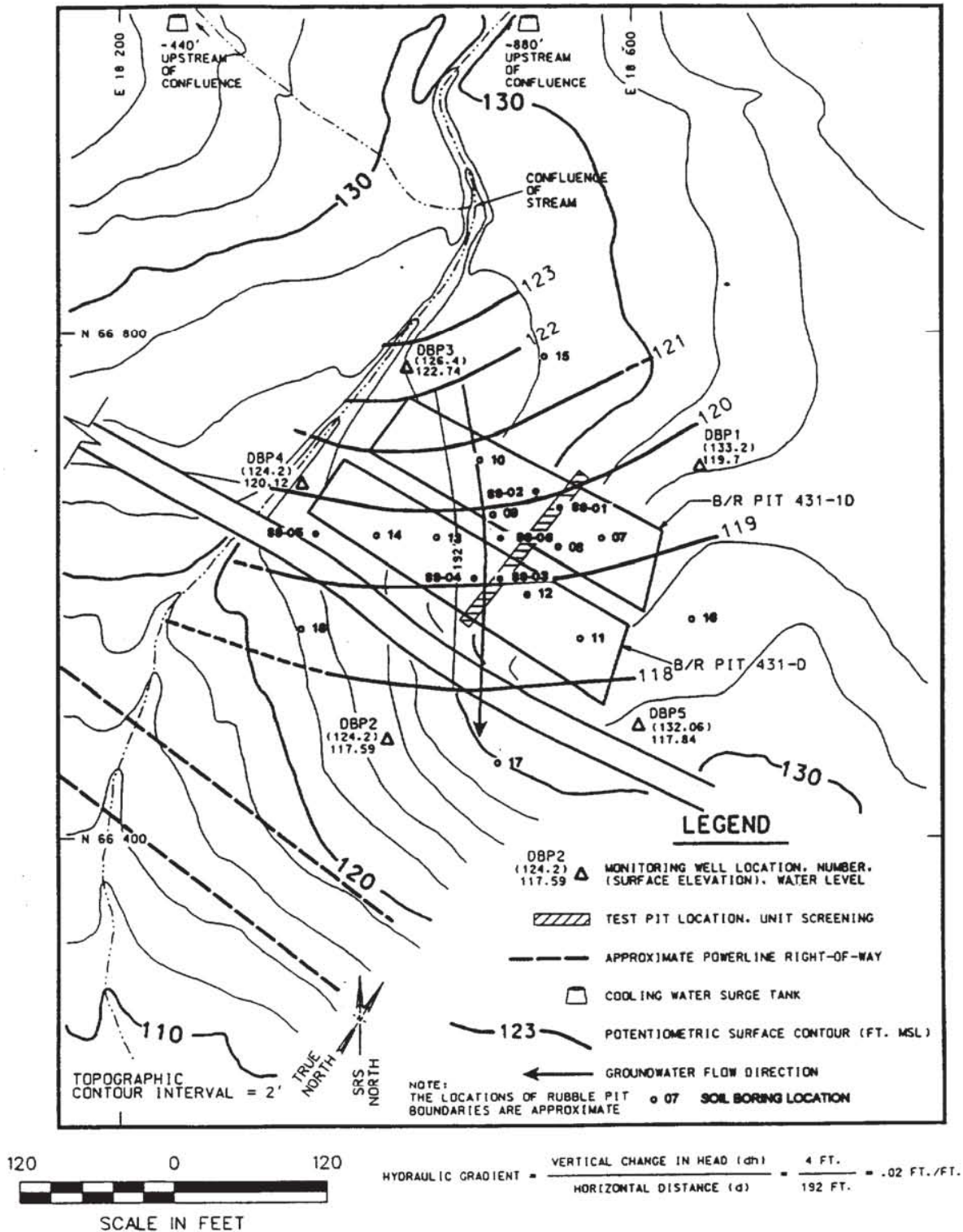


Figure D-2. Site Layout for the DBRP OU



Figure D-3. Photograph of DBRP OU During Active Operation (circa 1973)



Figure D-4. Current Photograph of DBRP OU (2020)

Table D-1. Chronology of OU Events

Event	Date
RFI/RI Field Start / Complete	1989 / November 6, 1996
ROD Issuance	July 3, 1997
Remedial Action Start / Complete	May 12, 1998 / May 12, 1998
Previous Five-Year Reviews	June 30, 1997 / February 12, 2004 / January 29, 2009 / February 4, 2014 / February 21, 2018

Table D-2. DBRP Remedial Goals

Unit	Media	RCOC	Type of COC	RG	Basis
D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D)	Soil	Aroclor 1260	ARAR	2.5E+01	ARAR

Table D-3. Actual versus Estimated O&M Costs

Project Cost	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	5-Year Total
Total Actual O&M Costs (\$)	13,356	23,843	13,007	20,800	20,241	91,247
Total ROD Estimated Direct O&M Costs* (\$)	0	3,000	0	0	0	3,000

*Costs for preparation of the Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review were accounted for in FY2017. Annual O&M costs were not included in the original estimate.

Table D-4. Results of DBRP OU Groundwater Monitoring (1998-2003⁴)

Analyte Name	# of Samples	# of Detects	Concentration		Units	Detection Limit ¹	Sample Quantitation Limit ¹	MCL (2005) ²
			Minimum	Maximum				
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	28	0			µg/L	0.39	5	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	28	0			µg/L	0.53	5	5
Aroclor-1260	28	0			µg/L	0.808	1.09	N/A
Arsenic	32	0			µg/L	7	70	50
Benzene	28	0			µg/L	0.28	5	5
Benzo(a)anthracene	28	0			µg/L	1.83	10.6	0.2
Benzo(a)pyrene	28	0			µg/L	2.74	10.6	0.2
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	28	0			µg/L	1.95	10.6	N/A
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	28	0			µg/L	2.28	10.6	N/A
Chromium	30	10	1.1	27.4	µg/L	3	11	100
Chrysene	28	0			µg/L	1.9	10.6	N/A
Dichloromethane (methylene chloride)	28	6	0.49	4.75	µg/L	4	10	5
Endrin	28	0			µg/L	0.0161	0.109	2
Manganese	29	26	3	905	µg/L	8.6	15	50 ³
Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	26	0			ng/L	4.8	10.1	N/A
Radium, total	21	14	0.649	4.3	pCi/L	1.43	3.79	5
Tritium	30	23	0.32	7.69	pCi/mL	0.926	2.132	20

1 - Maximum detection limit and sample quantitation limit reported to bound the non-detect values.

2 - The MCL (2005) column values are those reported in the Addendum to the FRR (WSRC 2006).

3- Manganese has a secondary MCL promulgated to protect the aesthetics of public water supplies and is not based on toxicity.

4- Groundwater monitoring ended in 2004.

N/A – Not applicable

Attachment D-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) (DBRP) Operable Unit

I. SITE INFORMATION			
Site Name:	D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) (DBRP) Operable Unit	Date of Inspection:	07/21/2020
Location and Region	SRS, USEPA Region 4	USEPA ID:	SEMS #31
Agency, Office, or Company leading the Five-Year Review	USDOE	Weather/ Temperature	Sunny 90°F
Remedy Includes: <i>(Click all that apply)</i>			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Landfill Cover/Containment <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water Pump and Treatment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Access Controls <input type="checkbox"/> Monitored Natural Attenuation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Institutional Controls <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Containment <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Pump and Treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical Barriers <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ _____			
Attachments: <input type="checkbox"/> Inspection team roster attached			
II. INTERVIEWS <i>(Click all that apply)</i>			
1. O&M Staff:	Phil Carter (Name)	EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead (Title)	08/04/2020 (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone Phone No.: 803-952-4145		
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____ _____		
2. O&M Staff:	Richard Feagin (Name)	EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead (Title)	08/04/2020 (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone Phone No.: 803-952-4416		
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____ _____		

Attachment D-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) (DBRP) Operable Unit (continued)

II. INTERVIEWS (Click all that apply)(Continued)			
3. Local Regulatory Authorities and Response Agencies (i.e., State and tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds or other city and county offices, etc.). Fill in all that apply.			
Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

4. Other Interviews (Optional): <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Click all that apply)			
1. O&M Documents:			
<input type="checkbox"/> O&M Manual	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As-Built Drawings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maintenance Logs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>See Waste Unit Inspection and Maintenance, ER-SOP-019, Field Inspection Checklist for D-Area Burning Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D), ER-IDS-019-003</u>			

Attachment D-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) (DBRP) Operable Unit (continued)

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Continued)			
2. Health and Safety Plans (HASPs):			
<input type="checkbox"/> Site-Specific Health and Safety Plans	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Contingency Plan/Emergency Response Plan	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Routine O&M activities do not require a SSHASP under 29 CFR 1910.120, HAZWOPER.</u>			
3. O&M and OSHA Training Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Training Records are complete and up to date per EC&ACP training matrix.</u>			
4. Permits and Service Agreements:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air Discharge Permit	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Effluent Discharge	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Waste Disposal; POTW	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Other Permits	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
5. Gas Generation Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
6. Settlement Monument Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
7. Groundwater Monitoring Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
8. Leachate Extraction Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
9. Discharge Compliance Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Water (Effluent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
10. Daily Access/Security Logs:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			

Attachment D-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) (DBRP) Operable Unit (continued)

IV. O&M COSTS			
1. O&M Organization:			
<input type="checkbox"/> State In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for State		
<input type="checkbox"/> PRP In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for PRP		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>SRS</u>			
2. O&M Cost Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> Funding mechanism/agreement in place	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>Project cost data is summarized in Section IV of this OU-specific review.</u>			
Total annual cost by year for review period, if available			
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
3. Unanticipated or Unusually High O&M Costs During Review Period			
Describe costs and reasons: _____			

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Fencing			
1. Fencing Damage: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> Gates secured <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>OU-specific perimeter fencing is not required by the remedial action.</u>			

B. Signs			
1. Signs and Other Security Measures: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>Signs are in good condition.</u>			

Attachment D-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) (DBRP) Operable Unit (continued)

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS (Continued)				
C. Institutional Controls				
1. Implementation and Enforcement				
Site conditions imply ICs are not properly implemented:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Site conditions imply ICs are not being fully enforced:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive-by, etc.)	<u>Walkdown</u>			
Frequency:	<u>Once in 5 years</u>			
Responsible Party/Agent:	<u>USDOE Savannah River Field Office</u>			
Contact:	<u>Karen Adams</u> (Name)	<u>Federal Project Director</u> (Title)	<u>11/24/2020</u> (Date)	<u>803-952-7871</u> (Phone No.)
Reporting is up-to-date:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Reports are verified by the lead agency:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Violations have been reported:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached			
<hr/> <hr/>				
2. Adequacy:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ICs are adequate	<input type="checkbox"/> ICs are inadequate	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Remarks:	<hr/> <hr/>			
D. General				
1. Vandalism/Trespassing:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No vandalism is evident		
Remarks:	<hr/> <hr/>			
2. Land use changes onsite:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks:	<hr/> <hr/>			
3. Land use changes offsite:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks:	<hr/> <hr/>			

Attachment D-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) (DBRP) Operable Unit (*continued*)

VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS			
A. Roads <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
1. Roads damaged:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Roads adequate	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____ _____			
B. Other Site Conditions			
Remarks: <u>Inspections conducted from 2016 through 2020 identified active ant mounds, signs needing to be replaced, and evidence of hog damage. All issues were resolved soon after discovery.</u> _____ _____ _____ _____			
VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Landfill Surface			
1. Settlement (Low spots):	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Settlement not evident	
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: _____ _____			
2. Cracks:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cracking not evident	
Lengths _____	Widths _____	Depths _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
3. Erosion:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident	
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: _____ _____			
4. Holes:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Holes not evident	
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: _____ _____			
5. Vegetative Cover:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grass	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cover properly established	<input type="checkbox"/> No signs of stress
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: _____ _____			

Attachment D-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) (DBRP) Operable Unit (continued)

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (Continued)		
6. Alternative Cover (armored rock, concrete, etc.): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____		
7. Bulges: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bulges not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
8. Wet Areas / Water Damage: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wet areas/water damage not evident <input type="checkbox"/> Wet areas <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Ponding <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Seeps <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Soft subgrade <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
9. Slope Instability: <input type="checkbox"/> Slides <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No evidence of slope instability Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
B. Benches <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Horizontally constructed mounds of earth placed across a steep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope in order to slow down the velocity of surface runoff and intercept and convey the runoff to a lined channel)		
C. Letdown Channels <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Channel lined with erosion control mates, riprap, grout bags, or gabions that descend down the steep side slope of the cover and will allow the runoff water collected by the benches to move off of the landfill cover without creating erosion gullies)		
D. Cover Penetrations <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
E. Gas Collection and Treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
F. Cover Drainage Layer <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
G. Detention/Sedimentation Ponds <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
H. Retaining Walls <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
I. Perimeter Ditches/Offsite Discharge <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
VIII. VERTICAL BARRIER WALLS <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		

Attachment D-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – D-Area Burning/Rubble Pits (431-D and 431-1D) (DBRP) Operable Unit (*continued*)

X. OTHER REMEDIES	
If there are remedies applied at the site, which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.	
A. Soil Vapor Extraction System	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS	
A. Implementation of the Remedy	
Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emissions, etc.).	
<u>The remedial action for DBRP OU is institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) with a period of groundwater monitoring (terminated in 2004). A summary report, including the data and interpretation was submitted to USDOE, SCDHEC, and USEPA following each groundwater monitoring event. During five annual consecutive monitoring and reporting cycles, no constituents of concern exceeded the MCL; therefore, USDOE, SCDHEC, and USEPA concurred with terminating the groundwater monitoring at DBRP OU in 2004. The LUC remedy is fully established and functioning as designed.</u>	
B. Adequacy of O&M	
Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.	
<u>The O&M procedures consisting of annual site inspections and site maintenance (repair of erosion damage, cover system, and warning signs) and LUCs (SRS Site Use/Site Clearance Programs, which restrict invasive and permanent installations activities at the waste unit) have been implemented. The O&M procedures are adequately maintaining the DBRP OU and the condition of the warning signs is good. When maintenance activities are identified during inspection (e.g., treating ant mounds, vegetation removal), repairs are scheduled and performed. There are no issues that impact the protectiveness of the remedy that require corrective actions.</u>	
C. Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Failure	
Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.	
<u>N/A</u>	
D. Opportunities for Optimization	
Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy.	
<u>N/A</u>	

End of Checklist

**F-AREA HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY (904-41G, 904-42G,
AND 904-43G) OPERABLE UNIT**

I. Introduction

This report is the sixth five-year review for the F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) (FHWMF) Operable Unit (OU). The review was conducted from July 2020 through December 2020. Contaminants have been left in place at the FHWMF OU at levels that do not allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. The purpose of this review is to determine whether the remedy in place at the FHWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment. This report documents the results of the review.

The remedy for this unit is conducted under the Savannah River Site (SRS) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) program. The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) remediation requirements are met by the RCRA program; therefore, a separate review of the RCRA Corrective Action is not duplicated in this document.

II. OU Chronology

Table E-1 lists the chronology of site events for the FHWMF OU.

III. Background

The FHWMF OU is listed as a RCRA Unit in Appendix C of the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA) for SRS (FFA 1993). The media associated with the FHWMF OU is soil.

The groundwater is being addressed by the F-Area Groundwater OU and will be discussed in the five-year remedy review reports for the SRS OUs with operating equipment. Groundwater corrective actions are performed under the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal for SRS.

Physical Characteristics

The FHWMF is located in the central portion of SRS, approximately 8 km (5 mi) from the nearest site boundary (Figure E-1). The FHWMF consists of three unlined basins, F-1 (904-41G), F-2 (904-42G) and F-3 (904-43G) and the associated F-Area Inactive Process Sewer Line (FIPSL). Figure E-2 shows the site layout for the FHWMF. The dimensions and volumetric capacity of the basins were as follows:

- Basin F-1 – 27 m x 84 m x 3.2 m (90 ft x 280 ft x 10.7 ft), 6.1 million L (1.6 million gal);
- Basin F-2 – 27 m x 159 m x 3.2 m (90 ft x 530 ft x 10.7 ft), 11.7 million L (3.1 million gal); and
- Basin F-3 – 93 m x 216 m x 3.4 m (310 ft x 720 ft x 11.2 ft), 59.8 million L (15.8 million gal).

At the time of closure, the FHWMF had a combined maximum operating capacity of 77.6 million L (20.5-million gal) of wastewater.

The FIPSL that was used to convey wastewater to FHWMF is outside the scope of the FHWMF Record of Decision (ROD). The FIPSL RCRA closure action will be completed as part of the closure of the F-Area Tank Farm and Separations facility to avoid impacting underground and overhead interferences necessary to ensure safe operation of the F-Area facilities (SRNS 2016).

Land and Resource Use

According to the *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report* (USDOE 1996), residential uses of the SRS land should be prohibited. The *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site* (WSRC 1999) designates the FHWMF OU as being within an industrial area. The future land use for the FHWMF OU is reasonably anticipated to remain industrial with the U.S. Department of Energy (USDOE) maintaining control of the land.

History of Contamination

The FHWMF operated from 1955 until November 7, 1988. During that time, the FHWMF received waste effluents from F-Area chemical separation facilities processes such as the nitric acid recovery unit, waste storage system evaporator overheads, and general-purpose evaporator overheads.

Significant amounts of nitrate and caustic were received in the basins. Radioactive releases were greater than 99% tritium (SRNS 2016). The first soil samples at the FHWMF were collected in Basin F-3 in 1971, a year after the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) was formed, and five years before RCRA was enacted in 1976. A 1984 soil coring study of all three basins indicated that approximately 90% of the radionuclides, cations, and anions were concentrated within the top 0.3 m (1 ft) of basin soil.

Initial Response

Preventative actions at FHWMF were conducted pursuant to the requirements of RCRA per Settlement Agreement 87-27-SW.

Closure of the three basins began in 1989 and was completed in February 1991. The three basins were closed by dewatering; physically and chemically stabilizing the remaining sludges with a layer of granite, limestone, and blast furnace slag; and placing a protective multi-layer cover system over them to reduce rainwater contact with basin bottoms.

The FHWMF was certified closed in July 1991 and was accepted by the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) in October 1991 as being in compliance with RCRA requirements.

Basis for Taking Action

The constituents of concern (COCs) at the FHWMF are barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, copper, cyanide, nickel, zinc, gross alpha, gross beta, nitrate, radium-226, radium-228, tritium, americium-241, cesium-137, curium-243/244, curium-246, cobalt-60, strontium-90, technetium-99, uranium-233/234, uranium-238 tetrachloroethylene, and trichlorofluoromethane. No remedial goals were established in the ROD for soils (WSRC 1993).

IV. Remedial Actions

Remedy Selection

Preventative alternatives were developed for the FHWMF within the RCRA closure process in 1988. The FHWMF closure was begun in 1989 and completed in July 1991. Preventative activities at the FHWMF became subject to CERCLA when SRS was placed on the National Priorities List in December 1989. As documented in the ROD, the RCRA closure was selected as the final action under CERCLA. Therefore, no further action under CERCLA was necessary for the FHWMF (WSRC 1993).

The remedial action objectives (RAOs) are to prevent the physical exposure to contaminants and to mitigate further migration of contaminants to the groundwater by minimizing a liquid medium pathway (rainwater percolation) for transport. The FHWMF RCRA preventative action of stabilization and placement of all contaminated materials under a low-permeability cap satisfied both RAOs.

Remedy Implementation

Implementation of the selected final action remedy (i.e., the RCRA preventative action) included the following activities:

- Dewatering the basins to eliminate free liquids and to solidify the remaining waste and residues;
- Stabilizing the remaining waste by using 0.9 to 1.8 m (3-6 ft) of granite aggregate, 0.3 m (1 ft) of limestone and blast furnace slag to provide a load bearing capacity sufficient to support the cover system; and
- Placing a 2.7-hectare (6.8-acre) low permeability cover system consisting of a layer of backfill, a 0.6-m (2-ft) layer of low-permeability compacted kaolin clay ($1.0\text{E-}07$ cm/s), a 22.5-cm (9-in) drainage layer of sand, a geotextile fabric filter, topped with 0.6 m (2 ft) of topsoil to support a vegetative cover.

Figure E-3 provides current photographs of the FHWMF OU.

Systems Operations/Operation and Maintenance

There are no system operational requirements associated with the cover system and land use controls (LUCs).

The following maintenance activities are ongoing:

- Post-closure groundwater monitoring is required as a condition of the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal (SCDHEC 2014) to verify that no unacceptable exposure to potential hazards posed by conditions at the OU occur in the future.
- Quarterly site inspections to verify the integrity of the cover system, OU-specific perimeter fencing, signs, etc. Any necessary repairs will be made as part of the maintenance program.
- Institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) are being enforced to preclude unauthorized access or intrusive activities through the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance program and SRS site security.

Costs associated with the selected remedy for FHWMF include operation and maintenance (O&M) costs of the soil cover and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs). The actual O&M cost during fiscal year (FY) 2016 to FY2020 is \$226,658. RCRA documentation does not require estimated project costs to be prepared. Therefore, a cost data comparison is not provided in this remedy review.

V. Progress since Last Review

The previous protectiveness statement from the last five-year review concluded that because the remedial actions at FHWMF are protective, the site is protective of human health and the environment. Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are controlled through a maintained cover system and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) in place while USDOE controls the OU.

Per recommendation from the last five-year review, the field inspection frequency for the FHWMF OU was changed from monthly to quarterly (Q) in 2018.

VI. Five-Year Review Process

The following tasks were performed as part of the review:

- Reviewed the documents listed in Section XII. Documents Reviewed;
- Confirmed the implementation of the remedial action;
- Inspected the OU, interviewed maintenance personnel and documented the results on the Inspection Checklist provided in Attachment E-1 with the purpose of assessing the protectiveness of the remedy and the functionality of the access controls;
- Ensured that all actions required under the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal (SCDHEC 2014) were implemented (i.e., routine inspections and maintenance to the soil covers and groundwater monitoring); and
- Reviewed changes in standards and to-be-considered guidance.

Summary of Inspections and Interviews

Interviews were conducted with Richard Feagin, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC (SRNS) Environmental Compliance and Area Completion Projects (EC&ACP) Post-Closure Lead, and Phil Carter, SRNS EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead, on August 4, 2020 at the O&M organization offices. No issues were identified for the FHWMF OU during these interviews. The FHWMF OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP on July 21, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

The FHWMF OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP and USDOE personnel on December 15, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

A site inspection was conducted by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control personnel, accompanied by USDOE and SRNS personnel, via Microsoft Teams on March 16, 2021. Photographs and drone videos were used to inspect the OU virtually. No significant problems regarding this OU were identified during the inspection.

The field inspection frequency for the FHWMF OU was changed from monthly to quarterly in 2018. Scheduled monthly inspections (FY2016-1Q2018) and scheduled quarterly

inspections (2Q2018-FY2020) performed at the FHWMF OU identified the following issues: active ant mounds, signs and subsidence markers needing to be replaced, overgrown vegetation, small animals burrowing under fencing, and rutting caused by mowing equipment. These findings were documented on the field inspection checklists and resolved soon after discovery.

VII. Technical Assessment

Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The remedy, in situ stabilization/solidification, RCRA soil cover with institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) is effective in preventing exposure to contaminant risk above 1E-06 risk levels and mitigating further migration of contaminants to groundwater and is functioning as intended.

Institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) have been effective in maintaining restricted (industrial) land use. Quarterly site inspections and site maintenance have been effective in maintaining integrity of the soil cover. Based on the site inspections, there is no indication of potential remedy failure that could place protectiveness at risk.

The LUC requirements are discussed and approved as part of the closure/post-closure/permit application process and are governed by the RCRA Permit Renewal for the SRS (SCDHEC 2014). The closure/post-closure requirements are discussed in the RCRA Permit Renewal Application for the F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area HWMF) Postclosure (SRNS 2016). Therefore, a Land Use Control Implementation Plan is not required for this OU. The LUCs that are in place include physical access controls to prevent unauthorized contact, removal or excavation of subsurface soils, and restrictions to prevent disturbance of the FHWMF OU. Warning signs are in good condition, and no activities were observed that would have violated the LUCs. All LUC objectives are being met.

Are the Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives still valid?

The exposure assumptions, toxicity data, and cleanup levels used at the time of final remedy selection are still valid. There have been no changes in the standards or physical conditions of the FHWMF OU that would affect the protectiveness of the remedy.

As the remedial work has been completed, the applicable standards set forth in the ROD (WSRC 1993) and the RCRA closure plan (WSRC 1991), associated with soils and basin sediments, have been met. Groundwater is being addressed by the F-Area Groundwater OU and will be discussed in the five-year remedy review reports for SRS OUs with operating equipment.

The USEPA standards and toxicity values have been updated since the last five-year remedy review as shown in Appendix B. The changes to the values for COCs at the FHWMF OU were not significant, and the RAOs continue to be met by the remedial action. No new standards or to-be-considered guidance have been identified that call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

Fact sheets provided on the USEPA webpage regarding emerging contaminants were reviewed for applicability to this site. None of the listed emerging contaminants were identified as applicable to this OU.

Has any Other Information Come to Light that Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No other information has come to light that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

VIII. Issues

There are no issues related to current site conditions or activities that prevent the remedy from being protective for this OU.

IX. Recommendations and Follow-up Actions

There are no recommendations or follow-up actions for the FHWMF OU under CERCLA.

X. Protectiveness Statement(s)

The remedy at the FHWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.

Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled by stabilization and placement of all contaminated materials under a low-permeability cap and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) to prevent exposure to or ingestion of contaminated soil media and mitigating further migration of contaminants to groundwater. All threats to the FHWMF OU are being addressed through physical access controls to prevent unauthorized entry to SRS (fences, guards, security patrols, etc.), administrative controls that maintain the FHWMF OU for industrial use only, and warning signs and use restrictions via the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance Program.

XI. Next Review

As shown in Appendix A, Table A-1, the next five-year review for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems is scheduled for January 2027.

XII. Documents Reviewed

FFA, 1993. *Federal Facility Agreement for the Savannah River Site*, Administrative Docket No. 89-05-FF (Effective Date: August 16, 1993)

SCDHEC, 2014. *South Carolina Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit, Permit Number SC1 890 008 989, 2014 RCRA Permit Renewal for the Savannah River Site, issued on February 11, 2014, Module III – Postclosure Care and Module IV - Groundwater Requirements, Section B, F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility*, South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control, Office of Environmental Quality Control, Bureau of Land and Waste Management, Columbia, SC

SRNS, 2016. *2000 RCRA Part B Permit Application for the F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (F-Area HWMF) Postclosure*, WSRC-IM-98-30, Volume IV, Revision 2, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

USDOE, 1996. *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report*, U.S. Department of Energy, Savannah River Operations Office, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1991. *Closure Plan for F Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility*, Volume IV, Revision 10, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1993. *Final Record of Decision Remedial Alternative Selection for F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (U)*, WSRC-RP-93-1042, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1999. *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site*, WSRC-RP-98-4125, Revision 1.1, latest revision, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

Various - Post-Closure Inspection F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facilities 904-41G, 904-42G, 904-43G, ER-IDS-019-019, Inspection period FY2016 through FY2020 (monthly/quarterly)

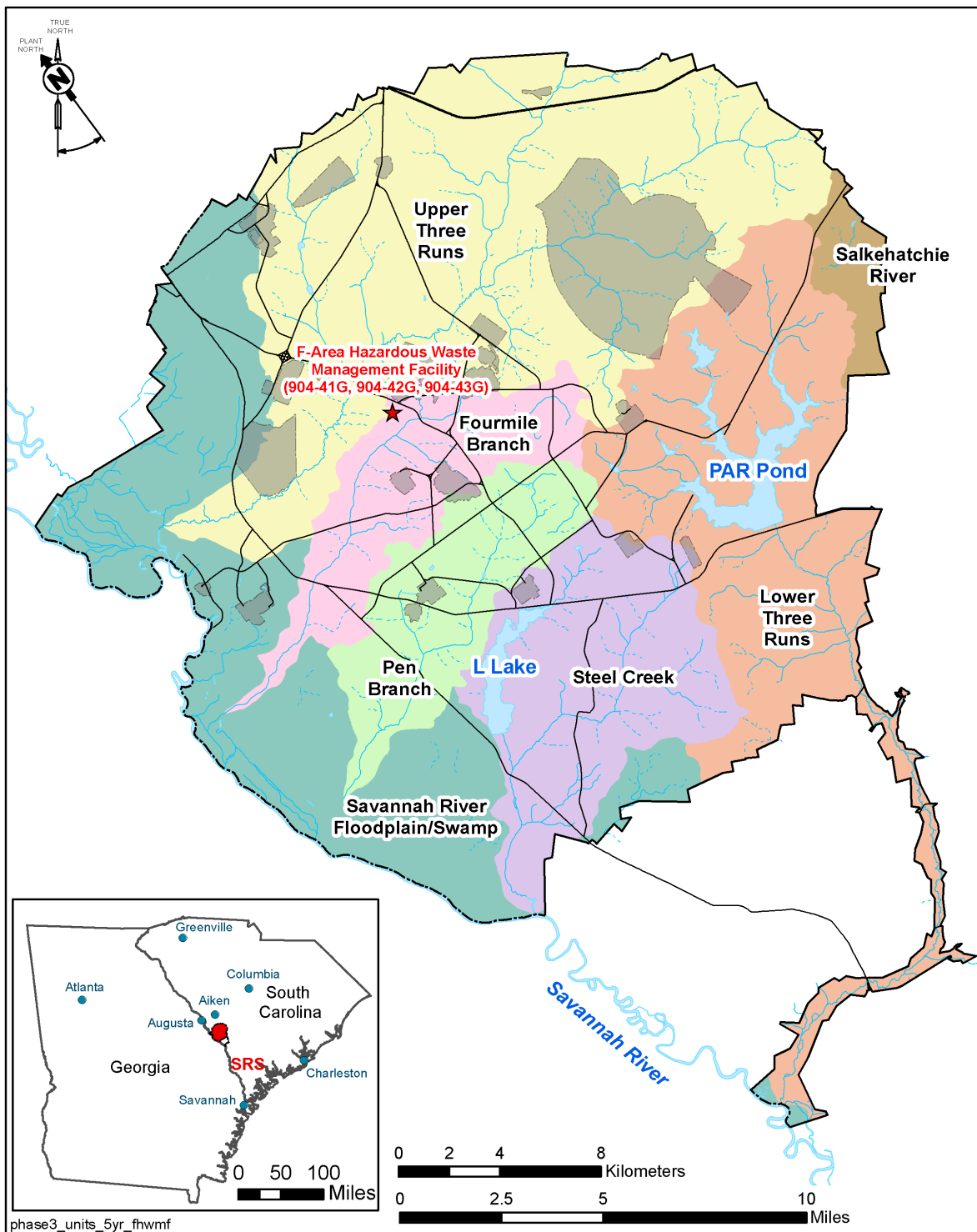


Figure E-1. Location of the FHWMF OU at SRS

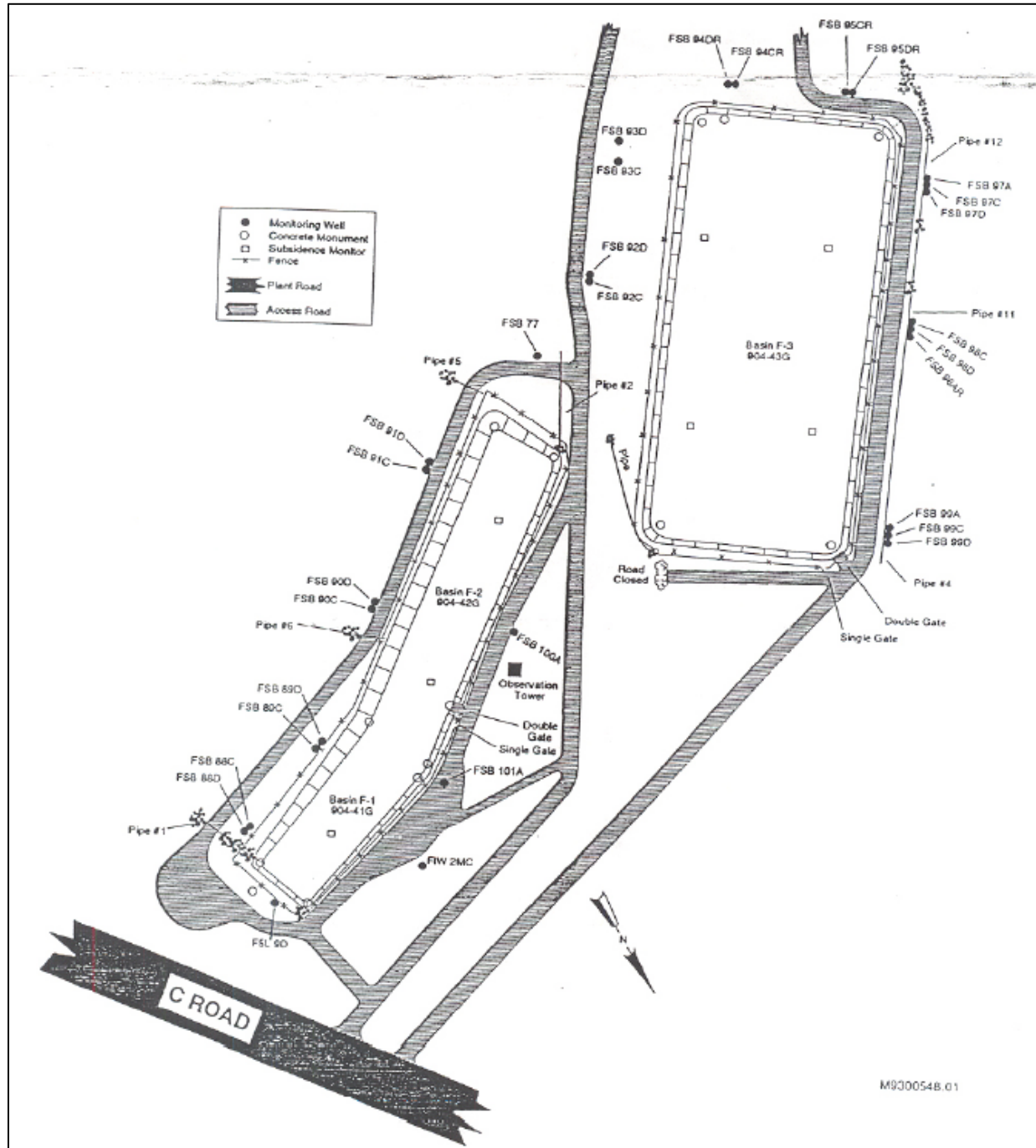


Figure E-2. Site Layout for FHWMF OU



Figure E-3. Current On-Unit Photographs of the Cover System of the FHWMF OU (2020)

Table E-1. Chronology of OU Events

Event	Date
RCRA Closure Plan Approved	June 1989
Corrective Action start	1989
RCRA Closure Certified	February 1991
Final ROD Issuance	October 1, 1993
Previous Five-Year Reviews Issuance	August 27, 1997 / February 12, 2004 / January 29, 2009 / February 4, 2014 / February 21, 2018

Attachment E-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) OU

I. SITE INFORMATION			
Site Name:	F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) OU	Date of Inspection:	7/21/2020
Location and Region	SRS, USEPA Region 4	EPA ID:	SEMS #6
Agency, Office, or Company leading the Five-Year Review	USDOE	Weather/ Temperature	Sunny 82°F
Remedy Includes: <i>(Click all that apply)</i> <div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap;"> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Landfill Cover/Containment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Access Controls <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Institutional Controls <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Pump and Treatment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>Stabilization</u> </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water Pump and Treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Monitored Natural Attenuation <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Containment <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical Barriers </div> </div>			
Attachments: <input type="checkbox"/> Inspection team roster attached			
II. INTERVIEWS <i>(Click all that apply)</i>			
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> 1. O&M Staff: Interviewed: Problems/Suggestions: </div> <div> <u>Phil Carter</u> (Name) <input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached </div> <div> <u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> (Title) Phone No.: <u>803-952-4145</u> </div> <div> <u>08/04/2020</u> (Date) </div> </div>			
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> 2. O&M Staff: Interviewed: Problems/Suggestions: </div> <div> <u>Richard Feagin</u> (Name) <input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached </div> <div> <u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> (Title) Phone No.: <u>803-952-4416</u> </div> <div> <u>08/04/2020</u> (Date) </div> </div>			

Attachment E-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) OU (continued)

II. INTERVIEWS (Click all that apply)(Continued)			
3. Local Regulatory Authorities and Response Agencies (i.e., State and tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds or other city and county offices, etc.). Fill in all that apply.			
Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

4. Other Interviews (Optional): <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Click all that apply)			
1. O&M Documents:			
<input type="checkbox"/> O&M Manual	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As-Built Drawings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maintenance Logs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: See Waste Unit Inspection and Maintenance, ER-SOP-019; Post Closure Inspection F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facilities 904-41G, 904-42G, 904-43G (U), ER-IDS-019-019 (2016 through 2020)			

Attachment E-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) OU (continued)

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Continued)			
2. Health and Safety Plans (HASPs):			
<input type="checkbox"/> Site-Specific Health and Safety Plans	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Contingency Plan/Emergency Response Plan	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: Routine O&M activities do not require a SSHASP under 29 CFR 1910.120, HAZWOPER.			
<hr/>			
3. O&M and OSHA Training Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: Training Records are complete and up to date per EC&ACP training matrix.			
<hr/>			
4. Permits and Service Agreements:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air Discharge Permit	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Effluent Discharge	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Waste Disposal; POTW	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other Permits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal			
<hr/>			
5. Gas Generation Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
<hr/>			
6. Settlement Monument Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
<hr/>			
7. Groundwater Monitoring Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
<hr/>			
8. Leachate Extraction Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
<hr/>			
9. Discharge Compliance Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Water (Effluent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
<hr/>			
10. Daily Access/Security Logs:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
<hr/>			

Attachment E-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) OU
(continued)

IV. O&M COSTS			
1. O&M Organization:			
<input type="checkbox"/> State In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for State		
<input type="checkbox"/> PRP In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for PRP		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>SRS</u>			
2. O&M Cost Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> Funding mechanism/agreement in place	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>Project cost data is discussed in Section IV of this OU-specific review.</u>			
Total annual cost by year for review period, if available			
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
3. Unanticipated or Unusually High O&M Costs During Review Period			
Describe costs and reasons: _____			

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Fencing			
1. Fencing Damage: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gates secured <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>OU-specific perimeter fencing is required by the remedial action. Perimeter fencing is in good condition.</u>			
B. Signs			
1. Signs and Other Security Measures: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>Signs are in good condition.</u>			

Attachment E-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) OU (continued)

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS (Continued)			
C. Institutional Controls			
1. Implementation and Enforcement			
Site conditions imply ICs are not properly implemented:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Site conditions imply ICs are not being fully enforced:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive-by, etc.)	<u>Walkdown</u>		
Frequency:	<u>Once in 5 years</u>		
Responsible Party/Agent:	<u>USDOE Savannah River Field Office</u>		
Contact:	<u>Phil Prater</u> (Name)	<u>DOE Program Manager</u> (Title)	<u>12/15/2020</u> (Date)
			<u>803-952-9333</u> (Phone No.)
Reporting is up-to-date:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Reports are verified by the lead agency:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Violations have been reported:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached		
<hr/>			
<hr/>			
2. Adequacy:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ICs are adequate	<input type="checkbox"/> ICs are inadequate	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:	<hr/>		
<hr/>			
D. General			
1. Vandalism/Trespassing:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No vandalism is evident	
Remarks:	<hr/>		
<hr/>			
2. Land use changes onsite:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
Remarks:	<hr/>		
<hr/>			
3. Land use changes offsite:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
Remarks:	<hr/>		
<hr/>			

Attachment E-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) OU (continued)

VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS			
A. Roads <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
1. Roads damaged:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Roads adequate	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____ _____			
B. Other Site Conditions			
Remarks: <u>Inspections conducted from FY2016 through FY2020 identified active ant mounds, signs and subsidence markers needing to be replaced, overgrown vegetation, small animals burrowing under fencing, and rutting caused by mowing equipment. These finding were resolved soon after discovery.</u> _____ _____ _____ _____			
VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Landfill Surface			
1. Settlement (Low spots):	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Settlement not evident	
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: _____ _____			
2. Cracks:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cracking not evident	
Lengths _____	Widths _____	Depths _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
3. Erosion:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident	
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: _____ _____			
4. Holes:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Holes not evident	
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: _____ _____			
5. Vegetative Cover:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grass	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cover properly established	<input type="checkbox"/> No signs of stress
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: <u>Vegetation is mowed routinely.</u> _____			

Attachment E-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) OU (continued)

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (<i>Continued</i>)		
6. Alternative Cover (armored rock, concrete, etc.): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 		
7. Bulges: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bulges not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ 		
8. Wet Areas / Water Damage: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wet areas/water damage not evident <input type="checkbox"/> Wet areas <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Ponding <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Seeps <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Soft subgrade <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ 		
9. Slope Instability: <input type="checkbox"/> Slides <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No evidence of slope instability Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ 		
B. Benches <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Horizontally constructed mounds of earth placed across a steep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope in order to slow down the velocity of surface runoff and intercept and convey the runoff to a lined channel)		
C. Letdown Channels <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Channel lined with erosion control mates, riprap, grout bags, or gabions that descend down the steep side slope of the cover and will allow the runoff water collected by the benches to move off of the landfill cover without creating erosion gullies)		
D. Cover Penetrations <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
E. Gas Collection and Treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
F. Cover Drainage Layer <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
G. Detention/Sedimentation Ponds <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
H. Retaining Walls <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		

Attachment E-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) OU
(continued)

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT <i>(Continued)</i>		
I. Perimeter Ditches/Offsite Discharge <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A		
1. Siltation:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Siltation not evident
Areal extent _____ Depth _____		
Remarks: _____		
2. Vegetative Growth: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vegetation does not impede flow		
Areal extent _____ Type _____		
Remarks: _____		
3. Erosion:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident
Areal extent _____ Depth _____		
Remarks: _____		
4. Discharge Structure:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____		
VIII. VERTICAL BARRIER WALLS <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
X. OTHER REMEDIES		
If there are remedies applied at the site, which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.		
A. Stabilization	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Stabilization was performed at FHWMF OU. The remedy is performing as designed.		

Attachment E-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) OU (continued)

XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS
A. Implementation of the Remedy
<p>Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emissions, etc.).</p> <p><u>Closure of the three basins (904-41G, 904-42G, and 904-43G) by dewatering, physically and chemically stabilizing the remaining sludge, and placement of a protective multi-layer cover system has met the remedial objectives of preventing physical exposure to contaminants and mitigating further migration of contaminants to the groundwater. Selected remedies for the FHWMF OU are functioning as intended. There are no issues requiring corrective actions for the cover system and LUCs.</u></p>
B. Adequacy of O&M
<p>Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.</p> <p><u>The O&M procedures consisting of site inspections and site maintenance (repair of erosion damage, cover system, fencing and warning signs) and site controls (SRS Site Use and Site Clearance Programs, which restrict invasive and permanent installation activities at the waste unit) have been implemented. The O&M procedures are adequately maintaining the FHWMF OU and the condition of the warning signs is good. When maintenance activities are identified during inspections (e.g., treating ant mounds, vegetation removal), repairs are scheduled and performed. There are no issues requiring corrective actions for the cover systems and LUCs.</u></p>
C. Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Failure
<p>Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.</p> <p><u>N/A</u></p>
D. Opportunities for Optimization
<p>Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy.</p> <p><u>N/A</u></p>

End of Checklist

This page is intentionally left blank.

FORD BUILDING SEEPAGE BASIN (904-91G) OPERABLE UNIT

I. Introduction

This is the fourth five-year remedy review for the Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) (FBSB) Operable Unit (OU). This review was conducted from July 2020 through December 2020. Contaminants have been left in place at the FBSB OU at levels that do not allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. The purpose of this review is to determine whether the remedy in place at the FBSB OU is protective of human health and the environment. This report documents the results of the review.

II. OU Chronology

Table F-1 lists the chronology of site events for the FBSB OU.

III. Background

The FBSB OU is listed as a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)/Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act unit in Appendix C of the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA) for Savannah River Site (SRS) (FFA 1993). The media associated with the FBSB OU include soil and groundwater beneath the OU. However, the results of the groundwater investigation contained in the RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) / Remedial Investigation (RI) with Baseline Risk Assessment (BRA) for the FBSB OU (WSRC 2000), which included a collection of groundwater samples and analyses, revealed that the groundwater associated with FBSB OU is not contaminated.

Physical Characteristics

The FBSB OU is located approximately in the middle of SRS within the Pen Branch Watershed (Figure F-1). The water table is approximately 15 m (50 ft) below land surface and flows southwest. The FBSB and its associated components were constructed in 1964. The FBSB OU includes the following components:

- Unlined Seepage Basin – 36 m by 24 m (120 ft by 80 ft) at ground level, 18 m by 7.5 m (60 ft by 25 ft) at the bottom of the basin, 3 m (10 ft) deep, 567,800-L (150,000-gal) capacity;
-

- Underground Retention Tank – 22,700-L (6,000-gal) capacity;
- Underground Process Sewer Line between Ford Building and Retention Tank – 5-cm (2-in), 18 m (60 ft) long;
- Underground Piping Process Sewer Line between Retention Tank and Seepage Basin – 5-cm (2-in), 32.4 m (108 ft) long;
- Pumping Station;
- A delisted National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Outfall CS-008 and associated riprap-lined earthen drainage ditch;
- Underground abandoned fire hydrant 20-cm (8-in) line; and
- Groundwater associated with the unit.

Figure F-2 depicts the layout of the FBSB OU.

Land and Resource Use

According to the *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report* (USDOE 1996), residential uses of the SRS land should be prohibited. The *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site* (WSRC 1999) designates FBSB OU as being within the site industrial support area. The future land use for FBSB OU is reasonably anticipated to remain industrial with the U.S. Department of Energy (USDOE) maintaining control of the land.

History of Contamination

From 1964 until 1984, the FBSB received approximately 1.44 million L (380,400 gal) of wastewater generated in the Ford Building during the reconfiguration, repair, and scrapping of reactor heat exchangers and other process equipment. The dominant radionuclide received was tritium (470 curies) along with smaller amounts of cobalt-60, strontium-90, cesium-137, and unidentified alpha emitters. Trace amounts of nonradioactive surfactants, and organic and inorganic constituents may have been released into the basin. There is no record of the basin overflowing.

Initial Response

A removal action taken in 1998 removed the retention tank, pumping station, and underground piping process sewer lines to an off-unit disposal area. Approximately 2.1 m³ (2.8 yd³) of radiologically contaminated soil was containerized and stored at the FBSB OU until final disposition per the remedial decision in the Record of Decision (ROD) (WSRC 2001). Figures F-3 and F-4 present photographs of the FBSB OU before remediation and in the current condition.

Basis for Taking Action

The field investigations and the operational records identified four potential primary sources of contamination: FBSB, Tank/Process Sewer Line, NPDES Ditch, and the fire hydrant line. The RFI/RI/BRA report concluded that cesium-137, cobalt-60, and europium-154 present in the surface soil in the Seepage Basin Area pose human exposure health risks (greater than 1.0E-06) to future industrial workers. Aroclor-1254 represents an ecological risk to insectivorous mammals in the Seepage Basin Area. Arsenic, cesium-137, cobalt-60, and europium-154 are present in the subsurface soil beneath the Seepage Basin Area and present human health risks (greater than 1.0E-06) to future industrial workers exposed to subsurface soil. Cesium-137 and cobalt-60 are also present in surface and subsurface soils at the Tank/Process Sewer at levels that pose human exposure health risks (greater than 1.0E-06) to future industrial worker. Results of the RFI/RI/BRA concluded that there were no refined contaminants of concern (RCOCs) for the FBSB OU vadose zone, fire hydrant line, NPDES Ditch, and groundwater. There are no contaminant migration RCOCs and no principal threat source material at the FBSB OU.

The soil that required remedial action is located in the Seepage Basin Area (surface and subsurface) and Tank/Process Sewer Line Area (fully contained within a 1.2-m [4-ft] depth). Table F-2 provides the RCOCs and corresponding remedial goals (RGs) identified for the FBSB soils and Tank/Process Sewer Line soils.

IV. Remedial Actions

Remedy Selection

As stated in the ROD (WSRC 2001), the following are the remedial action objectives (RAOs) for the FBSB OU:

Seepage Basin Area Subunit

- Protect future industrial workers at the Seepage Basin Area from exposure to three RCOCs (cesium-137, cobalt-60, and europium-154) that exceed RGs in surface soils 0 to 0.3 m (0 to 1 ft) and four RCOCs (arsenic, cesium-137, cobalt-60, and europium-154) that exceed RGs in subsurface soils 0.3 to 1.2 m (1 to 4 ft deep) (Table F-2).
- Protect current terrestrial ecological receptors (insectivorous mammals) at the Seepage Basin Area from exposure to Aroclor 1254 at levels above the RG (0.0219 mg/kg) in surface soil.

Tank/Process Sewer Line Area Subunit

- Protect future industrial workers at the Tank/Process Line Area from exposure to cesium-137 and cobalt-60 that exceed RGs in surface and subsurface soils (Table F-2).

As stated in the ROD (WSRC 2001), the selected remedy for the FBSB OU was:

- Excavate all contaminated soil exceeding 1.0E-06 risk (for industrial worker) from the Tank/Process Sewer Line Area and disposition the soil into the seepage basin along with the vegetation existing in the basin;
 - Remove the containerized soil (contaminated surface soil from the retention tank area) from two B-12 boxes and a 55-gallon drum and disposition the waste into the seepage basin;
 - Backfill the remaining volume of the seepage basin and the excavated area of the Tank/Process Sewer Line Area with clean soil from an SRS borrow pit;
 - Grade the clean soil to match the surrounding topography and cover the backfilled areas with vegetative cover to minimize erosion;
 - Implement institutional controls (i.e., land use controls [LUCs]).
-

Remedy Implementation

Implementation of the FBSB OU remedial action included the following activities:

- Consolidated approximately 183.6 m³ (240 yd³), 505.5 m³ (1685 yd³) and 2.14 m³ (2.8 yd³) of contaminated soil by excavating to a depth of 1.2 m (4 ft) in the Tank/Process Sewer Line Area and to a width of 0.6 m (2 ft) and a depth of 0.3 m (1 ft) at the bank of the basin, and removed containerized soil (one 55-gallon drum and two B-12 boxes) and transported the soil with the existing vegetation to the basin bottom, respectively;
- Installed soil covers over the seepage basin (0.09 hectare [0.22 acre]) and the excavated areas of the Tank/Process Sewer Area (0.09 hectare [0.21 acre]) consisting of a minimum of 1.2-m (4-ft) thick common fill layer covered by a 15-cm (6-in) thick vegetative layer for the seepage basin and a 15-cm (6-in) thick crusher run for the tank/process sewer area. The common fill and vegetative layers consisted of clean soil from an approved SRS borrow pit;
- Seeded the seepage basin soil cover for vegetation;
- Established institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) for 0.11 hectares (0.28 acres) of the FBSB OU, which include site inspections of the seepage basin cover and the installation of warning signs around the seepage basin. Site inspections of the tank/process sewer area cover are not required because all soils exceeding 1.0E-06 risk (industrial) were removed.

System Operations/Operation and Maintenance

There are no system operational requirements.

The following maintenance activities are ongoing:

- Site inspections (semiannual through 2014; frequency reduced to annual thereafter [USDOE 2014]) and site maintenance (repair of erosion damage, cover maintenance, and warning signs) of the seepage basin cover; and
 - Site controls (SRS Site Use and Site Clearance Programs, which restrict invasive and permanent installation activities at the waste unit).
-

Table F-3 compares the actual operation and maintenance (O&M) costs for the five-year remedy review period to the estimated direct O&M costs from the ROD (WSRC 2001). The estimated O&M cost for fiscal year (FY) 2016 to FY2020 was \$50,000 for site inspections, maintenance of the cover, and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs). The actual O&M cost for FY2016 to FY2020 is \$40,252. The actual O&M costs (Table F-3) are as expected.

V. Progress since Last Review

The previous protectiveness statement concluded that the remedial actions at FBSB OU are expected to be protective. The final remedial actions of excavation, consolidation, and backfilling of excavated areas along with institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) have been functioning properly.

There were no recommendations or follow-up actions from the last five-year review.

VI. Five-Year Review Process

The following tasks were performed as part of the review:

- Reviewed the documents listed in Section XII. Documents Reviewed;
- Confirmed the implementation of the remedial action;
- Inspected the OU, interviewed maintenance personnel, and documented the results on the Inspection Checklist provided in Attachment F-1 with the purpose of assessing the protectiveness of the remedy and the functionality of the access controls; and
- Reviewed changes in standards and to-be-considered guidance

Summary of Inspections and Interviews

Interviews were conducted with Richard Feagin, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC (SRNS) Environmental Compliance and Area Completion Projects (EC&ACP) Post-Closure Lead, and Phil Carter, SRNS EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead, on August 4, 2020, at the O&M organization offices. No issues were identified for the FBSB OU during these interviews. The FBSB OU was inspected SRNS EC&ACP on June 23, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

The FBSB OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP and USDOE personnel on November 24, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

A site inspection was conducted by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) personnel, accompanied by USDOE and SRNS personnel, via Microsoft Teams on March 16, 2021. Photographs and drone videos were used to inspect the OU virtually. No significant problems regarding this OU were identified during the inspections.

The field inspection frequency for the FBSB OU was changed from semiannual to annual in 2014. The USDOE submitted a letter (USDOE 2014) to USEPA and SCDHEC to reduce inspection frequencies from semiannual to annual for FBSB OU. USEPA and SCDHEC approved the request on October 2, 2014 and September 17, 2014, respectively. Scheduled annual inspections performed at the FBSB OU from FY2016 through FY2020 identified the following issues: active ant mounds. These findings were documented on the field inspection checklists and resolved soon after discovery.

VII. Technical Assessment

Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Documents?

The remedy, excavation, consolidation, common fill cover with LUCs, is effective in preventing exposure to contaminants above 1E-06 risk level and is functioning as intended.

Institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) have been effective in maintaining restricted (industrial) land use. Annual site inspections and site maintenance have been effective in maintaining the integrity of the soil cover. Based on the site inspections, there is no indication of potential remedy failure that could place protectiveness at risk.

The Land Use Control Implementation Plan for the FBSB OU, located in Appendix A of the Post-Construction Report/Corrective Measures Implementation Report/Final Remediation Report, governs LUC implementation, maintenance, monitoring, reporting, and enforcement of LUCs (WSRC 2003). The LUCs that are in place include physical access controls to prevent unauthorized contact, removal or excavation or subsurface soils, and restrictions to prevent disturbance of the FBSB OU. Warning signs are in good

condition, and no activities were observed that would have violated the LUCs. All LUC objectives are being met.

Are Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives still valid?

The exposure assumptions, toxicity data, and cleanup levels used at the time of final remedy selection are still valid. There have been no changes in standard or physical conditions at the FBSB OU that would affect the protectiveness of the remedy.

The USEPA standards and toxicity values have been updated since the last five-year remedy review as shown in Appendix B. The changes to the values for RCOCs at the FBSB OU were not significant, and the RAOs continue to be met by the remedial action. No new standards or to-be-considered guidance have been identified that call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

Fact sheets provided on the USEPA webpage regarding emerging contaminants were reviewed for applicability to this site. None of the listed emerging contaminants were identified as applicable to this OU.

Has any Other Information Come to Light that Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No other information has come to light that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

VIII. Issues

There are no issues related to current site conditions or activities that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

IX. Recommendations and Follow-up Actions

There are no recommendations or follow-up actions for this OU.

X. Protectiveness Statement(s)

The remedy at the FBSB OU is protective of human health and the environment.

Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled by institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) to prevent exposure or ingestion of contaminated soil media. All threats to the FBSB OU are being addressed through physical access controls to prevent unauthorized entry to SRS (fences, guards, security patrols, etc.), administrative controls that maintain the FBSB OU for industrial use only, and warning signs and land use restrictions via the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance Program.

XI. Next Review

As shown in Appendix A, Table A-1, the next five-year review for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems is scheduled for January 2027.

XII. Documents Reviewed

FFA, 1993. *Federal Facility Agreement for the Savannah River Site*, Administrative Docket No. 89-05-FF (Effective Date: August 16, 1993)

USDOE, 1996. *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report*, U.S. Department of Energy, Savannah River Operations Office, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

USDOE, 2014. Letter, B. T. Hennessey (USDOE) to S. B. Fulmer (SCDHEC) and R. H. Pope (USEPA), *Request to Change the Inspection Frequency for Central Shops Burning/Rubble Pits (631-1G and 631-3G) and Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-19G) Operable Units*, CERCLIS Numbers: 50 and 58, IACD-14-186, dated August 20, 2014, Department of Energy, Savannah River Operations Office, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1999. *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site*, WSRC-RP-98-4125, Revision 1.1, latest revision, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2000. *RCRA Facility Investigation/Remedial Investigation with Baseline Risk Assessment for the Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) Operable Unit (U)*, WSRC-RP-98-4096, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2001. *Record of Decision Remedial Alternative Selection for the Ford Building Seepage Basin Operable Unit (904-91G) (U)*, WSRC-RP-2000-4156, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2003. *Post-Construction Report (PCR)/Corrective Measures Implementation Report (CMIR)/Final Remediation Report (FRR) for the Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) Operable Unit (U)*, WSRC-RP-2003-4038, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

Various - *Inspection Data Sheets – Field Inspection Checklist, Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) (U)*, ER-IDS-019-024, Inspection period 2016 through 2020 (annually)

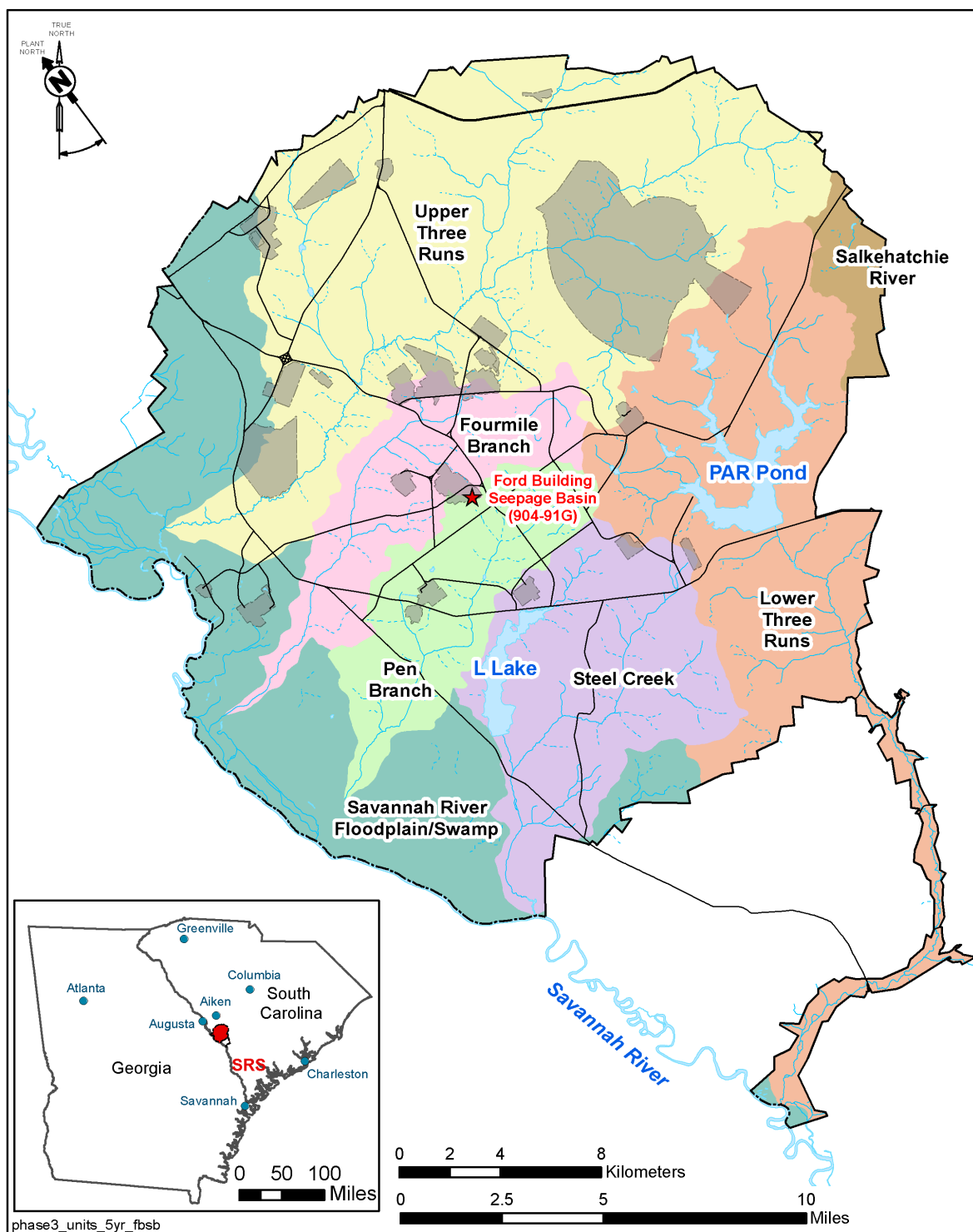


Figure F-1. Location of the FBSB OU at SRS

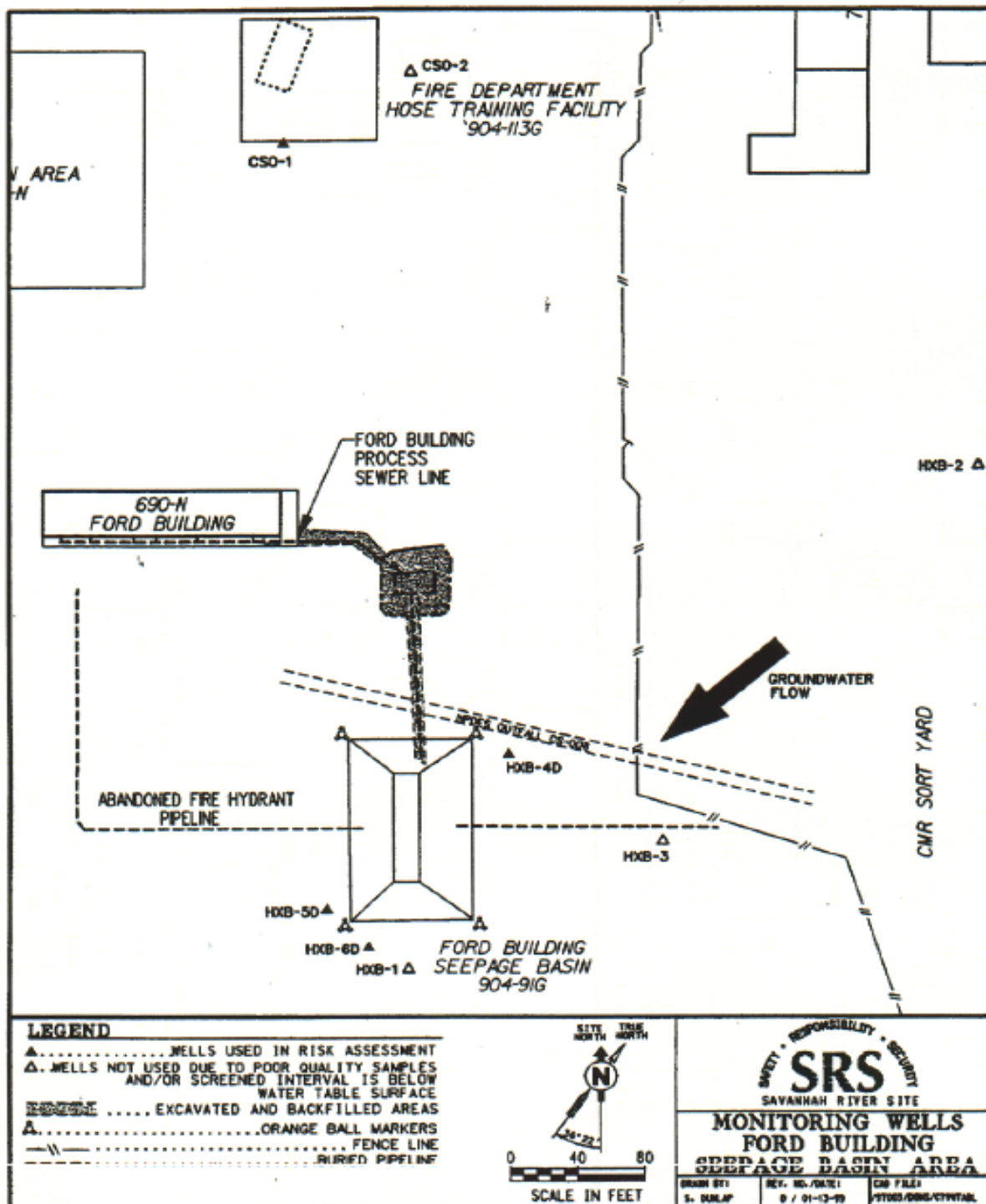


Figure F-2. Layout of the FBSB OU



Figure F-3. Oblique Aerial Photograph of the FBSB OU (1996)



Figure F-4. Current Photograph of the FBSB OU (2020)

Table F-1. Chronology of OU Events

Event	Date
RFI/RI Field Start / Complete	October 20, 1997 / April 18, 2000
Removal Action Start / Complete	January 1, 1998 / December 31, 1998
ROD issuance	April 5, 2002
Remedial Action start/complete	January 27, 2003 / April 22, 2003
Previous Five-Year Reviews Issuance	January 29, 2009 / February 4, 2014 / February 21, 2018

Table F-2. RCOCs and RGs Associated with Contaminated Media at FBSB OU

Subunit	Media	RCOC	Type of RCOC	RGs	Basis
FBSB Basin	Surface Soil	Aroclor 1254	ECO	0.0219 mg/kg	Insectivorous Mammal
	Surface/ Subsurface Soil	Cesium-137	HH	0.105 pCi/g	On-Unit Industrial Worker (External)
	Surface/ Subsurface Soil	Cobalt-60	HH	0.0224 pCi/g	On-Unit Industrial Worker (External)
	Surface/ Subsurface Soil	Europium-154	HH	0.0473 pCi/g	On-Unit Industrial Worker (External)
	Subsurface Soil	Arsenic	HH	3.53 mg/kg	On-Unit Industrial Worker (Ingestion)
Tank/ Process Sewer	Surface/ Subsurface Soil	Cesium-137	HH	0.105 pCi/g	On-Unit Industrial Worker (External)
	Surface/ Subsurface Soil	Cobalt-60	HH	0.0224 pCi/g	On-Unit Industrial Worker (External)

ECO

Ecological COC

HH

Human health industrial worker

Table F-3. Actual versus Estimated O&M Costs

	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	5-Year Total
Total Actual O&M Costs (\$)	7,178	14,105	4,611	7,992	6,366	40,252
Total ROD Estimated Direct O&M Costs* (\$)	5,000	30,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	50,000

*Cost for preparation of the Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review were accounted for in FY2017.

This page is intentionally left blank.

Attachment F-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) OU

I. SITE INFORMATION			
Site Name:	Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) OU	Date of Inspection:	6/23/2020
Location and Region	SRS, USEPA Region 4	EPA ID:	SEMS #58
Agency, Office, or Company leading the Five-Year Review	USDOE	Weather/ Temperature	Partly cloudy 87°F
Remedy Includes: <i>(Click all that apply)</i> <div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap;"> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Landfill Cover/Containment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Access Controls <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Institutional Controls <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Pump and Treatment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>Excavation and consolidation</u> </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water Pump and Treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Monitored Natural Attenuation <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Containment <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical Barriers </div> </div>			
Attachments: <input type="checkbox"/> Inspection team roster attached			
II. INTERVIEWS <i>(Click all that apply)</i>			
1. O&M Staff:	<u>Phil Carter</u> (Name)	<u>EC&ACP Post Closure Lead</u> (Title)	<u>08/04/2020</u> (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone Phone No.: <u>803-952-4145</u>		
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____ _____		
2. O&M Staff:	<u>Richard Feagin</u> (Name)	<u>EC&ACP Post Closure Lead</u> (Title)	<u>08/04/2020</u> (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone Phone No.: <u>803-952-4416</u>		
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____ _____		

Attachment F-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) OU (continued)

II. INTERVIEWS (Click all that apply)(Continued)			
3. Local Regulatory Authorities and Response Agencies (i.e., State and tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds or other city and county offices, etc.). Fill in all that apply.			
Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date) (Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date) (Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date) (Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

4. Other Interviews (Optional): <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Click all that apply)			
1. O&M Documents:			
<input type="checkbox"/> O&M Manual	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As-Built Drawings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maintenance Logs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Site inspections (semiannual through 2014; annual thereafter [USDOE 2014]) are performed per SRS procedure ER-SOP-019, Waste Unit Inspection and Maintenance, and ER-IDS-019-024, Field Inspection Checklist for the FBSB OU.</u>			

Attachment F-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) OU (continued)

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Continued)			
2. Health and Safety Plans (HASP):			
<input type="checkbox"/> Site-Specific Health and Safety Plans	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Contingency Plan/Emergency Response Plan	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Routing O&M activities do not require a SSHASP under 29 CFR 1910.120, HAZWOPER.</u>			
3. O&M and OSHA Training Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Training Records are complete and up to date per EC&ACP training matrix.</u>			
4. Permits and Service Agreements:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air Discharge Permit	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Effluent Discharge	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Waste Disposal; POTW	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Other Permits	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
5. Gas Generation Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
6. Settlement Monument Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
7. Groundwater Monitoring Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
8. Leachate Extraction Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
9. Discharge Compliance Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Water (Effluent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
10. Daily Access/Security Logs:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			

Attachment F-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) OU (*continued*)

IV. O&M COSTS			
1. O&M Organization:			
<input type="checkbox"/> State In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for State		
<input type="checkbox"/> PRP In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for PRP		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>SRS</u>			
2. O&M Cost Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> Funding mechanism/agreement in place	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>Project cost data is summarized in Section IV of this OU-specific review.</u>			
Total annual cost by year for review period, if available			
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
3. Unanticipated or Unusually High O&M Costs During Review Period			
Describe costs and reasons: _____ _____ _____ _____			
V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Fencing			
1. Fencing Damage: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> Gates secured <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>OU-specific perimeter fencing is not required by the remedial action.</u> _____			
B. Signs			
1. Signs and Other Security Measures: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>Signs are in good condition.</u> _____			

Attachment F-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) OU (*continued*)

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS (<i>Continued</i>)			
C. Institutional Controls			
1. Implementation and Enforcement			
Site conditions imply ICs are not properly implemented:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Site conditions imply ICs are not being fully enforced:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive-by, etc.)	<u>Walkdown</u>		
Frequency:	<u>Once in 5 years</u>		
Responsible Party/Agent:	<u>USDOE Savannah River Field Office</u>		
Contact:	<u>Karen Adams</u> (Name)	<u>Federal Project Director</u> (Title)	<u>11/24/2020</u> (Date) <u>803-952-7085</u> (Phone No.)
Reporting is up-to-date:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Reports are verified by the lead agency:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Violations have been reported:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached		
<hr/>			
<hr/>			
2. Adequacy: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ICs are adequate <input type="checkbox"/> ICs are inadequate <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: Survey monuments were located and in good condition. <u></u>			
<hr/>			
<hr/>			
D. General			
1. Vandalism/Trespassing: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No vandalism is evident			
Remarks: <u></u>			
<hr/>			
<hr/>			
2. Land use changes onsite: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u></u>			
<hr/>			
<hr/>			
3. Land use changes offsite: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u></u>			
<hr/>			
<hr/>			

Attachment F-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) OU (*continued*)

VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS			
A. Roads	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
1. Roads damaged:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Roads adequate	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____ _____			
B. Other Site Conditions			
Remarks: <u>Inspections conducted from FY2016 through FY2020 identified active ant mounds. All issues were resolved soon after discovery.</u> _____ _____ _____			
VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Landfill Surface			
1. Settlement (Low spots):	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Settlement not evident	
Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____			
2. Cracks:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cracking not evident	
Lengths _____ Widths _____ Depths _____ Remarks: _____ _____			
3. Erosion:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident	
Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____			
4. Holes:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Holes not evident	
Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____			
5. Vegetative Cover:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grass	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cover properly established	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No signs of stress
Areal extent 1 acre _____ Depth _____ Remarks: <u>One acre of grass is maintained over and around the perimeter of the cover system, which extends beyond the 0.113 hectares (0.28 acres) LUC area.</u> _____ _____			

Attachment F-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) OU (continued)

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (Continued)		
6. Alternative Cover (armored rock, concrete, etc.): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____		
7. Bulges: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bulges not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
8. Wet Areas / Water Damage: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wet areas/water damage not evident <input type="checkbox"/> Wet areas <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Ponding <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Seeps <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Soft subgrade <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
9. Slope Instability: <input type="checkbox"/> Slides <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No evidence of slope instability Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
B. Benches <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Horizontally constructed mounds of earth placed across a steep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope in order to slow down the velocity of surface runoff and intercept and convey the runoff to a lined channel)		
C. Letdown Channels <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Channel lined with erosion control mates, riprap, grout bags, or gabions that descend down the steep side slope of the cover and will allow the runoff water collected by the benches to move off of the landfill cover without creating erosion gullies)		
D. Cover Penetrations <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
E. Gas Collection and Treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
F. Cover Drainage Layer <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
G. Detention/Sedimentation Ponds <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
H. Retaining Walls <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		

Attachment F-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) OU (*continued*)

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (<i>Continued</i>)		
I. Perimeter Ditches/Offsite Discharge <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A		
1. Siltation: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Siltation not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
2. Vegetative Growth: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vegetation does not impede flow Areal extent _____ Type _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
3. Erosion: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
4. Discharge Structure: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____		
VIII. VERTICAL BARRIER WALLS <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
X. OTHER REMEDIES		
If there are remedies applied at the site, which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.		
A. Excavation and Consolidation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A <u>Excavation and consolidation were performed at FBSB OU. The remedy is performing as designed.</u> _____ _____		

Attachment F-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Ford Building Seepage Basin (904-91G) OU (*continued*)

XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS
A. Implementation of the Remedy
<p>Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emissions, etc.).</p> <p><u>The selected remedy for the FBSB OU was excavation, consolidation, backfilling, common fill cover, and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) to protect future industrial workers and terrestrial ecological receptors from exposure. Selected remedy for the FBSB OU is functioning as intended. There are no issues requiring corrective actions.</u></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
B. Adequacy of O&M
<p>Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.</p> <p><u>The O&M procedures consisting of semiannual/annual site inspections and site maintenance (repair of erosion damage, cover maintenance, and warning signs) and site controls (SRS Site Use and Site Clearance Programs, which restrict invasive and permanent installation activities at the OU) have been implemented. The O&M procedures are adequately maintaining the FBSB OU and the condition of the warning signs is good. When maintenance activities are identified during inspections (e.g., active ant mounds), repairs are scheduled and performed. There are no issues requiring corrective actions.</u></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
C. Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Failure
<p>Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.</p> <p><u>N/A</u></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
D. Opportunities for Optimization
<p>Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy.</p> <p><u>N/A</u></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>

End of Checklist

This page is intentionally left blank.

H-AREA HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, AND 904-56G) OPERABLE UNIT

I. Introduction

This report is the sixth five-year review for the H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) (HHWMF) Operable Unit (OU). This review was conducted from July 2020 through December 2020. Contaminants have been left in place at the HHWMF OU at levels that do not allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. The purpose of this review is to determine whether the remedy in place at the HHWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment. The report documents the results of the review.

The remedy for this unit is conducted under the Savannah River Site (SRS) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) program. The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) remediation requirements are met by the RCRA program; therefore, a separate review of the RCRA Corrective Action is not duplicated in this document.

II. OU Chronology

Table G-1 lists the chronology of site events for the HHWMF.

III. Background

The HHWMF OU is listed as a RCRA Unit in Appendix C of the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA) for SRS (FFA 1993). The media associated with the HHWMF OU is soil.

The groundwater is being addressed by the H-Area Groundwater OU and will be discussed in the five-year remedy review reports for SRS OUs with operating equipment. Groundwater corrective actions are performed under the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal for SRS.

Physical Characteristics

The HHWMF is located in the central portion of SRS, approximately 9.6 km (6 mi) from the nearest site boundary (Figure G-1). The HHWMF consists of four unlined basins, H-1 (904-44G), H-2 (904-45G), H-3 (904-46G) and H-4 (904-56G) and the associated H-Area Inactive Process Sewer Line (HIPSL) (Figure G-2).

The dimensions and volumetric capacity of the basins were as follows:

- Basin H-1 – 27 m x 72 m x 2.7 m (90 ft x 240 ft x 9 ft), 4.2 million L (1.1 million gal);
- Basin H-2 – 33 m x 138 m x 2.7 m (110 ft x 460 ft x 9 ft), 10.6 million L (2.8 million gal);
- Basin H-3 – 105 m x 144 m x 5.1 m (350 ft x 480 ft x 17 ft), 35.6 million L (9.4 million gal); and
- Basin H-4 – 39-129 m x 720 m x 2.4 m (130-430 ft x 2400 ft x 8 ft), 85.6 million L (22.6 million gal).

At the time of closure, the HHWMF (904-44G, 904-45G, and 904-56G) had a combined maximum operating capacity of 100.3 million L (26.5-million gal) of wastewater. Figure G-3 shows the basins prior to the start of closure.

The HIPSL that was used to convey wastewater to the HHWMF is outside the scope of the HHWMF Record of Decision (ROD). The HIPSL RCRA closure action was completed in conjunction with the General Separations Area Consolidated Unit OU remedial action.

Land and Resource Use

According to the *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report* (USDOE 1996), residential uses of the SRS land should be prohibited. The *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site* (WSRC 1999) designates the HHWMF OU as being within an industrial area. The future land use for the HHWMF OU is reasonably anticipated to remain industrial with the U.S. Department of Energy (USDOE) maintaining control of the land.

History of Contamination

The HHWMF operated from 1955 until November 1988. In 1962, Basin H-4 replaced Basin H-3. During the operating period, the HHWMF received waste effluents from H-Area chemical separation facilities such as the nitric acid recovery unit, waste storage system evaporator overheads, and general-purpose evaporator overheads.

Significant amounts of nitrate and caustic were received in the basins. Radioactive releases were greater than 99 percent tritium. A 1984 soil coring study showed that approximately 90 percent of the radionuclides and metals were concentrated within the top 0.3 m (1 ft) of basin soil (WSRC 2001).

Initial Response

Preventative actions at HHWMF OU were conducted pursuant to the requirements of RCRA per Settlement Agreement 87-27-SW.

Closure of the four basins began in 1989 and was completed in May 1991. The four basins were closed by dewatering; physically and chemically stabilizing the remaining sludge with a layer of granite, limestone, and blast furnace slag; and placing a protective multi-layer cover system over them to reduce rainwater contact with basin bottoms.

The HHWMF was certified closed in July 1991 and was accepted by the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) in October 1991 as being in compliance with RCRA requirements (SRNS 2016).

Basis for Taking Action

The constituents of concern at the HHWMF are arsenic, barium, cadmium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, vanadium, zinc, tetrachloroethylene, gross alpha, gross beta, tritium, nitrate, carbon-14, cobalt-60, iodine-129, radium-226, radium-227, strontium-90, technetium-99, and uranium-233/234. No remedial goals were established in the ROD for soils (WSRC 1993).

IV. Remedial Actions

Remedy Selection

Preventative alternatives were developed for the HHWMF within the RCRA closure process in 1988. Closure of the HHWMF began in 1989 and was completed in July 1991. Preventative activities at the HHWMF became subject to CERCLA when SRS was placed on the National Priorities List in December 1989. As documented in the ROD, the RCRA closure was selected as the final action under CERCLA. Therefore, no further action under CERCLA was necessary for the HHWMF (WSRC 1993).

The remedial action objectives (RAOs) for the HHWMF OU were to prevent the physical exposure to contaminants and to mitigate further migration of contaminants to the groundwater by minimizing a liquid medium pathway (rainwater percolation) for transport. The HHWMF RCRA preventative action of stabilization and placement of all contaminated materials under a low-permeability cap satisfied both RAOs.

Remedy Implementation

Implementation of the selected final action remedy (i.e., the RCRA preventative action) included the following activities:

- Dewatering the basins to eliminate free liquids and to solidify the remaining waste and residues;
- Stabilizing the remaining waste using 0.9-1.8 m (3-6 ft) of granite aggregate, 0.3 m (1 ft) of limestone and blast furnace slag to provide a load bearing capacity sufficient to support the cover system; and
- Placing a 9-hectare (22.1-acre) low permeability cover system consisting of a layer of backfill, a 0.6-m (2-ft) layer of low-permeability compacted kaolin clay, a 22.5-cm (9-in) drainage layer of sand, a geotextile fabric filter, topped with 0.6 m (2 ft) of topsoil to support a vegetative cover.

In 2011, enhancements to the cover system over the basins were completed. Specifically, the drainage system, consisting of concrete lined swales, was re-graded and new concrete

installed. In addition, modifications to tie the drainage layer from the cap to the swales were completed. Figure G-4 provides current photographs of the HHWMF.

Systems Operations/Operation and Maintenance

There are no operational requirements for the cover system and LUCs.

The following maintenance activities are ongoing:

- Post-closure groundwater monitoring is required as a condition of the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal (SCDHEC 2014) to verify that no unacceptable exposure to potential hazards posed by conditions at the OU occur in the future.
- Quarterly site inspections will occur to verify the integrity of the cover system, OU-specific fencing, signs, etc. Any necessary repairs will be made as part of the maintenance program. Annual elevation surveys are conducted to monitor the long-term settlement of the cap.
- Institutional controls (i.e., land use controls [LUCs]) are being enforced to preclude unauthorized access or intrusive activities through the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance program and SRS site security.

Costs associated with the selected remedy for HHWMF include operation and maintenance (O&M) costs of the soil cover and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs). The actual O&M cost during fiscal year (FY) 2016 to FY2020 is \$701,044. RCRA documentation does not require estimated project costs to be prepared. Therefore, a cost data comparison is not provided in this remedy review.

V. Progress since Last Review

The previous protectiveness statement from the last five-year review concluded that because the remedial actions at HHWMF are protective, the site is protective of human health and the environment. Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are controlled through a maintained cover system and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) in place while USDOE controls the OU.

Per recommendation from the last five-year review, the field inspection frequency for the HHWMF OU was changed from monthly to quarterly (Q) in 2018.

VI. Five-Year Review Process

The following tasks were performed as part of the review:

- Reviewed the documents listed in Section XII. Documents Reviewed;
- Confirmed the implementation of the remedial action;
- Inspected the OU, interviewed maintenance personnel and documented the results on the Inspection Checklist provided in Attachment G-1 with the purpose of assessing the protectiveness of the remedy and the functionality of the access controls; and
- Ensured that all actions required under the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal (SCDHEC 2014) were implemented (i.e., routine inspections, maintenance to the soil covers, groundwater monitoring).

Summary of Inspections and Interviews

Interviews were conducted with Richard Feagin, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC (SRNS) Environmental Compliance and Area Completion Projects (EC&ACP) Post-Closure Lead, and Phil Carter, SRNS EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead, on August 4, 2020 at the O&M organization offices. No issues were identified for the HHWMF during these interviews. The HHWMF OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP on July 21, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

The HHWMF OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP and USDOE personnel on December 15, 2020. No issues were identified for the HHWMF during this inspection.

A site inspection was conducted by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and SCDHEC personnel, accompanied by USDOE and SRNS personnel, via Microsoft Teams on March 16, 2021. Photographs and drone videos were used to inspect the OU virtually. No significant problems regarding this OU was identified during the inspections.

The field inspection frequency for the HHWMF was changed from monthly to quarterly in 2018. Scheduled monthly inspections (2016-1Q2018) and quarterly inspections (2Q2018-FY2020) performed at the HHWMF OU identified the following issues: active ant mounds, signs and subsidence markers needing to be replaced, overgrown vegetation, small animals burrowing under fencing, and rutting caused by mowing equipment. These findings were documented on the field inspection checklists and resolved soon after discovery.

VII. Technical Assessment

Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The remedy, in situ stabilization/solidification, RCRA soil cover with institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) is effective in preventing exposure to contaminant risk above 1E-06 risk levels and mitigating further migration of contaminants to groundwater and is functioning as intended.

Institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) have been effective in maintaining restricted (industrial) land use. Quarterly site inspections and site maintenance have been effective in maintaining integrity of the soil cover. Based on the site inspections, there is no indication of potential remedy failure that could place protectiveness at risk.

The LUC requirements are discussed and approved as part of the closure/post-closure/permit application process and are governed by the RCRA Permit Renewal for the SRS (SCDHEC 2014). The closure/post-closure requirements are discussed in the RCRA Permit Renewal Application for the H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (H-Area HHWMF) Postclosure (SRNS 2016). Therefore, a Land Use Control Implementation Plan is not required for this OU. The LUCs that are in place include physical access controls to prevent unauthorized contact, removal or excavation of subsurface soils, and restrictions to prevent disturbance of the HHWMF OU. Warning signs are in good condition, and no activities were observed that would have violated the LUCs. All LUC objectives are being met.

Are the Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives still Valid?

The exposure assumptions, toxicity data, and cleanup levels used at the time of final remedy selection are still valid. There have been no changes in the standards or physical conditions of the HHWMF OU that would affect the protectiveness of the remedy.

As the remedial work has been completed, the applicable standards set forth in the ROD (WSRC 1993) and RCRA closure plan (WSRC 2000) associated with soils and basin sediments have been met. Groundwater is being addressed by the H-Area Groundwater OU and will be discussed in the five-year remedy review reports for SRS OUs with operating equipment.

The USEPA standards and toxicity values have been updated since the last five-year remedy review as shown in Appendix B. The changes to the values for COCs at the HHWMF OU were not significant, and the RAOs continue to be met by the remedial action. No new standards or to-be-considered guidance have been identified that call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

Fact sheets provided on the USEPA webpage regarding emerging contaminants were reviewed for applicability to this site. None of the listed emerging contaminants were identified as applicable to this OU.

Has any Other Information Come to Light that Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No other information has come to light that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

VIII. Issues

There are no issues related to current site conditions or activities that currently prevent the remedy from being protective.

IX. Recommendations and Follow-up Actions

There are no recommendations for follow-up actions for the HHWMF OU under CERCLA.

X. Protectiveness Statement(s)

The remedy at the HHWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.

Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled by stabilization and placement of all contaminated materials under a low-permeability cap and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) to prevent exposure to or ingestion of contaminated soil media and mitigating further migration of contaminants to groundwater. All threats to the HHWMF OU are being addressed through physical access controls to prevent unauthorized entry to SRS (fences, guards, security patrols, etc.), administrative controls that maintain the HHWMF OU for industrial use only, and warning signs and land use restrictions via the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance Program.

XI. Next Review

As shown in Appendix A, Table A-1, the next five-year review for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems is scheduled for January 2027.

XII. Documents Reviewed

FFA, 1993. *Federal Facility Agreement for the Savannah River Site*, Administrative Docket No. 89-05-FF (Effective Date: August 16, 1993)

SCDHEC, 2014. *South Carolina Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit, Permit Number SC1 890 008 989, 2014 RCRA Permit Renewal for the Savannah River Site, issued on February 11, 2014, Module III – Postclosure Care and Module IV - Groundwater Requirements, Section C, H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility*, South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control, Office of Environmental Quality Control, Bureau of Land and Waste Management, Columbia, SC

SRNS, 2016. *2000 RCRA Part B Permit Renewal Application - H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (H-Area HWMF) Postclosure*, WSRC-IM-98-30, Volume V, Revision 2, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

USDOE, 1996. *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report*, U.S. Department of Energy, Savannah River Operations Office, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1993. *Final Record of Decision Remedial Alternative Selection for H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (U)*, WSRC-RP-93-1043, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1999. *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site*, WSRC-RP-98-4125, Revision 1.1, latest revision, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2000. *H-Area HWMF Closure Plan (U)*, WSRC-RP-98-4024, Revision 0, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2001. *H-Area Corrective Action Phase 1 Evaluation*, WSRC-RP-2001-4015, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

Various - *Post-Closure Inspection H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facilities 904-45G, 904-46G, 904-56G*, ER-IDS-019-021, Inspection period FY2016 through FY2020 (monthly/quarterly)

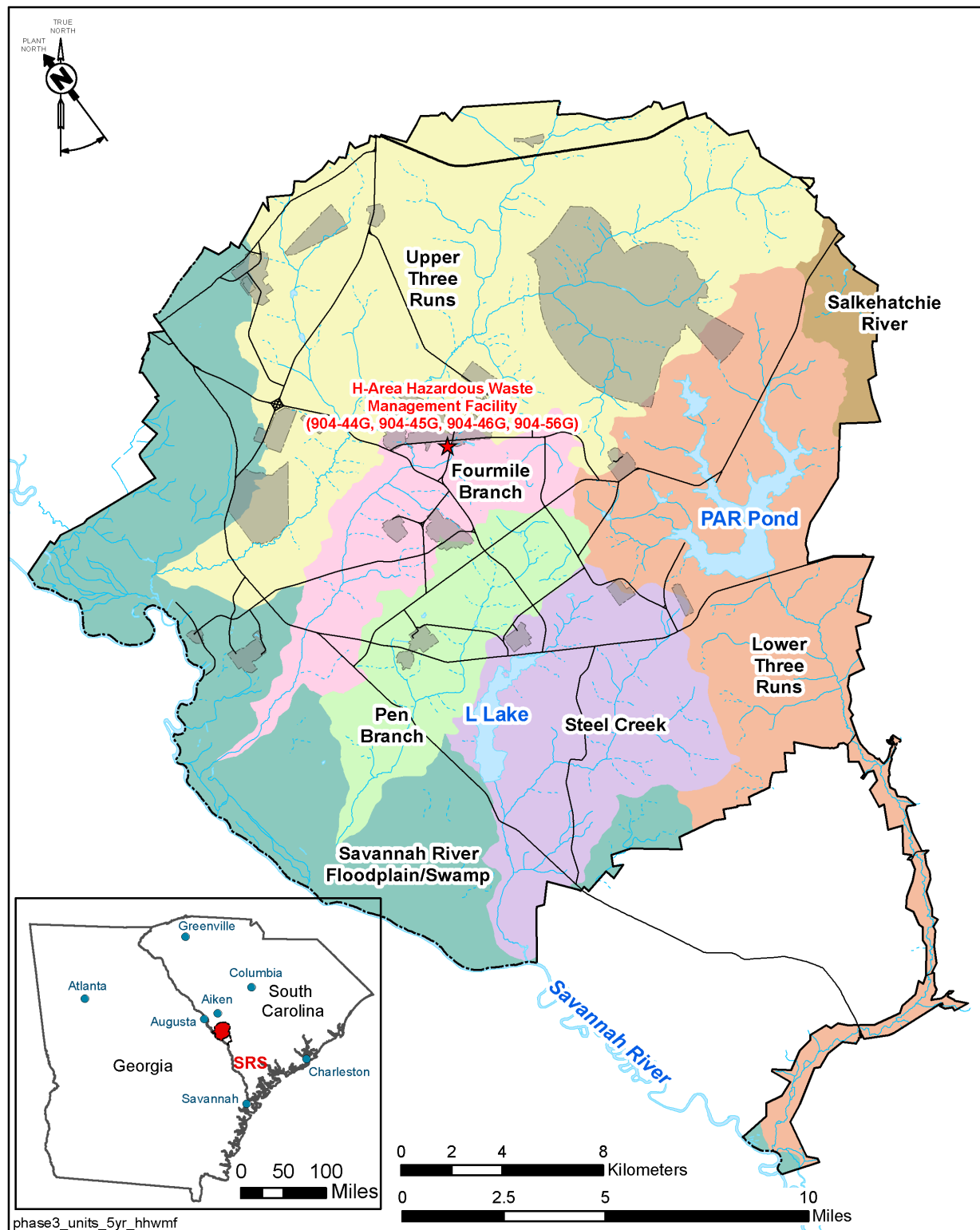


Figure G-1. Location of the HHWMF OU at SRS

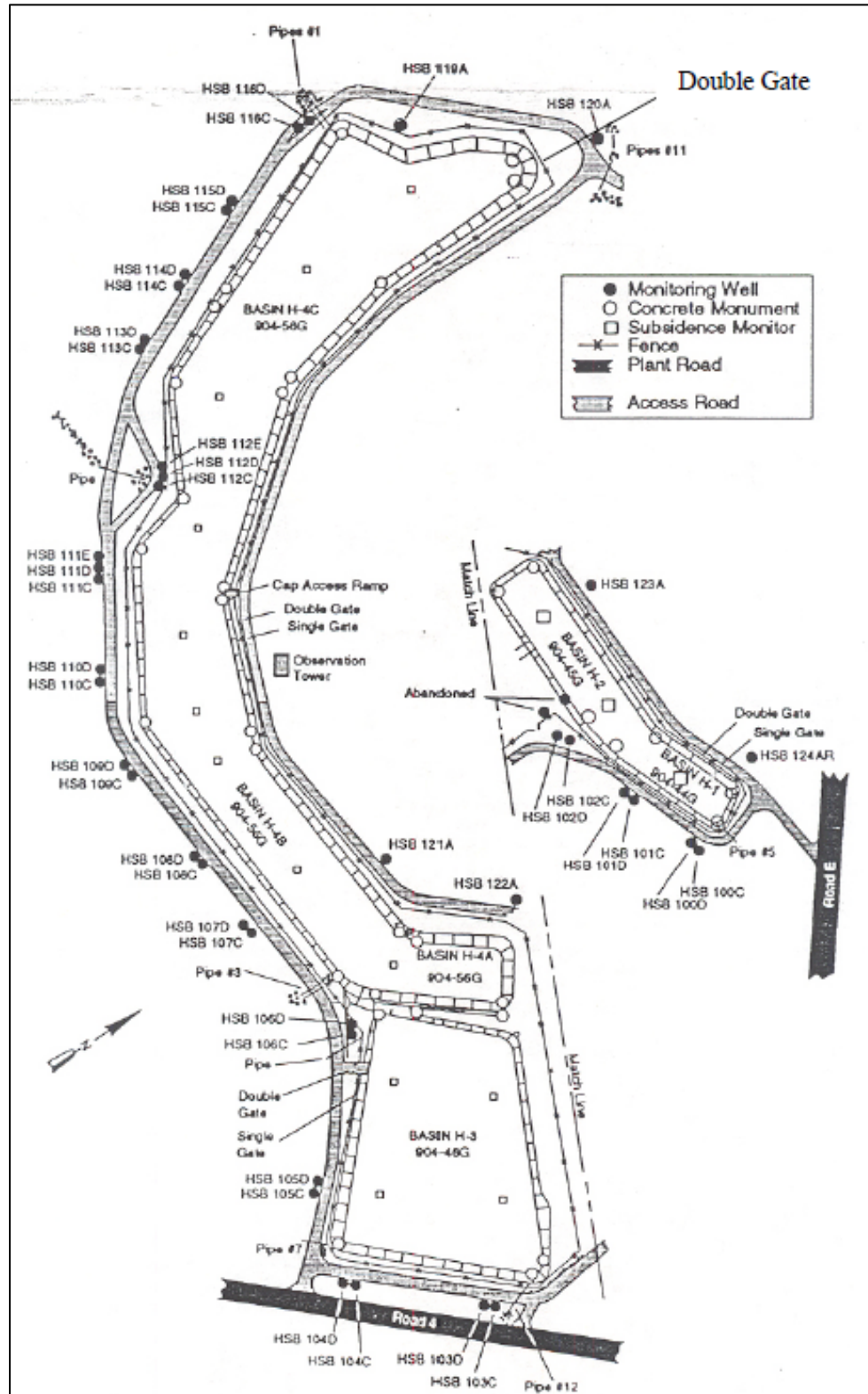


Figure G-2. Site Layout for HHWMF OU



Figure G-3. HHWMF OU Basins Prior to Closure (1989)



Figure G-4. Current On-Unit Photographs of the Cover System of the HHWMF OU (2020)

Table G-1. Chronology of OU Events

Event	Date
RCRA Closure Plan Approved	1989
Corrective Action Start	1989
RCRA Closure Certified	October 1, 1991
Final ROD Issuance	September 10, 1993
Previous Five-Year Reviews Issuance	August 27, 1997 / February 12, 2004 / January 29, 2009 / February 4, 2014 / February 21, 2018

This page is intentionally left blank.

Attachment G-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) OU

1. SITE INFORMATION			
Site Name:	H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) OU	Date of Inspection:	7/21/2020
Location and Region	SRS, USEPA Region 4	EPA ID:	SEMS #7
Agency, Office, or Company leading the Five-Year Review	USDOE	Weather/ Temperature	Sunny 83°F,
Remedy Includes: <i>(Click all that apply)</i> <div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap;"> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Landfill Cover/Containment </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water Pump and Treatment </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Access Controls </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Monitored Natural Attenuation </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Institutional Controls </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Containment </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Pump and Treatment </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical Barriers </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>Stabilization</u> </div> </div>			
Attachments: <input type="checkbox"/> Inspection team roster attached			
2. INTERVIEWS <i>(Click all that apply)</i>			
1. O&M Staff:	<u>Phil Carter</u> (Name)	<u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> (Title)	<u>08/04/2020</u> (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone Phone No.: <u>803-952-4145</u>		
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		
2. O&M Staff:	<u>Richard Feagin</u> (Name)	<u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> (Title)	<u>08/04/2020</u> (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone Phone No.: <u>803-952-4416</u>		
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

Attachment G-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) OU (continued)

II. INTERVIEWS (Click all that apply)(Continued)			
3. Local Regulatory Authorities and Response Agencies (i.e., State and tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds or other city and county offices, etc.). Fill in all that apply.			
Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

4. Other Interviews (Optional): <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

3. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Click all that apply)			
1. O&M Documents:			
<input type="checkbox"/> O&M Manual	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As-Built Drawings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maintenance Logs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>See Waste Unit Inspection and Maintenance, ER-SOP-019; Post-Closure Inspection H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facilities 904-45G, 904-46G, 904-56G (U), ER-IDS-019-021 (2016 through 2020).</u>			

Attachment G-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) OU (continued)

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Continued)			
2. Health and Safety Plans (HASPs):			
<input type="checkbox"/> Site-Specific Health and Safety Plans	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Contingency Plan/Emergency Response Plan	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: Routine O&M activities do not require a SSHASP under 29 CFR 1910.120, HAZWOPER.			
3. O&M and OSHA Training Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: Training Records are complete and up to date per EC&ACP training matrix.			
4. Permits and Service Agreements:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air Discharge Permit	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Effluent Discharge	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Waste Disposal; POTW	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other Permits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal			
5. Gas Generation Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
6. Settlement Monument Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
7. Groundwater Monitoring Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
8. Leachate Extraction Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
9. Discharge Compliance Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Water (Effluent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
10. Daily Access/Security Logs:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			

Attachment G-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) OU
(continued)

IV. O&M COSTS			
1 O&M Organization: <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> State In-House <input type="checkbox"/> PRP In-House <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>SRS</u> </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for State <input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for PRP </div> </div>			
2 O&M Cost Records: <input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available <input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date <input type="checkbox"/> Funding mechanism/agreement in place <input type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>Project cost data is discussed in Section IV of this OU-specific review.</u>			
Total annual cost by year for review period, if available			
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
3 Unanticipated or Unusually High O&M Costs During Review Period Describe costs and reasons: _____ _____ _____ _____			
V. Access and Institutional Controls			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
A Fencing			
1. Fencing Damage: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gates secured <input type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: OU-specific perimeter fencing is required by the remedial action. Perimeter <u>fencing is in good condition.</u> _____ _____			
B Signs			
1. Signs and Other Security Measures: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: <u>Signs are in good condition.</u> _____ _____			

Attachment G-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) OU (continued)

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS (Continued)						
C Institutional Controls						
1. Implementation and Enforcement						
Site conditions imply ICs are not properly implemented:	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No	<input type="checkbox"/>	N/A
Site conditions imply ICs are not being fully enforced:	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No	<input type="checkbox"/>	N/A
Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive-by, etc.)	<u>Walkdown</u>					
Frequency:	<u>Once in 5 years</u>					
Responsible Party/Agent:	<u>USDOE Savannah River Field Office</u>					
Contact:	<u>Phil Prater</u> (Name)	<u>DOE Program Manager</u> (Title)	<u>12/15/2020</u> (Date)	<u>803-952-9333</u> (Phone No.)		
Reporting is up-to-date:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	No	<input type="checkbox"/>	N/A
Reports are verified by the lead agency:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	No	<input type="checkbox"/>	N/A
Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	No	<input type="checkbox"/>	N/A
Violations have been reported:	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	N/A
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached					
2. Adequacy:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ICs are adequate	<input type="checkbox"/>	ICs are inadequate	<input type="checkbox"/>	N/A
Remarks:						
D General						
1. Vandalism/Trespassing:	<input type="checkbox"/>	Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No vandalism is evident		
Remarks:						
2. Land use changes onsite:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	N/A				
Remarks:						
3. Land use changes offsite:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	N/A				
Remarks:						

Attachment G-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) OU
(continued)

VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS			
A.	Roads	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
1.	Roads damaged:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Roads adequate <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____ _____			
B. Other Site Conditions			
Remarks: <u>Inspections conducted from FY2016 through FY2020 identified active ant mounds, signs and subsidence markers needing to be replaced, overgrown vegetation, small animals burrowing under fencing, and rutting caused by mowing equipment. These finding were resolved soon after discovery.</u> _____			
VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
A.	Landfill Surface		
1.	Settlement (Low spots):	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Settlement not evident
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
2.	Cracks:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cracking not evident
Lengths _____		Widths _____ Depths _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
3.	Erosion:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
4.	Holes:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Holes not evident
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
5.	Vegetative Cover:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grass	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cover properly established <input type="checkbox"/> No signs of stress
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			

**Attachment G-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) OU
(continued)**

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (Continued)		
6. Alternative Cover (armored rock, concrete, etc.): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 		
7. Bulges: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bulges not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ 		
8. Wet Areas / Water Damage: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wet areas/water damage not evident <input type="checkbox"/> Wet areas <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Ponding <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Seeps <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Soft subgrade <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ 		
9. Slope Instability: <input type="checkbox"/> Slides <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No evidence of slope instability Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ 		
B. Benches <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Horizontally constructed mounds of earth placed across a steep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope in order to slow down the velocity of surface runoff and intercept and convey the runoff to a lined channel)		
C. Letdown Channels <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Channel lined with erosion control mates, riprap, grout bags, or gabions that descends down the steep side slope of the cover and will allow the runoff water collected by the benches to move off of the landfill cover without creating erosion gullies)		

Attachment G-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) OU
(continued)

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT <i>(Continued)</i>			
D. Cover Penetrations		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
1. Gas Vents: <input type="checkbox"/> Active <input type="checkbox"/> Passive <input type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
2. Gas Monitoring Probes: <input type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
3. Monitoring Wells: <input type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
4. Leachate Extraction Wells: <input type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
5. Settlement Monuments:		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Located	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Routinely Surveyed <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
E. Gas Collection and Treatment		<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
F. Cover Drainage Layer		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
1. Outlet Pipes Inspected: <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
2. Outlet Rock Inspected: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			

Attachment G-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) OU (continued)

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (Continued)		
G. Detention/Sedimentation Ponds	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
H. Retaining Walls	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
I. Perimeter Ditches/Offsite Discharge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
1. Siltation: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Siltation not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
2. Vegetative Growth: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A <input type="checkbox"/> Vegetation does not impede flow Areal extent _____ Type _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
3. Erosion: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
4. Discharge Structure: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: The drainage ditches at Basin H4 (904-56G) have been relined with concrete. _____ _____		
VIII. VERTICAL BARRIER WALLS <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
X. OTHER REMEDIES		
If there are remedies applied at the site, which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.		
A. Stabilization <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A Stabilization was performed at HHWMF OU. The remedy is performing as designed. _____ _____		

Attachment G-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) OU (continued)

XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS	
1. Implementation of the Remedy	<p>Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emissions, etc.).</p> <p>Closure of the four basins (904-44G, 904-45G, 904-46G, and 904-56G) by dewatering, physically and chemically stabilizing the remaining waste, and placement of a low permeability cap has met the remedial objectives of preventing physical exposure to contaminants and mitigating further migration of contaminants to the groundwater. Selected remedy for the HHWMF OU is functioning as intended. There are no issues requiring corrective actions for the cover system and LUCs.</p>
2. Adequacy of O&M	<p>Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.</p> <p>The O&M procedures consisting of site inspections and site maintenance (repair of erosion damage, cover system, fencing and warning signs) and site controls (SRS Site Use and Site Clearance Programs, which restrict invasive and permanent installation activities at the waste unit) have been implemented. The O&M procedures are adequately maintaining the HHWMF OU and the condition of the warning signs is good. When maintenance activities are identified during inspections (e.g., treating ant mounds, vegetation removal), repairs are scheduled and performed. There are no issues requiring corrective actions for the cover system and LUCs.</p>
3. Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Failure	<p>Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.</p> <p>N/A</p>
4. Opportunities for Optimization	<p>Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy.</p> <p>N/A</p>

End of Checklist

K-AREA BURNING/RUBBLE PIT (131-K) AND K-AREA RUBBLE PILE (631-20G) OPERABLE UNIT

I. Introduction

This report is the fifth five-year review for the K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) (KBRP)/K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) (KRP) Operable Unit (OU). The review was conducted from July 2020 through December 2020. Contaminants and waste have been left in place at the KBRP/KRP OU at levels that do not allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. The purpose of this review is to determine whether the remedy in place at the KBRP/KRP OU is protective of human health and the environment. This report documents the results of the review.

II. OU Chronology

Table H-1 lists the chronology of site events for the KBRP/KRP OU.

III. Background

The KBRP/KRP OU is a Resource Conservation Recovery Act (RCRA)/Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act unit in Appendix C of the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA) for Savannah River Site (SRS) (FFA 1993). The KBRP/KRP OU consists of two soil waste units and groundwater beneath the OU.

Physical Characteristics

The KBRP/KRP OU is located approximately 9.4 km (5.9 mi) east of the nearest site boundary and 0.6 km (0.4 mi) east of the K-Reactor Area (Figure H-1). Figure H-2 shows the site layout of the KBRP/KRP OU. The KBRP was constructed in 1955 to 1956 as a shallow, unlined excavation measuring approximately 9 m (30 ft) wide, 72 m (240 ft) long, and approximately 2.4 m (8 ft) deep for waste burning and burial.

The KRP, constructed sometime between 1956 and 1961, consists of a general disposal area, semicircular in shape, measuring approximately 90 m (300 ft) long and 15 m to 40.5 m (50 ft to 135 ft) wide. Individual rubble piles within the area were 1.2 m to 1.8 m (4 ft to 6 ft) high. Total estimated waste volume is 2,142 m³ (2,800 yd³).

Land and Resource Use

According to the *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report* (USDOE 1996), residential uses of the SRS land should be prohibited. The *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site* (WSRC 1999a) designates KBRP/KRP OU as being within an industrial area. The future land use for KBRP/KRP OU is reasonably anticipated to remain industrial with the U.S. Department of Energy (USDOE) maintaining control of the land.

History of Contamination

KBRP was constructed for the disposal of combustible wastes. During operation, organic liquids of unknown use and origin, waste oils, paper, plastics, and rubber were disposed of in the pit and burned periodically. Disposal records, including composition, origin, and use of materials disposed, were not kept for this unit during its period of operation. The use of the KBRP for disposal of combustible wastes was discontinued in 1973. Only inert rubble was placed in the pit until it was backfilled with soil to grade level in 1981. The primary contaminants detected in soil were polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) formed by incomplete burning of organic materials.

The KRP was constructed as a general disposal area. KRP is composed primarily of soil matter, with some broken asphalt, broken concrete pieces, and gravel-sized coal. The coal and asphalt exist in a wide range of particle sizes and are dispersed in a highly heterogeneous manner throughout the individual rubble piles. Disposal records were not kept for this unit during its period of operation. The primary contaminants detected in soil at the KRP were PAHs and metals.

A volatile organic carbon (VOC) groundwater plume originated beneath the KBRP/KRP OU and has migrated southwestwardly from the KBRP/KRP OU. Tetrachloroethylene (PCE) and trichloroethylene (TCE) exceed maximum contaminant levels (MCLs); however, the VOC plume is not located near a surface water discharge. No source material is present in the KBRP/KRP OU soils. There are no contaminant migration constituents of concern (CMCOCs) for the KBRP/KRP OU soils that pose a risk to groundwater.

Figures H-3 and H-4 present photographs of KBRP/KRP OU before remediation and in the current condition.

Initial Response

The KBRP was backfilled with soil to grade level in 1981 when the disposal capacity was reached.

Basis for Taking Action

The potential exposure to or ingestion of contaminated soil and groundwater poses a potential increased risk of cancer to human receptors and is the basis for taking action at the KBRP/KRP OU.

The RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) / Remedial Investigation (RI) collected soil samples within the KBRP and from soil within the KRP individual rubble piles and native soils beneath the piles (WSRC 1998). During unit screening, ground penetrating radar surveys were performed to define the pit and pile boundaries to locate any buried objects in order to avoid drilling into buried material. No restriction to drilling was encountered.

Final human health constituents of concern (COCs) were identified for the KBRP/KRP OU based on the results of the baseline risk assessment. PAHs are the predominant COCs in both KBRP and KRP soil. Arsenic was also identified as a COC for the KRP.

Groundwater immediately downgradient of KBRP was found to have PCE and TCE concentrations above MCLs. Groundwater and soil data indicate that the KBRP is no longer a source for groundwater contamination. This is based on the historical trends of

analytical data in the adjacent monitoring wells and the results of the soil investigation. No CMCOs were identified for the surface units. The soil and groundwater COCs are listed in Table H-2.

IV. Remedial Actions

Remedy Selection

As stated in the Record of Decision (ROD) (WSRC 2000), the remedial action objectives (RAOs) for the unit are as follows:

- Protect future industrial workers from unacceptable exposures to PAHs in soil at the KBRP/KRP OU and arsenic in soil at the KRP;
- Protect future industrial workers from unacceptable exposures to PCE and TCE in groundwater; and
- Prevent further degradation of groundwater and return it to levels below MCL to allow beneficial uses.

As stated in the ROD, the selected remedial actions for the unit are as follows:

- Soil cover over the KBRP/KRP OU;
- Institutional controls (i.e., land use controls [LUCs]); and
- Monitored natural attenuation (MNA) for the water table aquifer groundwater.

Because the source of groundwater contamination is depleted and no CMCOs were identified in the surface units, no source control actions were required for the unit.

Remedy Implementation

The implementation of the selected remedy included the following activities:

- Consolidated 7,650 m³ (10,000 yd³) of contaminated soil (KRP soil from individual rubble piles), which was outside the planned cover area, into the KBRP. The soil removal area was expanded to include other rubble piles composed of gravel-size coal,

rocks, and dirt that were discovered near the soil removal area. Confirmatory sampling verified no COCs remained in the soil removal area (WSRC 2002).

- Installed a 0.6 m (2-ft) thick minimum common fill soil cover over KBRP/KRP OU per South Carolina Regulation 61-107, 11, Part IV, Subtitle G using conventional and commercially available earth-moving equipment. The soil cover system covers 0.3 hectares (0.8 acres) per the Post Construction Report (PCR) (WSRC 2002).
 - Implemented LUCs for 0.47 hectares (1.15 acres) and posted warning signs at the perimeter of KBRP/KRP OU.
 - Installed groundwater monitoring wells and established a long-term groundwater monitoring program for MNA to ensure maximum groundwater mixing zone (GMZ) concentration limits are not exceeded per the groundwater mixing zone application (GMZA) (WSRC 1999b). The following changes listed below have been made to the monitoring network and sampling since the development of the GMZA. Changes have been documented within the various annual groundwater reports.
 - Additional cone penetrometer technology data collected in 2002 indicated that the compliance boundary well KRP 7 would likely exceed the MCLs for PCE and TCE and was not suitable as a compliance boundary well. The KRP cluster (KRP 14D and KRP 14C) was proposed and accepted as new compliance boundary wells installed further downgradient of KRP 7.
 - Later in 2002, PCE and TCE exceeded MCLs in one well (KRP 14D), a compliance boundary well. Since the number of exceedances was small; the USDOE, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) directed SRS to do a moderate corrective action plan. The plan included continued quarterly sampling in the GMZ network and the installation of the KRP 15 well cluster (WSRC 2003).
 - In 2004, it was again reported that well KRP 14D exceeded the MCL for TCE. The USDOE, USEPA, and SCDHEC agreed that it would not be feasible to pursue the contamination beyond KRP 14 because the plume was migrating toward the congested
-

subsurface of the K-Reactor facility and could merge with the additional uncharacterized plumes associated with K Area. Per USEPA, SCDHEC and USDOE agreement, the KRP 14 cluster (KRP 14D and KRP 14C) was removed from the monitoring network. It was further agreed that the GMZA would not be modified, no additional modeling was needed, and no additional monitoring wells needed to be installed. Well KRP 7 was designated as the new compliance boundary well.

- In 2006, the USEPA, SCDHEC and USDOE agreed to reduce the sampling frequency from quarterly to semiannual due to steady or declining concentration trends, and compliance boundary wells being considerably below MCLs. USEPA, SCDHEC, and USDOE also approved the reduction of the analytical list from all of the Method 8260 analytes to only PCE, TCE, and their daughter products (vinyl chloride, 1,1-dichloroethene, cis-1,2-dichloroethene, and trans-1,2-dichloroethene).
- In 2012, the USEPA, SCDHEC, and USDOE agreed to reduce the sampling frequency at KBRP/KRP OU from semiannually to annually due to steady or declining concentration trends and compliance boundary wells being considerably below MCLs. Sampling of the four Lower Aquifer Zone (LAZ) wells and three Transmissive Zone (TZ) wells was also suspended due to contamination remaining in one or two upper aquifer zone (UAZ) wells. It was also agreed that water levels will continue to be collected from the three suspended TZ wells to provide data for mapping the potentiometric surface of the TZ. Sampling of water levels in the LAZ wells will remain suspended (SRNS 2012a).

System Operations/Operation and Maintenance

There are no operational requirements.

The following maintenance activities are ongoing:

- Annual site inspections and site maintenance (repair of erosion damage, cover maintenance, and warning signs);
-

- Site controls (SRS Site Use and Site Clearance Programs, which restrict invasive and permanent installation activities at the waste unit); and
- Sampling of the GMZA monitoring wells. The MNA monitoring program verifies the natural decrease of contaminant concentrations in the groundwater to levels below MCLs for PCE and TCE. Sampling will continue until MCLs have been attained, the MNA has achieved its RAOs, and the remedial action is complete. The results were reported via annual effectiveness monitoring reports since 2003. Starting in 2008, the monitoring results for KBRP/KRP OU were combined with the L-Area Burning Rubble Pit (131-L) (LBRP) OU and P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-P) (PBRP) OU monitoring reports into a single abbreviated annual groundwater data summary, with full detailed reports every five years (USDOE 2008). The first five-year detailed report was submitted in June 2012 (SRNS 2012b) followed by the second report submitted in June 2017 (SRNS 2017). The next five-year detailed report is to be submitted in June 2022. LBRP was removed from the reports starting in 2018 due to achieving its remedial goals (RGs). For KBRP/KRP OU, the MNA remedy was expected to reduce groundwater concentrations to below MCLs by 2005 due to the processes of advection and dispersion (WSRC 1999c). However, contaminant concentrations did not decrease below MCLs until 2016. Groundwater monitoring is still ongoing at KBRP/KRP OU to ensure concentrations remain below the MCLs.

Table H-3 compares the actual operation and maintenance (O&M) costs for the five-year remedy review period to the estimated direct O&M costs from the ROD (WSRC 2000). The estimated O&M cost for fiscal year (FY) 2016 to FY2020 was \$27,812 for inspections, maintenance, GMZA monitoring, and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs). The actual O&M cost for FY2016 until FY2020 is \$97,494. The actual O&M costs are higher than expected because groundwater monitoring and reporting have continued longer than expected.

V. Progress Since Last Review

The previous protectiveness statement concluded that the remedy of a soil cover over the KBRP/KRP OU with institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) and MNA for the groundwater at

the KBRP/KRP OU is protective of human health and the environment. Since the last five-year remedy review for the KBRP/KRP OU, groundwater contaminants have diminished to concentrations below their respective MCLs. Groundwater monitoring remains in place until it is agreed that the RGs have been met, and that groundwater is no longer a threat to human health and the environment. The soil cover with institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) also remains in place. The current remedy is functioning as intended.

VI. Five-Year Review Process

The following tasks were performed as part of the review:

- Reviewed the documents listed in Section XII. Documents Reviewed;
- Reviewed the groundwater monitoring data (Table H-4);
- Confirmed implementation of the remedial action;
- Inspected the OU, interviewed maintenance personnel, and documented the results on the Inspection Checklist provided in Attachment H-1 with the purpose of assessing the protectiveness of the remedy and the functionality of the access controls; and
- Reviewed changes in standards and to-be-considered guidance.

Data Review

Annual groundwater reports or data summaries have been submitted for the KBRP/KRP OU since 2003 and were thoroughly reviewed for this Five-Year Remedy Review. An agreement with the USEPA, SCDHEC, and USDOE was reached in 2008 to combine the reports for KBRP/KRP OU, LBRP OU, and PBRP OU into an annual groundwater monitoring data summary letter with a detailed groundwater report every fifth year beginning June 30, 2012 (USDOE 2008). LBRP OU was removed from the reports starting in 2018 due to achieving its RGs. The last detailed report was submitted in June 2017. The report included time-series plots of PCE and TCE at each station, a plume map, and a comprehensive review of the monitoring activities and monitoring results from 2016 (SRNS 2017). Contaminant concentrations in all KBRP/KRP OU wells were observed

below MCLs as discussed in the last detailed report. Data summary letters submitted from 2018 to present (SRNS 2018, SRNS 2019, SRNS 2020) show that concentrations continue to remain below the MCLs in all wells except for a small increase in PCE and TCE at one well, KRP 9, in 2018 (Figure H-5). PCE and TCE concentrations in well KRP 9 were below MCLs in 2019.

Summary of Inspections and Interviews

Interviews were conducted with Richard Feagin, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC (SRNS) Environmental Compliance and Area Completion Projects (EC&ACP) Post-Closure Lead, and Phil Carter, SRNS EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead, on August 4, 2020 at the O&M organization offices. No issues were identified for the KBRP/KRP OU during these interviews. The KBRP/KRP OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP on July 28, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

The KBRP/KRP OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP and USDOE personnel on December 15, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

A site inspection was conducted by USEPA and SCDHEC personnel, accompanied by USDOE and SRNS personnel, via Microsoft Teams on March 16, 2021. Photographs and drone videos were used to inspect the OU virtually. No significant problems regarding this OU were identified during the inspection.

The field inspection frequency for the KBRP/KRP OU was changed from semiannual to annual in 2015. Scheduled inspections conducted from FY2016 through FY2020 identified the following issues: active ant mounds, signs needing to be replaced, and hog damage on soil covers. These findings were documented on the field inspection checklists and resolved soon after discovery.

VII. Technical Assessment

Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The soil cover, groundwater mixing zone, and LUC remedy, is effective in preventing exposure to contaminants above 1E-06 risk level and is functioning as intended as demonstrated below:

- The soil cover continues to protect present and future industrial workers from unacceptable exposures to PAHs in soil at the KBRP/KRP OU, and arsenic in soil at the KRP;
- LUCs (including institutional controls) are continuing to prevent human exposure to contaminated soils and groundwater; and
- The MNA program and monitoring well network provides sufficient data to assess the progress of natural attenuation within the groundwater. MNA is preventing further degradation of groundwater and has returned it to levels below MCLs. Core plume contaminant levels, as seen in well KRP 9, have diminished below MCLs in the last few years, except during 2018 when a slight increase in concentrations were observed (Figure H-5). Groundwater contamination persisted longer than originally expected due to reductions in dispersion and groundwater recharge, as well as possible increases in the sorption of contaminants. The VOC plume has not increased in areal size or migrated below the uppermost aquifer zone. Based on the annual monitoring reporting, the requirements of the GMZ are being satisfied. All groundwater monitoring results are below mixing zone contaminant levels (MZCLs) and MCLs as shown in Table H-4.

Institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) have been effective in maintaining industrial land use. Annual site inspections and site maintenance have been effective in maintaining the integrity of the soil cover. Based on the site inspections, there is no indication of potential remedy failure that could place protectiveness at risk.

The Land Use Control Implementation Plan for KBRP/KRP OU is located in Appendix D of the PCR and governs LUC implementation, maintenance, monitoring, reporting, and enforcement of LUCs (WSRC 2002). The LUCs that are in place include physical access controls to prevent unauthorized contact, removal or excavation of subsurface soils, and restrictions to prevent disturbance of the KBRP/KRP OU. Warning signs are in good condition and no activities were observed that would have violated the LUCs. All LUC objectives are being met.

Are Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives still valid?

The exposure assumptions, toxicity data, and cleanup levels used at the time of final remedy selection are still valid. The MCLs for PCE and TCE have remained the same since the remedies were implemented (Appendix B). There have been no changes in standards or physical conditions of the KBRP/KRP OU that would affect the protectiveness of the remedy.

The USEPA standards and toxicity values have been updated since the last five-year remedy review as shown in Appendix B. The changes to the values for the COCs at the KBRP/KRP OU were not significant, and the RAOs continue to be met by the remedial action. No new standards or to-be-considered guidance have been identified that call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

Fact Sheets provided on the USEPA webpage regarding emerging contaminants were reviewed for applicability to this site. None of the listed emerging contaminants were identified as applicable to this OU.

Has any Other Information Come to Light that Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No other new information has come to light that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

VIII. Issues

There are no issues related to current site conditions or activities that prevent the remedy from being protective for this OU.

IX. Recommendations and Follow-up Actions

There are no recommendations or follow-up actions for this OU.

X. Protectiveness Statement(s)

The remedy at KBRP/KRP OU is protective of human health and the environment. Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled by institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) to prevent exposure to or ingestion of contaminated groundwater and soil media. All threats to the KBRP/KRP OU are being addressed through physical access controls to prevent unauthorized entry to SRS (fences, guards, security patrols, etc.), administrative controls that maintain the KBRP/KRP OU for industrial use only, and warning signs and land use restrictions via the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance Program.

XI. Next Review

As shown in Appendix A, Table A-1, the next five-year review for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems is scheduled for January 2027.

XII. Documents Reviewed

FFA, 1993. *Federal Facility Agreement for the Savannah River Site*, Administrative Docket No. 89-05-FF (Effective Date: August 16, 1993)

SRNS, 2012a. *K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit and Rubble Pile (131-K and 631-20G) (KBRP), L-Area Burning/Rubble Pit and Rubble Pile (131-L, 131-3L, and 131-2L) (LBRP), and P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-P) (PBRP) Operable Units (OUs) Detailed Combined*

Groundwater Monitoring Report (U), SRNS-RP-2012-00200, Revision 1, December 2012, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2012b. *K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit and Rubble Pile (131-K and 631-20G) (KBRP), L-Area Burning/Rubble Pit and Rubble Pile (131-L, 131-3L, and 131-2L) (LBRP), and P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-P) (PBRP) Operable Units (OUs) Detailed Combined Groundwater Monitoring Report (U)*, SRNS-RP-2012-00200, Revision 0, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken SC

SRNS, 2017. *K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit and Rubble Pile (131-K and 631-20G) (KBRP), L-Area Burning/Rubble Pit and Rubble Pile (131-L, 131-3L, and 131-2L) (LBRP), and P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-P) (PBRP) Operable Units (OUs) Detailed Combined Groundwater Monitoring Report (U)*, SRNS-RP-2017-00356, Revision 0, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken SC

SRNS, 2018. *Submittal Letter for the 2017 K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit and Rubble Pile (131-K and 631-20G) (KBRP) and P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-P) (PBRP) Operable Units Combined Groundwater Monitoring Report (Sampling Summary)*, CERCLIS Numbers: 40 and 59, SRNS-J2000-2018-00359, June 2018, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2019. *Submittal Letter for the 2018 K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit and Rubble Pile (131-K and 631-20G) (KBRP) and P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-P) (PBRP) Operable Units Combined Groundwater Monitoring Report (Sampling Summary)*, CERCLIS Numbers: 40 and 59, SRNS-J2000-2019-00396, June 2019, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2020. *Submittal Letter for the 2019 K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit and Rubble Pile (131-K and 631-20G) (KBRP) and P-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-P) (PBRP) Operable Units Combined Groundwater Monitoring Report (Sampling Summary)*, CERCLIS Numbers: 40 and 59, SRNS-J2000-2020-00379, June 2020, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

USDOE, 1996. *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report*, U.S. Department of Energy, Savannah River Operations Office, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

USDOE, 2008. *Submittal of the Proposal to Standardize Sampling and Reporting Requirements of Groundwater Data for P, L, and K Area Burning/Rubble Pit Operable Units, CERCLIS Numbers 59, 56, 40, ACP-08-133*, January, U.S. Department of Energy, Savannah River Operations Office, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1998. *RCRA Facility Investigation/Remedial Investigation Report with the Baseline Risk Assessment for the K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and Rubble Pile (631-20G) Operable Unit (U)*, WSRC-RP-97-442, Revision 1.2, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken SC

WSRC, 1999a. *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site*, WSRC-RP-98-4125, Revision 1.1, latest revision, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1999b. *Groundwater Mixing Zone Application for the K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit and Rubble Pile*, WSRC-RP-98-4084, Revision 1.1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1999c. *Groundwater Flow and Solute Transport Modeling Report for the K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit and Rubble Pile*, WSRC-RP-98-5052, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2000. *Record of Decision Remedial Alternative Selection for the K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and Rubble Pile (631-20G) Operable Unit (U)*, WSRC-RP-97-862, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken SC

WSRC, 2002. *Post-Construction Report (PCR) for the K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) Operable Unit (U)*, WSRC-RP-2002-4095, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2003. *Comparison of Groundwater Monitoring Data with Modeling Predictions for the K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit and Rubble Pile Groundwater Contamination and Plan*

for Corrective Action (U), WSRC-RP-2002-4185, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

Various - *Inspection Data Sheets – Field Inspection Checklist K-Area Burning Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) (U)*, ER-IDS-019-015, Inspection period FY2016 through FY2020 (annually)

This page is intentionally left blank.

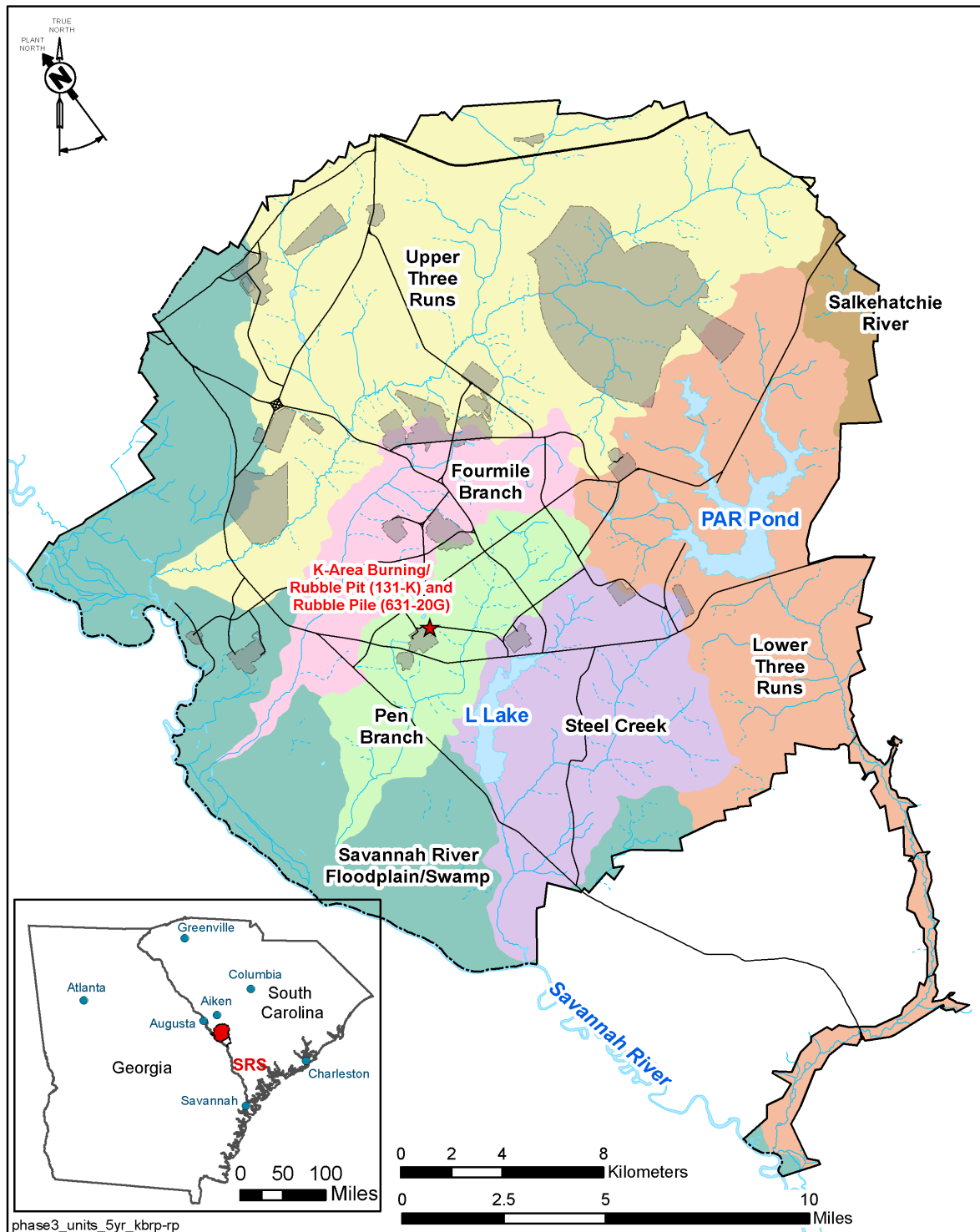


Figure H-1. Location of the KBRP/KRP OU at SRS

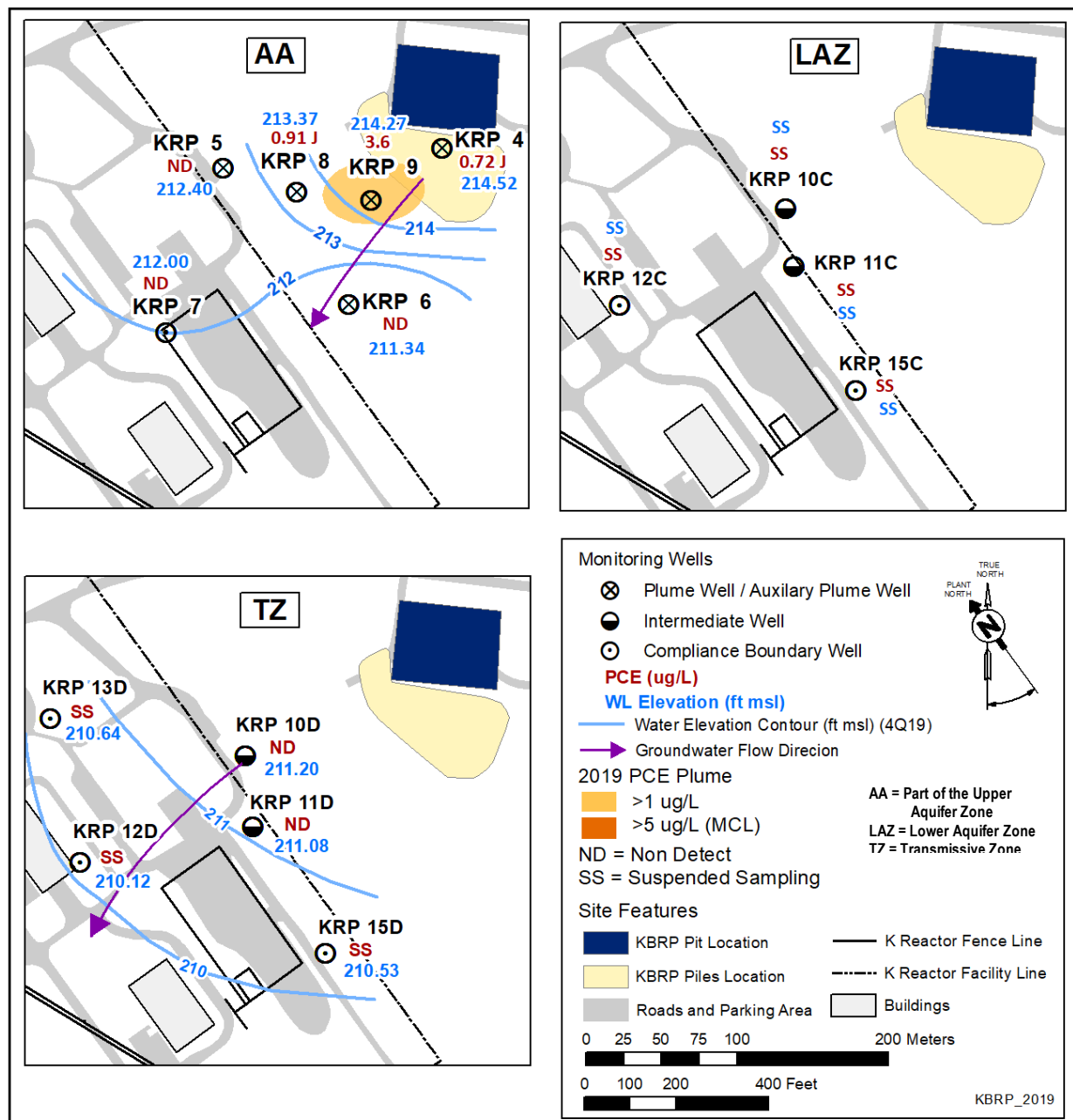


Figure H-2. Site Layout of KBRP/KRP and Well Locations



Figure H-3. Photo of KBRP/KRP OU Before Remediation Activities (1974)



Figure H-4. Current Photo of the KBRP/KRP OU (2020)

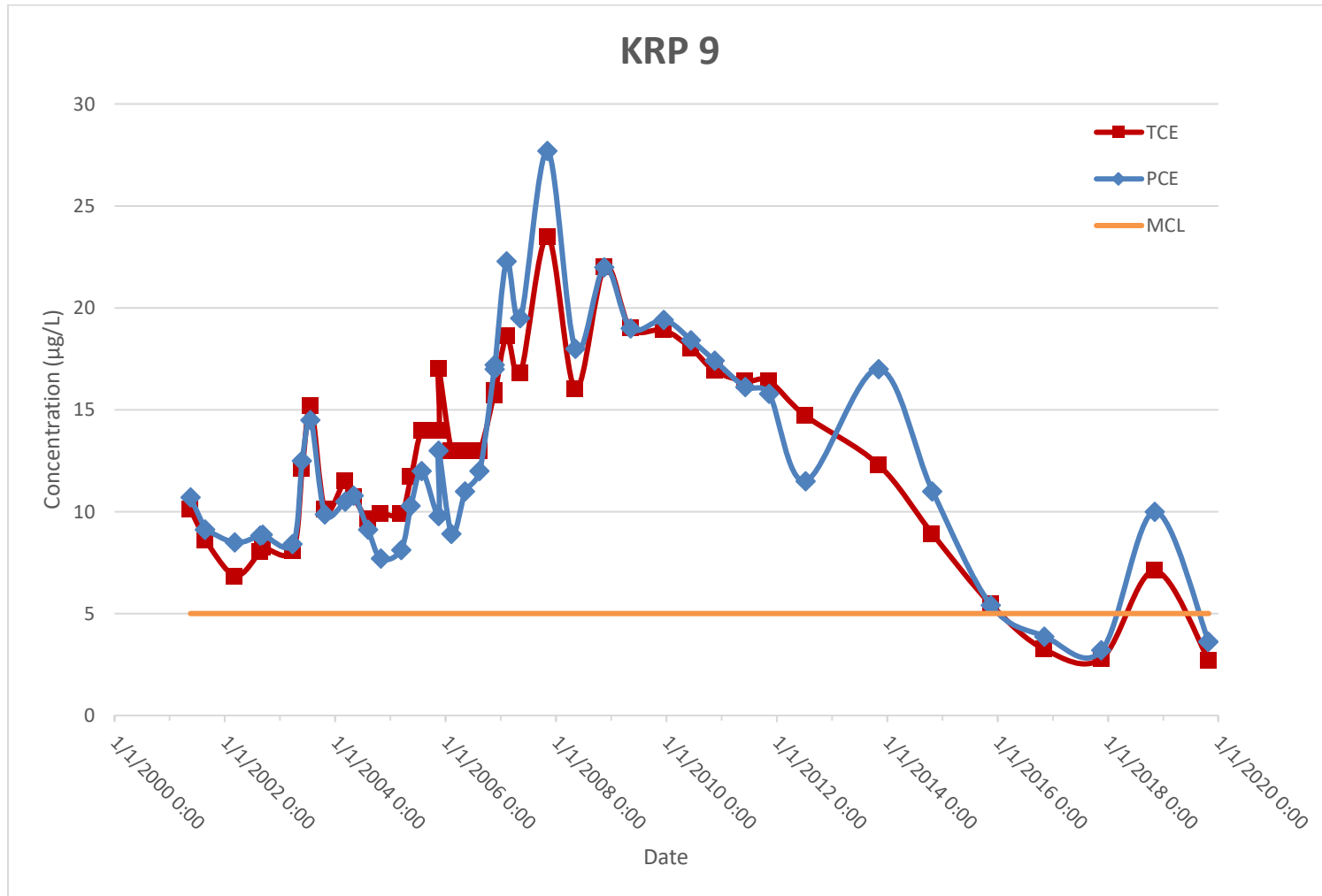


Figure H-5. PCE and TCE Time-Trend Plot at Well KRP 9

This page is intentionally left blank.

Table H-1. Chronology of Events

Event	Date
RFI/RI start/complete	1996 / December 1998
ROD issuance	August 20, 2001
Remedial Action start/complete	October 8, 2001 / March 27, 2002
Previous Five-Year Reviews Issuance	February 12, 2004 / January 29, 2009 / February 4, 2014 / February 21, 2018

Table H-2. Remedial Goals for KBRP and KRP OU

Subunit	Media	COC	Type of COC	Remedial Goals	Basis
K-Area Burning/ Rubble Pit (131-K)	Soil	Benzo[a]anthracene	HH	6.24 mg/kg ^a	Future Industrial Worker
		Benzo[a]pyrene		0.624 mg/kg ^a	
		Benzo[b]fluoranthene		6.24 mg/kg ^a	
		Benzo[k]fluoranthene		62.4 mg/kg ^a	
		Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene		0.624 mg/kg ^a	
		Indeno[1,2,3-c,d]pyrene		6.24 mg/kg ^a	
K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G)	Soil	Benzo[a]anthracene	HH	6.24 mg/kg ^a	Future Industrial Worker
		Benzo[a]pyrene		0.624 mg/kg ^a	
		Benzo[b]fluoranthene		6.24 mg/kg ^a	
		Indeno[1,2,3-c,d]pyrene		6.24 mg/kg ^a	
		Arsenic		7.96 mg/kg ^c	
K-Area Burning/ Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G)	Groundwater	Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	HH	5.0 µg/L ^b	Future Industrial Worker and Exceedance of MCL
		Trichloroethylene (TCE)		5.0 µg/L ^b	

Chrysene, fluoranthene, and pyrene are residential COCs that exist at the KBRP/KRP OU at concentrations less than future industrial worker exposure concentrations.

a The remedial goal is based on the 1.0E-06 target cancer risk to the hypothetical, future, industrial worker.

b The remedial goal is based on the Water Quality Protection of Human Health as established by South Carolina Regulation 61-68 of the Pollution Control Act.

c The remedial goal is based on two times the mean concentration of arsenic in background soil at the KBRP and KRP.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

µg/L = micrograms per liter

Table H-3. Actual versus Estimated O&M Costs

	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	5-Year Total
Total Actual O&M Costs (\$)	16,274	24,621	14,820	19,316	22,463	97,494
Total ROD Estimated Direct O&M Costs * (\$)	2,900	16,212	2,900	2,900	2,900	27,812

*Costs for preparation of the Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review were accounted for in FY2017.

Table H-4. Groundwater Monitoring Results Compared to MZCLs and MCLs

STATION ID	PCE		TCE	
	2019 Result	MZCL*/MCL	2019 Result	MZCL*/MCL
KRP 4	0.72 J	43*/5	ND	61*/5
KRP 5	ND	43*/5	ND	61*/5
KRP 6	ND	43*/5	ND	61*/5
KRP 7	ND	5	ND	5
KRP 8	0.91 J	43*/5	0.36 J	61*/5
KRP 9	3.6	43*/5	2.7	61*/5
KRP 10C	SS	5	SS	5
KRP 10D	ND	5	ND	5
KRP 11C	SS	5	SS	5
KRP 11D	ND	5	ND	5
KRP 12C	SS	5	SS	5
KRP 12D	SS	5	SS	5
KRP 13D	SS	5	SS	5
KRP 15C	SS	5	SS	5
KRP 15D	SS	5	SS	5

MZCL*=Mixing Zone Contaminant Level; MCL= Maximum Contaminant Level; ND= Non-detect; J= Estimated Value
SS= Sampling of well suspended under optimized sampling network

Attachment H-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) Operable Unit

I. SITE INFORMATION			
Site Name:	K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) Operable Unit	Date of Inspection:	07/28/2020
Location and Region	SRS, USEPA Region 4	SEMS #:	#40
Agency, Office, or Company leading the Five-Year Review	USDOE	Weather/ Temperature	Sunny 83°F
Remedy Includes: <i>(Click all that apply)</i>			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Landfill Cover/Containment <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water Pump and Treatment			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Access Controls <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Monitored Natural Attenuation			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Institutional Controls <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Containment			
<input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Pump and Treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical Barriers			
<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____			
Attachments: <input type="checkbox"/> Inspection team roster attached			
II. INTERVIEWS <i>(Click all that apply)</i>			
1. O&M Staff:	<u>Phil Carter</u> (Name)	<u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> (Title)	<u>08/04/2020</u> (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office	<input type="checkbox"/> By Phone	Phone No.: <u>803-952-4145</u>
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		
2. O&M Staff:	<u>Richard Feagin</u> (Name)	<u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> (Title)	<u>08/04/2020</u> (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office	<input type="checkbox"/> By Phone	Phone No.: <u>803-952-4416</u>
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

Attachment H-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) Operable Unit (continued)

II. INTERVIEWS (Click all that apply)(Continued)			
3. Local Regulatory Authorities and Response Agencies (i.e., State and tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds or other city and county offices, etc.). Fill in all that apply.			
Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date) (Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date) (Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date) (Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

4. Other Interviews (Optional): <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Click all that apply)			
1. O&M Documents:			
<input type="checkbox"/> O&M Manual	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As-Built Drawings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maintenance Logs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>See Waste Unit Inspection and Maintenance, ER-SOP-019, Field Inspection Checklist for K-Area Burning Rubble Pit (131-K) and Rubble Pile (631-20G), ER-IDS-019-015.</u>			

**Attachment H-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) Operable Unit
(continued)**

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Continued)			
2. Health and Safety Plans (HASP):			
<input type="checkbox"/> Site-Specific Health and Safety Plans	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Contingency Plan/Emergency Response Plan	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: Routine O&M activities do not require a SSHASP under 29 CFR 1910.120, HAZWOPER.			
<hr/>			
3. O&M and OSHA Training Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: Training Records are complete and up to date per EC&ACP training matrix.			
<hr/>			
4. Permits and Service Agreements:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air Discharge Permit	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Effluent Discharge	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Waste Disposal; POTW	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Other Permits	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
<hr/>			
5. Gas Generation Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
<hr/>			
6. Settlement Monument Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
<hr/>			
7. Groundwater Monitoring Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
<hr/>			
8. Leachate Extraction Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
<hr/>			
9. Discharge Compliance Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Water (Effluent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
<hr/>			
10. Daily Access/Security Logs:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:			
<hr/>			

Attachment H-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) Operable Unit (continued)

IV. O&M COSTS			
1. O&M Organization:			
<input type="checkbox"/> State In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for State		
<input type="checkbox"/> PRP In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for PRP		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>SRS</u>			
2. O&M Cost Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> Funding mechanism/agreement in place	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>Project cost data is summarized in Section IV of this OU-specific review.</u>			
Total annual cost by year for review period, if available			
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
3. Unanticipated or Unusually High O&M Costs During Review Period			
Describe costs and reasons: _____ _____ _____ _____			
V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Fencing			
1. Fencing Damage: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> Gates secured <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>OU-specific perimeter fencing is not required by the remedial action.</u> _____			
B. Signs			
1. Signs and Other Security Measures: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>Signs and monuments are in good condition.</u> _____			

Attachment H-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) Operable Unit
(continued)

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS (Continued)				
C. Institutional Controls				
1. Implementation and Enforcement				
Site conditions imply ICs are not properly implemented:		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Site conditions imply ICs are not being fully enforced:		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive-by, etc.)		<u>Walkdown</u>		
Frequency:		<u>Once in 5 years</u>		
Responsible Party/Agent:		<u>USDOE Savannah River Field Office</u>		
Contact:	<u>Phil Prater</u> (Name)	<u>DOE Project Manager</u> (Title)	<u>12/15/2020</u> (Date)	<u>803-952-9933</u> (Phone No.)
Reporting is up-to-date:		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Reports are verified by the lead agency:		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met:		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Violations have been reported:		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Problems/Suggestions:		<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached		
<hr/>				
<hr/>				
2. Adequacy: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ICs are adequate <input type="checkbox"/> ICs are inadequate <input type="checkbox"/> N/A				
Remarks: <hr/>				
<hr/>				
D. General				
1. Vandalism/Trespassing: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No vandalism is evident				
Remarks: <hr/>				
<hr/>				
2. Land use changes onsite: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A				
Remarks: <hr/>				
<hr/>				
3. Land use changes offsite: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A				
Remarks: <hr/>				
<hr/>				

Attachment H-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) Operable Unit
(continued)

VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS			
A. Roads <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
1. Roads damaged: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Roads adequate <input type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____			
B. Other Site Conditions			
Remarks: Inspections for KBRP/KRP OU performed between FY2016 and FY2020 identified active ant mounds, signs needing to be replaced, and hog damage on soil covers. These findings were resolved soon after discovery. _____ _____			
VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Landfill Surface			
1. Settlement (Low spots): <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Settlement not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____			
2. Cracks: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cracking not evident Lengths _____ Widths _____ Depths _____ Remarks: _____ _____			
3. Erosion: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____			
4. Holes: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Holes not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____			
5. Vegetative Cover: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grass <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cover properly established <input type="checkbox"/> No signs of stress Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: Vegetation is mowed routinely. _____ _____			

Attachment H-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) Operable Unit (continued)

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (Continued)		
6. Alternative Cover (armored rock, concrete, etc.): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____		
7. Bulges: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bulges not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
8. Wet Areas / Water Damage: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wet areas/water damage not evident <input type="checkbox"/> Wet areas <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Ponding <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Seeps <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Soft subgrade <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
9. Slope Instability: <input type="checkbox"/> Slides <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No evidence of slope instability Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
B. Benches <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Horizontally constructed mounds of earth placed across a steep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope in order to slow down the velocity of surface runoff and intercept and convey the runoff to a lined channel)		
C. Letdown Channels <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Channel lined with erosion control mates, riprap, grout bags, or gabions that descend down the steep side slope of the cover and will allow the runoff water collected by the benches to move off of the landfill cover without creating erosion gullies)		

Attachment H-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) Operable Unit (continued)

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (Continued)			
D. Cover Penetrations	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
1. Gas Vents: <input type="checkbox"/> Active <input type="checkbox"/> Passive <input type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
2. Gas Monitoring Probes: <input type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
3. Monitoring Wells: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
4. Leachate Extraction Wells: <input type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
5. Settlement Monuments: <input type="checkbox"/> Located <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely Surveyed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
E. Gas Collection and Treatment	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A	
F. Cover Drainage Layer	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A	
G. Detention/Sedimentation Ponds	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A	
H. Retaining Walls	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A	
I. Perimeter Ditches/Offsite Discharge	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A	
VIII. VERTICAL BARRIER WALLS <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			

Attachment H-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) Operable Unit
(continued)

IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
A. Groundwater Extraction Wells, Pumps, and Pipelines <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A	
1. Pumps, Wellhead Plumbing, and Electrical: <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> All required wells located <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Maintenance <input type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____	
2. Extraction System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances: <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Maintenance Remarks: _____ _____	
3. Spare Parts and Equipment: <input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Requires Upgrade <input type="checkbox"/> Needs to be provided Remarks: _____ _____	
B. Surface Water Collection Structures, Pumps, and Pipelines <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A	
C. Monitoring Data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
1. Monitoring Data: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Is routinely submitted on time <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Is of acceptable quality	
2. Monitoring Data: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Groundwater plume is effectively contained <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Contaminant concentrations are declining	
D. Monitored Natural Attenuation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
1. Monitoring Wells (natural attenuation remedy): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Good condition <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> All required wells located <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____	
X. OTHER REMEDIES	
If there are remedies applied at the site, which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.	
A. Monitored Natural Attenuation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A The MNA program and monitoring well network provides sufficient data to assess the progress of natural attenuation within the groundwater. The remedy is performing as designed. _____ _____	

Attachment H-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – K-Area Burning/Rubble Pit (131-K) and K-Area Rubble Pile (631-20G) Operable Unit (continued)

XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS
A. Implementation of the Remedy
<p>Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emissions, etc.).</p> <p><u>The selected remedy for KBRP/KRP OU was installation of a soil cover with institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) and Monitored Natural Attenuation for the water table aquifer groundwater to protect future industrial workers from exposure. Selected remedy for the KBRP/KRP OU is functioning as intended. There are no issues requiring corrective action.</u></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
B. Adequacy of O&M
<p>Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.</p> <p><u>The O&M procedures consisting of annual site inspection and site maintenance (cover maintenance, and warning signs) and site controls (SRS Site Use and Site Clearance Programs, which restrict invasive and permanent installation activities at the OU) have been implemented. The O&M procedures are adequately maintaining the KBRP/KRP OU and the condition of the warning signs is good. When maintenance activities are identified during inspections, (e.g., active ant mounds), repairs are schedule and performed. There are no issues requiring corrective actions.</u></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
C. Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Failure
<p>Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.</p> <p><u>N/A</u></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
D. Opportunities for Optimization
<p>Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy.</p> <p><u>N/A</u></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>

End of Checklist

M-AREA HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY (904-51G AND 904-112G) OPERABLE UNIT

I. Introduction

This report is the fifth five-year review for the M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-51G and 904-112G) (MHWMF) Operable Unit (OU). The review was conducted from July 2020 through December 2020. Contaminants have been left in place at the MHWMF OU at levels that do not allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. The purpose of this review is to determine whether the remedy in place at the MHWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment. This report documents the results of the review.

The remedy for this unit is conducted under the Savannah River Site (SRS) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) program. The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) remediation requirements are met by the RCRA program; therefore, a separate review of the RCRA Corrective Action is not duplicated in this document.

II. OU Chronology

Table I-1 lists the chronology of site events for the MHWMF OU.

III. Background

MHWMF OU is listed as a RCRA Unit in Appendix C of the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA) for Savannah River Site (SRS) (FFA 1993). The media associated with the MHWMF OU is soil. Groundwater is not addressed under this OU. Per the Interim Action Record of Decision (Irod) (WSRC 1992), the MHWMF groundwater is being addressed under the A/M Area Groundwater OU and will be discussed in the five-year remedy review

reports for SRS OUs with operating equipment. Groundwater corrective actions are performed under the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal for SRS.

Physical Characteristics

The MHWMF is located in M Area near the northwest edge of SRS (Figure I-1). The nearest site boundary is approximately 1,740 m (5,800 ft) northwest of this OU. The MHWMF has been designated as a source-specific OU within the A/M Area Fundamental Study Area. The MHWMF consists of an unlined surface impoundment known as the M-Area Settling Basin (904-51G) (MASB), a portion of an inactive process sewer line, drainage and seepage areas, and a Carolina Bay known as the Lost Lake (904-112G) (Figure I-2).

The MASB dimensions were approximately 99 m (325 ft) by 84 m (276 ft) (surface dimensions) by 5.1 m (17 ft) deep with a volumetric capacity of approximately 30.3 million liters (8 million gal). Overflow from the settling basin was directed to a natural seepage area and ultimately to Lost Lake.

Land and Resource Use

According to the *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report* (USDOE 1996), residential uses of the SRS land should be prohibited. The *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site* (WSRC 1999) designates the MHWMF OU as being within an industrial area. The future land use for the MHWMF OU is reasonably anticipated to remain industrial with the U.S. Department of Energy (USDOE) maintaining control of the land.

History of Contamination

The MASB was constructed in 1958 to settle out metals (primarily uranium, nickel, lead, and aluminum) discharged from M-Area manufacturing facilities for nuclear fuel components and research facilities. The manufacturing processes consisted of aluminum-forming and metal-finishing processes used to produce fuel and targets for the SRS reactors. Waste effluents were discharged from three production buildings and two support

laboratories to the MASB through an underground process sewer line. Cracks in the sewer line allowed some of the effluent to leak into the ground, contaminating underlying soils. The pipeline was slip-lined in 1983 after the cracks were discovered. In July 1985, a permitted wastewater treatment facility was placed in operation and discharges to the MASB were discontinued.

The volume of waste within the MASB was estimated to be 28,920 m³ (37,800 yd³). The volume of contaminated soils and dried sludge in the overflow ditch, seepage area, process sewer line, and Lost Lake was estimated to be 30,370 m³ (39,700 yd³).

Initial Response

Contamination was detected in groundwater, surface water, soil, sediments, and air and evaluated in a 1985 risk analysis, which was used to develop closure alternatives. Closure of the MHWMF OU was initiated in 1988. The MHWMF OU was closed by removal and treatment of any standing water remaining in the basin; discharge of effluent to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permitted M-04 Outfall; excavation, dewatering, and stabilization of the basin sludge with Portland cement; placement, consolidation, and compaction of stabilized sludge in the basin; excavation of a portion of the process sewer line and the contaminated soils associated with the sewer line, drainage ditch, seepage area, and Lost Lake; placement and compaction of contaminated materials in the basin; construction of a low permeability cap over the MASB and restoration of the area. The drainage ditch soils were excavated and stabilized with cement in the basin during closure activities.

The MHWMF was closed in accordance with the Closure Plan for M-Area Settling Basin and Vicinity at the Savannah River Plant (DPSPU-84-11-11, July 1990) and was certified closed in 1990 and was accepted by the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) in 1991 as being in compliance with RCRA requirements.

Basis for Taking Action

The MHWMF was subject to closure under South Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Regulations (SCHWMR) R.61-79-265 Interim Status Standards for Owners and Operators of Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities (SRNS 2020). Per the approved 2014 RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal (SCDHEC 2014), post-closure care is regulated under SCHWMR R.61-79-264. In addition, an ongoing program of corrective action and groundwater monitoring at the MHWMF is administered through the 2014 RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal (SCDHEC 2014).

Characterization efforts prior to the IROD (WSRC 1992) indicated contamination was present in basin surface water, basin soil, basin sludge, overflow ditch soils/sediments, seepage area soils/sediments, and Lost Lake soils/sediments. The major contaminants identified were nitrate as nitrogen, phosphate, sulfate, chloride, sodium, aluminum, nickel, uranium, lead, trichloroethylene, tetrachloroethylene, and 1,1,1-trichloroethane (SRNS 2020).

IV. Remedial Actions

Remedy Selection

As stated in the IROD (WSRC 1992), the remedial action objectives (RAOs) are to prevent the physical exposure to contaminants and mitigate further migration of contaminants to the groundwater by minimizing a liquid medium pathway (rainwater percolation) for transport. The MHWMF RCRA preventative action of stabilization and placement of all contaminated material under a low-permeability cap satisfied both RAOs.

As stated in the IROD, the selected interim action remedy is the previous MHWMF RCRA preventative action of stabilization and placement of all contaminated materials under a low-permeability cap. Since the preventative action is protective to human health and the environment and satisfies CERCLA requirements, no further action under CERCLA is necessary for this source control OU.

Remedy Implementation

Implementation of the selected RCRA preventative action remedy (i.e., the RCRA preventative action) included the following activities:

- Dewatering of the basin;
- Treating and discharging the basin liquid to a permitted outfall;
- Stabilizing 28,820 m³ (37,800 yd³) of the dewatered basin sludge with Portland cement;
- Consolidating 30,370 m³ (39,700 yd³) contaminated materials by excavating a portion of the process sewer line and associated soils (842 m³ [1,100 yd³]) and contaminated soils from the overflow ditch (5,126 m³ [6,700 yd³]), the seepage area (7,497 m³ [9,800 yd³]) and areas of Lost Lake (16,907 m³ [22,100 yd³]) and transporting to the top of the stabilized sludge within the basin; and
- Installing a 0.97-hectare (2.4-acre) low permeability cover system over the MASB consisting of a layer of backfill, a 0.6-m (2-ft) layer of low permeability compacted kaolin clay with a permeability of 1E-07 cm/s or less, a 0.3-m (1-ft) drainage layer, geotextile filter fabric, topped with 0.6 m (2 ft) of vegetative cover (15-cm [6-in] of topsoil over 45-cm [18-in] of common fill), 15-cm (6-in) perforated drainage collection pipe, and stormwater conveyance system.

Current photos of the MHWMF OU are presented in Figure I-3.

Systems Operations/Operation and Maintenance

There are no system operational requirements.

The following maintenance activities are ongoing:

- Post-closure groundwater monitoring to verify that no unacceptable exposure to potential hazards posed by conditions at the OU occur in the future as required per the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal (SCDHEC 2014).

- Quarterly site inspections and site maintenance for a minimum of 30 years to maintain the integrity of the cover system, OU-specific perimeter fencing, signs, etc. Any necessary repairs will be made as part of the maintenance program.
- Institutional controls (i.e., land use controls [LUCs]) to restrict access to authorized personnel with appropriate training on applicable requirements and to preclude unauthorized access or intrusive activities through the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance program and SRS site security.

Costs associated with the selected remedy for MHWMF include operation and maintenance (O&M) costs of the soil cover and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs). The actual O&M cost during fiscal year (FY) 2016 to FY2020 is \$101,209. RCRA documentation does not require estimated project costs to be prepared. Therefore, a cost comparison is not provided in this remedy review.

V. Progress Since Last Review

The previous protectiveness statement from the last five-year review concluded that because the remedial actions at MHWMF are protective, the site is protective of human health and the environment. Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are controlled through a maintained cover system and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs).

Under the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal, additional corrective action was taken adjacent to and beneath the MASB. Dynamic Underground Stripping (DUS) injected steam into a 1.2-hectare (3-acre) footprint with target depths of 13.5 m to 49.5 m (45 ft to 165 ft) and an estimated 339,802 m³ (12 million ft³) of soil to remediate. Heated solvent vapors were removed by soil vapor extraction. During operation between 2005 and 2012, the DUS system removed 207,485 kg (457,426 lbs) of volatile organic compounds (VOC) contamination in the target area. In July 2013, post remediation soil samples were collected, and the VOC soil results indicated that > 99% of the solvent mass (including dense non-aqueous phase liquids) was removed from the target zone. Elevated VOC concentrations are persistent in the vadose zone and groundwater outside of the target

zone near the MASB. To address the vadose zone contamination, eight MicroBlowers™ and two BaroBalls™ were installed along the M-Area Abandoned Process Sewer Line in 2020. Additional characterization of the vadose zone in this area will also be conducted to determine the full extent of contamination. A new recovery well was installed southeast of the MASB to capture a high concentration VOC groundwater plume. The new recovery well became operational in 2020. Both of these corrective actions were taken under the direction of the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal (SCDHEC 2014). These corrective actions are discussed as part of the A/M-Area Groundwater OU in the five-year remedy review reports for the SRS OUs with operating equipment.

There were no recommendations or follow-up actions from the last five-year review.

VI. Five-Year Review Process

The following tasks were performed as part of the review:

- Reviewed the documents listed in Section XII. Documents Reviewed;
- Confirmed implementation of the remedial action;
- Inspected the OU, interviewed maintenance personnel, and documented the results on the Inspection Checklist provided in Attachment I-1; and
- Ensured that all actions required under the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal (SCDHEC 2014) were implemented (i.e., quarterly inspections and maintenance to the soil covers and groundwater monitoring).

Summary of Inspections and Interviews

Interviews were conducted with Richard Feagin, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC (SRNS) Environmental Compliance and Area Completion Projects (EC&ACP) Post-Closure Lead, and Phil Carter, SRNS EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead, on August 4, 2020 at the O&M organization offices. No issues were identified for the MHWMF during these interviews. The MHWMF OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP on July 14, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection

The MHWMF OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP and USDOE personnel on November 24, 2020. No issues were identified for the MHWMF OU during this inspection.

A site inspection was conducted by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and SCDHEC personnel, accompanied by USDOE and SRNS personnel, via Microsoft Teams on March 16, 2021. Photographs and drone videos were used to inspect the OU virtually. No significant problems regarding this OU were identified during the inspection.

Scheduled quarterly site inspections conducted from FY2016 to FY2020 identified the following issues: overgrown vegetation, active ant mounds, hog damage on the soil cover, signs needing to be replaced, and evidence of small animals burrowing. These findings were documented on the field inspection checklists and resolved soon after discovery.

VII. Technical Assessment

Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The remedy, in situ stabilization/solidification, RCRA soil cover with institutional controls (i.e., LUCs), is effective in preventing exposure to contaminant risk above 1E-06 risk levels and mitigating further migration of contaminants to groundwater and is functioning as intended.

Institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) have been effective in maintaining restricted (industrial) land use. Quarterly site inspections and site maintenance have been effective in maintaining integrity of the soil cover. Based on site inspections, there is no indication of potential remedy failure that could place protectiveness at risk.

The LUC requirements are discussed and approved as part of the closure/post-closure/permit application process and are governed by the RCRA Permit Renewal for the SRS (SCDHEC 2014). The closure/post-closure requirements are discussed in the RCRA Permit Renewal Application for the M-Area and Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facilities (M-Area and Met Lab HWMF) Postclosure (SRNS 2020). Therefore, a Land Use Control Implementation Plan is not required for this OU.

The LUCs that are in place include physical access controls to prevent unauthorized contact, removal or excavation of subsurface soils, and restrictions to prevent disturbance of the MHWMF OU. Warning signs are in good condition, and no activities were observed that would have violated LUCs. All LUC objectives are being met.

Are the Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives still Valid?

The exposure assumptions, toxicity data, and cleanup levels used at the time of remedy selection are still valid. There have been no changes in the standards or physical conditions of the MHWMF OU that would affect the protectiveness of the remedy.

The applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements (ARARs) discussed in the IROD (WSRC 1992) for this limited action focus on the design and construction of the remedial action which was completed in 1990. Based on the review of this OU, the requirements of the ARAR that sets forth the performance standards for the cover system (i.e., long-term minimization of migration of contaminants, function with minimum maintenance) continue to be met.

The USEPA standards and toxicity values have been updated since the last five-year remedy review as shown in Appendix B. The changes to the values for COCs at the MHWMF OU were not significant, and the RAOs continue to be met by the remedial action. No new standards or to-be-considered guidance have been identified that call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

Fact sheets provided on the USEPA webpage regarding emerging contaminants were reviewed for applicability to this site. None of the listed emerging contaminants were identified as applicable to this OU.

Has any Other Information Come to Light that Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No other information has come to light that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

VIII. Issues

There are no issues related to current site conditions or activities that currently prevent the remedy from being protective.

IX. Recommendations and Follow-up Actions

There are no recommendations or follow-up actions for the MHWMF OU under CERCLA.

X. Protectiveness Statement(s)

The remedy at the MHWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.

Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled by stabilization and placement of all contaminated materials under a low-permeability cap and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) to prevent exposure to or ingestion of contaminated soil media and mitigating further migration of contaminants to groundwater. All threats to the MHWMF OU are being addressed through physical access controls to prevent unauthorized entry to SRS (fences, guards, security patrols, etc.), administrative controls that maintain the MHWMF OU for industrial use only, and warning signs and land use restrictions via the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance Program.

XI. Next Review

As shown in Appendix A, Table A-1, the next five-year review for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems is scheduled for January 2027.

XII. Documents Reviewed

Du Pont, 1990. *Closure Plan for the M-Area Settling Basin and Vicinity at the Savannah River Plant*, DPSPU 94-11-11, E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Company, Savannah River Plant, Aiken, SC

FFA, 1993. *Federal Facility Agreement for the Savannah River Site*, Administrative Docket No. 89-05-FF (Effective Date: August 16, 1993)

SCDHEC, 2014. *South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit, Permit Number SC1 898 008 989, 2014 RCRA Permit Renewal for the Savannah River Site, issued on February 11, 2014, Module III - Postclosure Care and Module IV – Groundwater Requirements, Section A, M-Area and Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facilities*, South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control, Office of Environmental Quality Control, Bureau of Land and Waste Management, Columbia, SC

SRNS, 2020. *2013 RCRA Permit Renewal Application (U), Volume III, M-Area Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facilities (M-Area and Met Lab HWMFs) Postclosure*, SRNS-IM-2012-00002, latest revision, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

USDOE, 1996. *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report*, U.S. Department of Energy, Savannah River Operations Office, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1992. *Interim Action Record of Decision Remedial Alternative Selection M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility Operable Unit*, WSRC-RP-92-743, Revision 0, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1999. *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site*, WSRC-RP-98-4125, Revision 1.1, latest revision, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

Various - *Inspection Data Sheets – Field Inspection Checklist, M-Area HWMF Post Closure Inspection (U)*, ER-IDS-019-022, Inspection period FY2016 through FY2020 (quarterly)

This page is intentionally left blank.

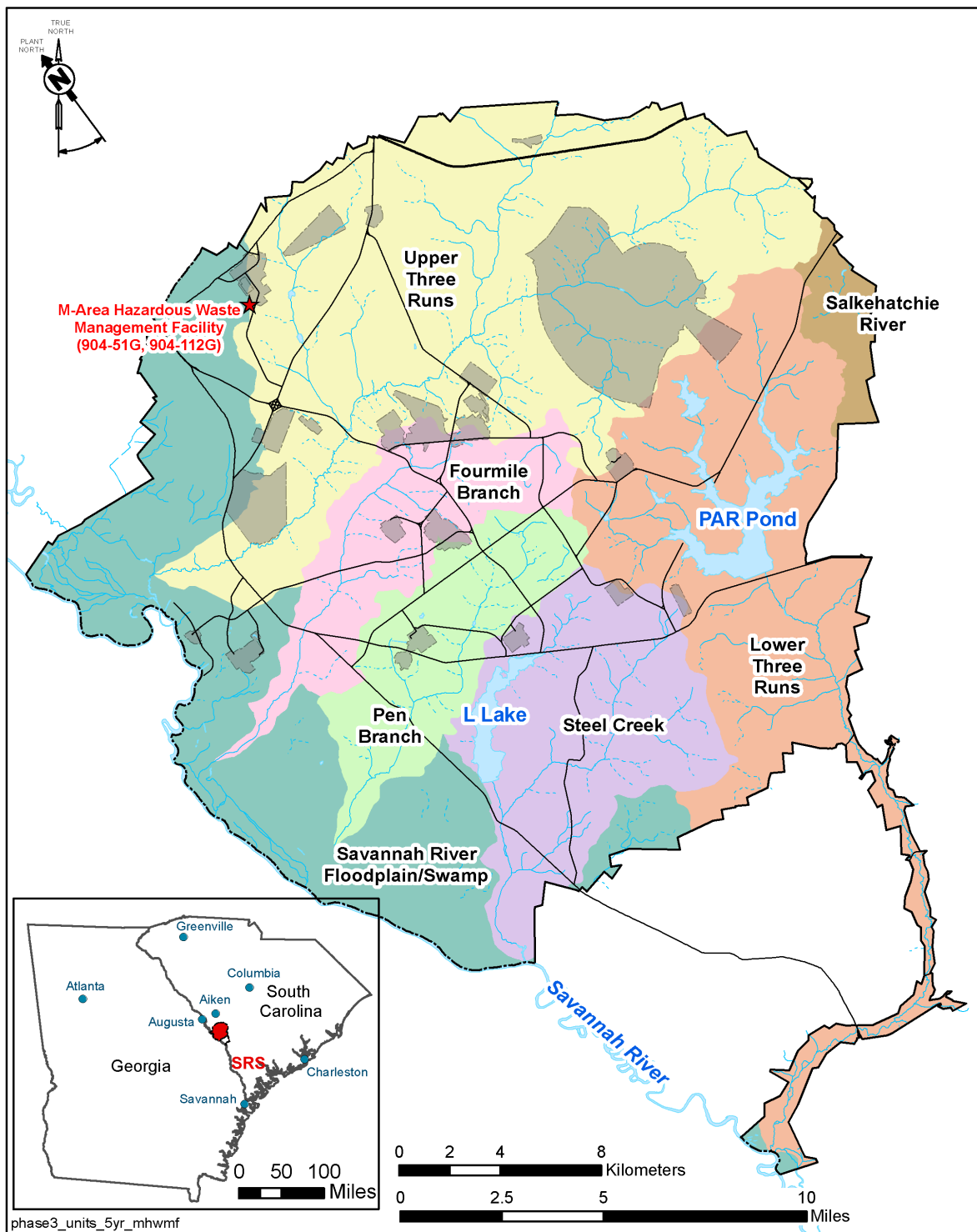


Figure I-1. Location of M-Area HWMF at SRS

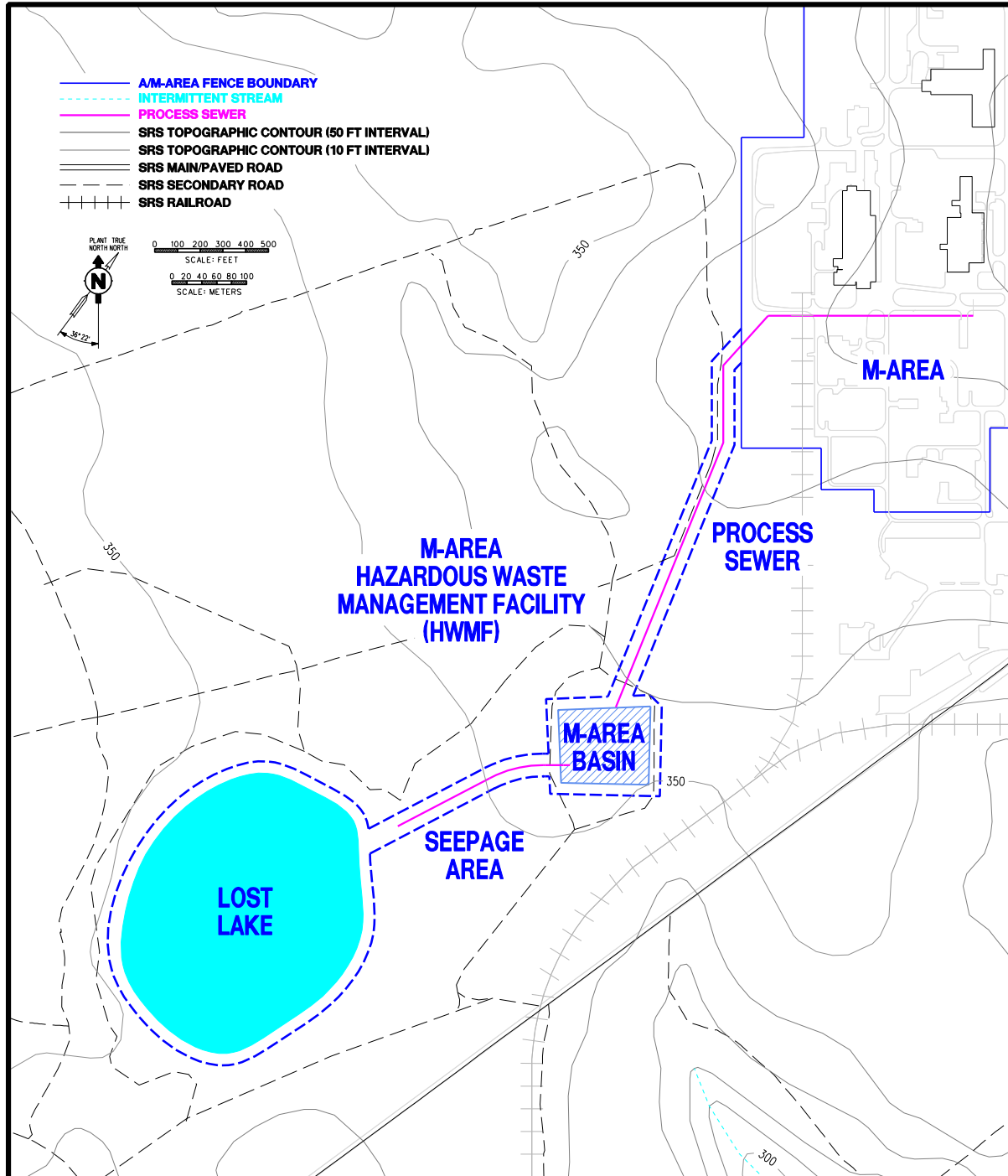


Figure I-2. Site Layout for M-Area HWMF



Figure I-3. Photographs of the M-Area HWMF at the SRS (2020)

This page is intentionally left blank.

Table I-1. Chronology of OU Events

Event	Date
RCRA Closure Plan Approved	1987
Corrective Action Start	1988
RCRA Closure Completed	1990
IROD Issuance	September 6, 1992
Previous Five-Year Reviews Issuance	June 30, 1997 / * / January 29, 2009 / February 4, 2014 / February 21, 2018

*No review was conducted in 2004 due to an administrative oversight.

This page is intentionally left blank.

Attachment I-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-51G and 904-112G) OU

I. SITE INFORMATION			
Site Name:	M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-51G and 904-112G) OU	Date of Inspection:	07/14/2020
Location and Region	SRS, USEPA Region 4	EPA ID:	SEMS #1
Agency, Office, or Company leading the Five-Year Review	USDOE	Weather/ Temperature	Sunny 97°F
Remedy Includes: <i>(Click all that apply)</i>			
<div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap;"> <div style="width: 50%;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Landfill Cover/Containment</div> <div style="width: 50%;"><input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water Pump and Treatment</div> <div style="width: 50%;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Access Controls</div> <div style="width: 50%;"><input type="checkbox"/> Monitored Natural Attenuation</div> <div style="width: 50%;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Institutional Controls</div> <div style="width: 50%;"><input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Containment</div> <div style="width: 50%;"><input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Pump and Treatment</div> <div style="width: 50%;"><input type="checkbox"/> Vertical Barriers</div> <div style="width: 50%;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>Consolidation, Waste Stabilization, Excavation, Disposal</u></div> </div>			
Attachments: <input type="checkbox"/> Inspection team roster attached			
II. INTERVIEWS <i>(Click all that apply)</i>			
1. O&M Staff:	<u>Phil Carter</u> (Name)	<u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> (Title)	<u>08/04/2020</u> (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone Phone No.: <u>803-952-4145</u>		
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

2. O&M Staff:	<u>Richard Feagin</u> (Name)	<u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> (Title)	<u>08/04/2020</u> (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone Phone No.: <u>803-952-4416</u>		
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

Attachment I-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-51G and 904-112G) OU (continued)

II. INTERVIEWS (Click all that apply)(Continued)			
3. Local Regulatory Authorities and Response Agencies (i.e., State and tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds or other city and county offices, etc.). Fill in all that apply.			
Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
			(Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
			(Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
			(Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

4. Other Interviews (Optional): <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Click all that apply)			
1. O&M Documents:			
<input type="checkbox"/> O&M Manual	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As-Built Drawings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maintenance Logs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>See Waste Unit Inspection and Maintenance, ER-SOP-019, Field Inspection Checklist for M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility, 904-51G, ER-IDS-019-022 (FY2016 through FY2020 [quarterly]).</u>			

Attachment I-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-51G and 904-112G) OU (continued)

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Continued)			
2. Health and Safety Plans (HASP):			
<input type="checkbox"/> Site-Specific Health and Safety Plans	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Contingency Plan/Emergency Response Plan	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Routine O&M activities do not require a SSHASP under 29 CFR 1910.120, HAZWOPER.</u>			
<hr/>			
3. O&M and OSHA Training Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Training Records are complete and up to date per EC&ACP training matrix.</u>			
<hr/>			
4. Permits and Service Agreements:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air Discharge Permit	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Effluent Discharge	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Waste Disposal; POTW	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other Permits	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal</u>			
<hr/>			
5. Gas Generation Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
6. Settlement Monument Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
7. Groundwater Monitoring Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
8. Leachate Extraction Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
9. Discharge Compliance Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Water (Effluent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
10. Daily Access/Security Logs:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			

Attachment I-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-51G and 904-112G) OU (continued)

IV. O&M COSTS			
1. O&M Organization:			
<input type="checkbox"/> State In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for State		
<input type="checkbox"/> PRP In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for PRP		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>SRS</u>			
2. O&M Cost Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> Funding mechanism/agreement in place	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>Project cost data is discussed in Section IV of this OU-specific review.</u>			
Total annual cost by year for review period, if available			
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
3. Unanticipated or Unusually High O&M Costs During Review Period			
Describe costs and reasons: _____			

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Fencing			
1. Fencing Damage: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gates secured <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>OU-specific perimeter fencing is required by the remedial action. The perimeter fence is in good condition.</u>			

B. Signs			
1. Signs and Other Security Measures: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>Signs are in good condition.</u>			

Attachment I-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – M-Area Hazardous
Waste Management Facility (904-51G and 904-112G) OU (*continued*)

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS (<i>Continued</i>)			
C. Institutional Controls			
1. Implementation and Enforcement			
Site conditions imply ICs are not properly implemented:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Site conditions imply ICs are not being fully enforced:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive-by, etc.)	<u>Walkdown</u>		
Frequency:	<u>Once in 5 years</u>		
Responsible Party/Agent:	<u>USDOE Savannah River Field Office</u>		
Contact:	<u>Karen Adams</u> (Name)	<u>Federal Project Director</u> (Title)	<u>11/24/2020</u> (Date) <u>803-952-7871</u> (Phone No.)
Reporting is up-to-date:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Reports are verified by the lead agency:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Violations have been reported:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached		
<hr/> <hr/>			
2. Adequacy:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ICs are adequate	<input type="checkbox"/> ICs are inadequate	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks:	<hr/> <hr/>		
D. General			
1. Vandalism/Trespassing:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No vandalism is evident	
Remarks:	<hr/> <hr/>		
2. Land use changes onsite:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
Remarks:	<hr/> <hr/>		
3. Land use changes offsite:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
Remarks:	<hr/> <hr/>		

Attachment I-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – M-Area Hazardous
Waste Management Facility (904-51G and 904-112G) OU (*continued*)

VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS			
A. Roads	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
1. Roads damaged:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Roads adequate	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____ _____			
B. Other Site Conditions			
Remarks: <u>Site inspections conducted during FY2016 through FY2020 identified overgrown vegetation, active ant mounds, hog damage on the soil cover, signs needing to be replaced, and evidence of small animals burrowing. These issues were resolved soon after discovery.</u> _____ _____			
VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
A. Landfill Surface			
1. Settlement (Low spots):	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Settlement not evident	
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
2. Cracks:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cracking not evident	
Lengths _____		Widths _____	
		Depths _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
3. Erosion:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident	
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
4. Holes:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Holes not evident	
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
5. Vegetative Cover:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grass	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cover properly established	<input type="checkbox"/> No signs of stress
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: <u>Vegetation is mowed routinely.</u> _____			

Attachment I-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-51G and 904-112G) OU (continued)

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (Continued)		
6. Alternative Cover (armored rock, concrete, etc.): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____		
7. Bulges: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bulges not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
8. Wet Areas / Water Damage: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wet areas/water damage not evident <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Wet areas <input type="checkbox"/> Ponding <input type="checkbox"/> Seeps <input type="checkbox"/> Soft subgrade </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map </div> <div> Areal extent _____ Areal extent _____ Areal extent _____ Areal extent _____ </div> </div> Remarks: _____ _____		
9. Slope Instability: <input type="checkbox"/> Slides <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No evidence of slope instability Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
B. Benches <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Horizontally constructed mounds of earth placed across a steep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope in order to slow down the velocity of surface runoff and intercept and convey the runoff to a lined channel)		
C. Letdown Channels <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Channel lined with erosion control mates, riprap, grout bags, or gabions that descend down the steep side slope of the cover and will allow the runoff water collected by the benches to move off of the landfill cover without creating erosion gullies)		
D. Cover Penetrations <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
E. Gas Collection and Treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		

Attachment I-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-51G and 904-112G) OU (continued)

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (Continued)		
F. Cover Drainage Layer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
1. Outlet Pipes Inspected:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Functioning	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____		
2. Outlet Rock Inspected:	<input type="checkbox"/> Functioning	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____		
G. Detention/Sedimentation Ponds	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
H. Perimeter Ditches/Offsite Discharge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
1. Siltation:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Siltation not evident
Areal extent _____ Depth _____		
Remarks: _____		
2. Vegetative Growth:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vegetation does not impede flow		
Areal extent _____ Type _____		
Remarks: _____		
3. Erosion:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident
Areal extent _____ Depth _____		
Remarks: _____		
4. Discharge Structure:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____		
VIII. VERTICAL BARRIER WALLS <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
X. OTHER REMEDIES		
If there are remedies applied at the site, which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.		
A. Consolidation, Stabilization, Excavation, Disposal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Consolidation, stabilization, excavation, and disposal were performed at MHWMF. The remedy is performing as designed.		

Attachment I-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility (904-51G and 904-112G) OU (continued)

XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS
A. Implementation of the Remedy
<p>Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emissions, etc.).</p> <p>The remedy of stabilizing the basin contents, consolidating contaminated materials in the basin, and installing and maintaining a low permeability cap was designed and implemented to prevent physical exposure to contaminants and to mitigate further migration of contaminants to the groundwater. The cover system is intact, long term grasses have been fully established. Soil cover system remedy is functioning as designed. Drainage channels are functioning adequately.</p>
B. Adequacy of O&M
<p>Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.</p> <p>The O&M procedures consisting of quarterly site inspections and site maintenance (repair of erosion damage, cover system, fencing, and warning signs) and site controls (SRS Site Use and Site Clearance Programs, which restrict invasive and permanent installation activities at the OU) have been implemented. The O&M procedures are adequately maintaining the MHWMF OU and the condition of the warning signs and fencing is good. When maintenance activities are identified during inspections (e.g., treating ant mounds, vegetation removal), repairs are scheduled and performed. There are no issues that impact the protectiveness of the remedy that require corrective actions.</p>
C. Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Failure
<p>Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
D. Opportunities for Optimization
<p>Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy.</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>

End of checklist

This page is intentionally left blank.

METALLURGICAL LABORATORY HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY (904-110G) OPERABLE UNIT

I. Introduction

This report is the sixth five-year review for the Metallurgical Laboratory (904-110G) (Met Lab) Hazardous Waste Management Facility (HWMF) Operable Unit (OU). The review was conducted from July 2020 through December 2020. Contaminants have been left in place at the Met Lab HWMF OU at levels that do not allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. The purpose of this review is to determine whether the remedy in place at the Met Lab HWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment. This report documents the results of the review.

The remedy for the Met Lab HWMF is conducted under the Savannah River Site (SRS) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) program. The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) remediation requirements are met by the RCRA program; therefore, a separate review of the RCRA Corrective Action is not duplicated in this document.

II. OU Chronology

Table J-1 lists the chronology of site events for the Met Lab HWMF OU.

III. Background

The Met Lab HWMF OU is listed as a RCRA Unit in Appendix C of the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA) for SRS (FFA 1993). The media associated with the Met Lab HWMF OU is soil. Groundwater is not addressed under this OU. Per the Interim Action Record of Decision (IROD) (WSRC 1992), the Met Lab HWMF groundwater is being addressed under the A/M Area Groundwater OU and will be discussed in the five-year remedy review reports for SRS OUs with operating equipment. Groundwater corrective actions are performed under the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal for SRS.

Physical Characteristics

The Met Lab HWMF OU is located in M Area of the SRS near the northwest edge of SRS (Figure J-1). The nearest site boundary is located approximately 1.2 km (0.75 mi) northwest of this OU. The Met Lab HWMF has been designated as a source-specific OU within the Upper Three Runs Watershed.

The Met Lab HWMF OU is located in the eastern portion of the A/M-Area Central Sector (Figure J-2). The OU includes the unlined Met Lab Basin, the abandoned portion of the influent process sewer line, an associated Carolina Bay, and the A-08 drainage outfall to the bay (Figure J-3). The Met Lab Basin dimensions are approximately 27 m (90 ft) by 36 m (120 ft) by 1.5 m (5 ft) deep. The Carolina Bay is a marshy, oval-shaped natural depression that covers approximately 2.4 hectares (6 acres).

Land and Resource Use

According to the *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report* (USDOE 1996), residential uses of the SRS land should be prohibited. The *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site* (WSRC 1999) designates the Met Lab HWMF OU as being within an industrial area. The future land use for the Met Lab HWMF OU is reasonably anticipated to remain industrial with the U.S. Department of Energy (USDOE) maintaining control of the land.

History of Contamination

The Met Lab Basin began receiving effluent from the Savannah River Laboratory Equipment Engineering Division Metallurgical Laboratory in 1956. The effluent consisted primarily of noncontact cooling water (water that did not contact process operations) and small quantities of laboratory rinse water containing hazardous substances. The historic wastewater discharge rate to the Met Lab Basin was estimated to be 3.8 m³/day (5 yd³/day). Discharges to the basin during the period from 1983 to November 8, 1985, consisted of nonhazardous effluent. All flow to the Met Lab Basin was terminated on November 8, 1985, when the process sewer line was plugged.

The Carolina Bay received wastes from three sources: (1) wastewater and surface water runoff overflow from the Met Lab Basin A-08 Outfall, (2) surface water runoff and cooling water from the A-Area coal-fired power plant and (3) A/M Area stormwater through the A-09 Outfall.

Initial Response

Contamination was detected in groundwater, basin surface water, soil, and basin sediments and evaluated in a risk assessment in 1985. The Met Lab HWMF OU was closed by removal and treatment of any standing water remaining in the basin, discharge of the effluent to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permitted outfall, excavation, dewatering, placement, consolidation and compaction of stabilized sludge in the basin, and excavation of a portion of the process sewer line and contaminated soils associated with the sewer line. The Met Lab HWMF closure plan was submitted and approved by SCDHEC in June 1991. The Met Lab Basin closure was certified on July 17, 1992.

Characterization of the Met Lab Carolina Bay for human health risks was completed in 1991 and for ecological risks in 1993. Surface sediments and soil to a depth of 0.6 m (2 ft) were contaminated with metals and organics. Risks were found to be acceptable and no further remedial action was required.

The Met Lab HWMF underlying groundwater is being addressed under the A/M Area Groundwater OU and is not included in this review. A/M-Area Groundwater OU will be discussed in the five-year remedy review reports for SRS OUs with operating equipment. Groundwater corrective actions are performed under the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal for SRS.

Basis for Taking Action

On September 24, 1985, the Natural Resources Defense Council and others filed a complaint against USDOE concerning the Met Lab Basin and neighboring Carolina Bay. The associated lawsuit resulted in a Consent Decree in June 1988 which mandated that the Met Lab HWMF and associated Carolina Bay were subject to RCRA (WSRC 1992). The

Met Lab HWMF OU was subject to closure under South Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Regulations (SCHWMR) R.61-79.265. Closure of the basin was conducted as a landfill without excavation of soil from the basin (WSRC 1991).

At the time of the IROD, no contaminants of concern (COCs) were identified, though previous characterization efforts indicated contamination was present in groundwater, basin surface water, soil, and basin sediments. Detected contaminants in the basin and/or process sewer line sediments included sulfate, nitrate, cyanide, and metals (though all were substantially below the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency [USEPA] toxicity concentration criteria). Chlorinated solvents, specifically trichloroethylene and tetrachloroethylene, were detected in both upgradient and downgradient wells (WSRC 1992)

IV. Remedial Actions

Remedy Selection

Preventative alternatives were developed for the Met Lab HWMF within the RCRA closure process. Preventative activities at the Met Lab HWMF became subject to CERCLA when SRS was placed on the National Priorities List in December 1989.

The remedial action objectives (RAOs), as documented in the IROD (WSRC 1992), are to prevent the physical exposure to contaminants and to mitigate further migration of contaminants to the groundwater by minimizing a liquid medium pathway (rainwater percolation) for transport. The selected interim action remedy is the previous Met Lab HWMF RCRA preventative action of no waste removal, excavation of the process sewer line and associated contaminated sediments, placement of all contaminated materials under a low-permeability cap and no action for the Carolina Bay. The Met Lab HWMF RCRA preventative action of stabilization and placement of all contaminated materials under a low-permeability cap satisfied both RAOs. Since the preventative action is protective to human health and the environment and satisfies CERCLA requirements, no further action under CERCLA is necessary for this source control OU (WSRC 1992).

Remedy Implementation

Implementation of the selected interim action remedy (i.e., the RCRA preventative action) included the following activities:

- Sampling the accumulated rainwater in the basin;
- Treating and discharging excess water to a NPDES permitted outfall;
- Consolidating 344 m³ (450 yd³) of contaminated materials by excavating the process sewer line and associated soils and transporting to the top of the contaminated sediments in the basin; and
- Installing a 0.08-hectare (0.2-acre) low permeability cover system over the settling basin consisting of a layer of backfill, a 0.6-m (2-ft) layer of low-permeability compacted kaolin clay with a permeability of 1.0E-07 cm/s or less, a 0.3-m (1-ft) drainage layer, geotextile filter fabric, topped with 0.6 m (2 ft) of vegetative cover (15 cm [6 in] of topsoil over 45 cm [18 in] of common fill), and stormwater conveyance system.

A recent photograph of the unit is presented in Figure J-4.

Systems Operations/Operation and Maintenance

There are no system operational requirements.

The following maintenance activities are ongoing:

- Post-closure groundwater monitoring to verify that no unacceptable exposure to potential hazards posed by conditions at the OU occur in the future as required per the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal (SCDHEC 2014).
 - Quarterly site inspections for a minimum of 30 years to verify the integrity of the cover system, OU-specific perimeter fencing, signs, etc. Any necessary repairs will be made as part of the maintenance program.
 - Institutional controls (i.e., land use controls [LUCs]) to restrict access to authorized personnel with appropriate training on applicable requirements and to preclude
-

unauthorized access or intrusive activities through the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance program and SRS site security.

Costs associated with the selected remedy for Met Lab HWMF include operation and maintenance (O&M) costs of the soil cover and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs). The actual O&M cost during fiscal year (FY) 2016 to FY2020 is \$84,942. RCRA documentation does not require estimated project costs to be prepared. Therefore, a cost comparison cannot be provided in this remedy review.

V. Progress Since Last Review

The previous protectiveness statement from the last five-year review concluded that because the remedial actions at Met Lab HWMF are protective, the site is protective of human health and the environment. Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are controlled through a maintained cover system and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs).

There were no recommendations or follow-up actions from the last five-year review.

VI. Five-Year Review Process

The following tasks were performed as part of the review:

- Reviewed the documents listed in Section XII. Documents Reviewed;
- Confirmed the implementation of the remedial action;
- Inspected the OU, interviewed maintenance personnel and documented the results on the Inspection Checklist provided in Attachment J-1; and
- Ensured that all actions required under the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal (SCDHEC 2014) were implemented (i.e., quarterly inspections, annual subsidence survey reports and maintenance to the soil covers).

Summary of Inspections and Interviews

Interviews were conducted with Richard Feagin, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC (SRNS) Environmental Compliance and Area Completion Projects (EC&ACP) Post-

Closure Lead, and Phil Carter, SRNS EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead, on August 4, 2020 at the O&M organization offices. No issues were identified for the Met Lab OU during these interviews. The Met Lab HWMF OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP on July 21, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

The Met Lab OU was inspected by SRNS EC&CAP and USDOE personnel on November 24, 2020. No issues were identified for the Met Lab HWMF OU during this inspection.

A site inspection was conducted by USEPA and SCDHEC personnel, accompanied by USDOE and SRNS personnel, via Microsoft Teams on March 16, 2021. Photographs and drone videos were used to inspect the OU virtually. No significant problems regarding this OU was identified during the inspection.

Scheduled quarterly site inspections conducted from FY2016 to FY2020 identified the following issues: overgrown vegetation, active ant mounds, signs needing to be replaced, minor fencing repairs needed. These findings were documented on the field inspection checklists and resolved soon after discovery.

VII. Technical Assessment

Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The remedy, in situ stabilization/solidification, RCRA soil cover with institutional controls (i.e., LUCs), is effective in preventing exposure to contaminant risk above 1E-06 risk levels and mitigating further migration of contaminants to groundwater and is functioning as intended.

Institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) have been effective in maintaining restricted (industrial) land use. Quarterly site inspections and site maintenance have been effective in maintaining integrity of the soil cover. Based on site inspections, there is no indication of potential remedy failure that could place protectiveness at risk.

The LUC requirements are discussed and approved as part of the closure/post-closure/permit application process and are governed by the RCRA Permit Renewal for the SRS (SCDHEC 2014). The closure/post-closure requirements are discussed in the RCRA

Permit Renewal Application for the M-Area and Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facilities (M-Area and Met Lab HWMF) Postclosure (SRNS 2020). Therefore, a Land Use Control Implementation Plan is not required for this OU.

The institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) that are in place include physical access controls to prevent unauthorized contact, removal or excavation of subsurface soils, and restrictions to prevent disturbance of the Met Lab HWMF OU. Warning signs are in good condition, and no activities were observed that would have violated LUCs. All LUC objectives are being met.

Are the Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives still Valid?

The exposure assumptions, toxicity data, and cleanup levels used at the time of remedy selection are still valid. There have been no changes in the standards or physical conditions of the Met Lab HWMF OU that would affect the protectiveness of the remedy.

Two applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements (ARARs) were identified in the IROD (WSRC 1992). The first, a NPDES permit modification for discharge of basin rainwater to an outfall to surface water, has been met as the construction of the cover system is completed. The second ARAR includes SCHWMR R.61-79.265 for RCRA equivalent performance standards for the cap design. The cap was designed to meet the ARAR. Based on the review of this OU, the requirements of the ARAR (i.e. long-term minimization of migration of contaminants, function with minimum maintenance) continue to be met. There have been no changes in standards or to-be-considered guidance identified in the IROD that call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

The USEPA standards and toxicity values have been updated since the last five-year remedy review as shown in Appendix B. The changes to the values for COCs at the Met Lab HWMF OU were not significant, and the RAOs continue to be met by the remedial action. No new standards or to-be-considered guidance have been identified that call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

Fact sheets provided on the USEPA webpage regarding emerging contaminants were reviewed for applicability to this site. None of the listed emerging contaminants were identified as applicable to this OU.

Has any Other Information Come to Light that Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No other information has come to light that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

VIII. Issues

There are no issues that prevent the remedy for the Met Lab HWMF OU from being protective.

IX. Recommendations and Follow-up Actions

There are no recommendations or follow-up actions for the Met Lab HWMF OU under CERCLA.

X. Protectiveness Statement(s)

The remedy at the Met Lab HWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.

Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled by stabilization and placement of all contaminated materials under a lower permeability cap and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) to prevent exposure to or ingestion of contaminated soil media and mitigating further migration of contaminants to groundwater. All threats to the Met Lab HWMF OU are being addressed through physical access controls to prevent unauthorized entry to SRS (fences, guards, security patrols, etc.), administrative controls that maintain the Met Lab HWMF OU for industrial use only, and warning signs and land use restrictions via the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance Program.

XI. Next Review

As shown in Appendix A, Table A-1, the next five-year review for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems is scheduled for January 2027.

XII. Documents Reviewed

FFA, 1993. *Federal Facility Agreement for the Savannah River Site*, Administrative Docket No. 89-05-FF (Effective Date: August 16, 1993)

SCDHEC, 2014. *South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit, Permit Number SC1 898 008 989, 2014 RCRA Permit Renewal for the Savannah River Site, issued on February 11, 2014, Module III - Postclosure Care and Module IV – Groundwater Requirements, Section A, M-Area and Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facilities*, South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control, Office of Environmental Quality Control, Bureau of Land and Waste Management, Columbia, SC

SRNS, 2020. *2013 RCRA Permit Renewal Application (U), Volume III, M-Area and Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facilities (M-Area and Met Lab HWMFs) Postclosure*, SRNS-IM-2012-00002, latest revision, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

USDOE, 1996. *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report*, U.S. Department of Energy, Savannah River Operations Office, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1991. *Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility Closure Plan* WSRC-RP-92-423, Revision 5, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1992. *Interim Action Record of Decision Remedial Alternative Selection, Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility Operable Unit (U)*, WSRC-RP-92-745, Revision 0, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1999. *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site*, WSRC-RP-98-4125, Revision 1.1, latest revision, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

Various - Inspection Data Sheets – *Field Inspection Checklist, Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF Post Closure Inspection (U)*, ER-IDS-019-020, Inspection Period FY2016 to FY2020 (quarterly)

This page is intentionally left blank.

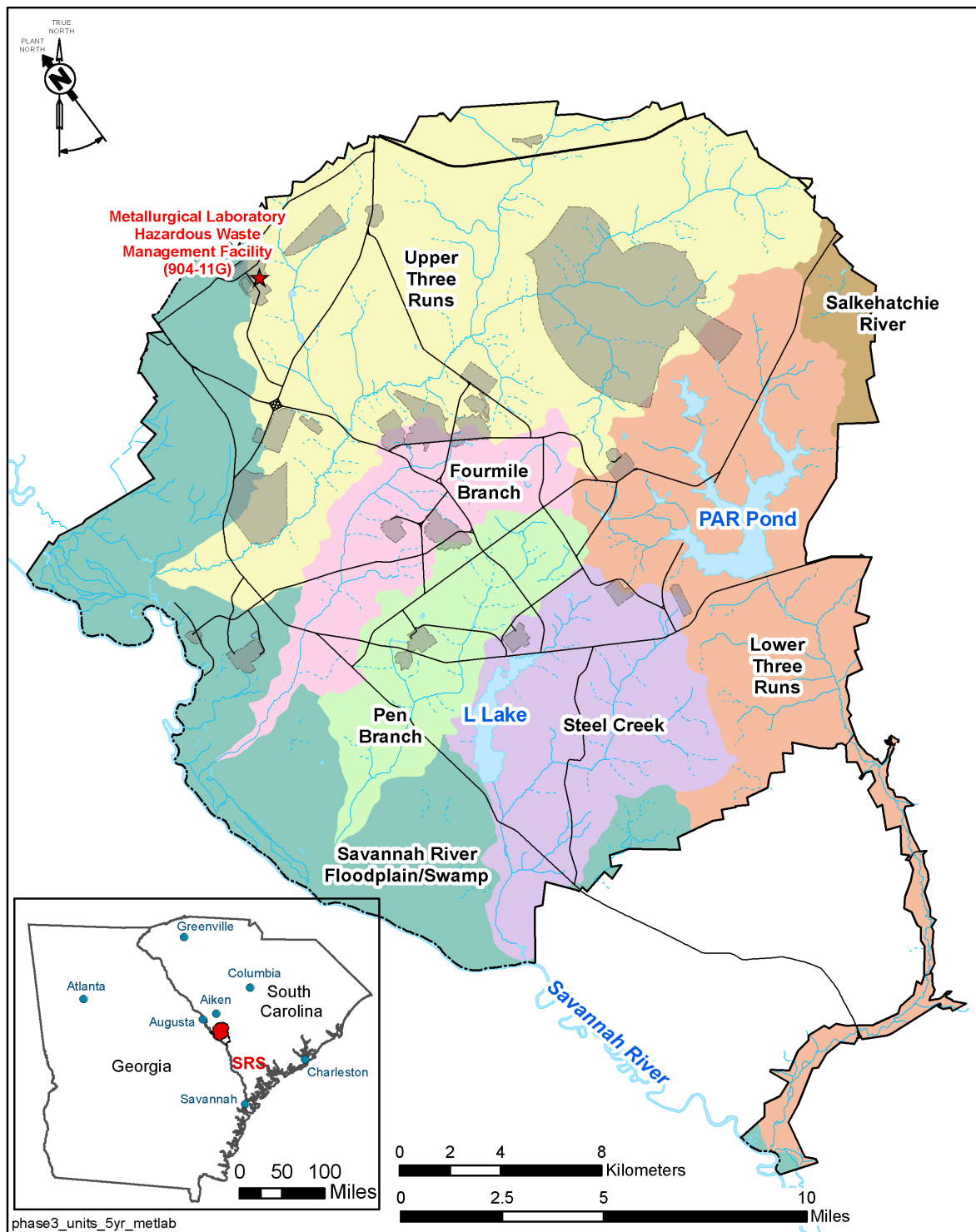


Figure J-1. Location of the Met Lab HWMF OU at SRS

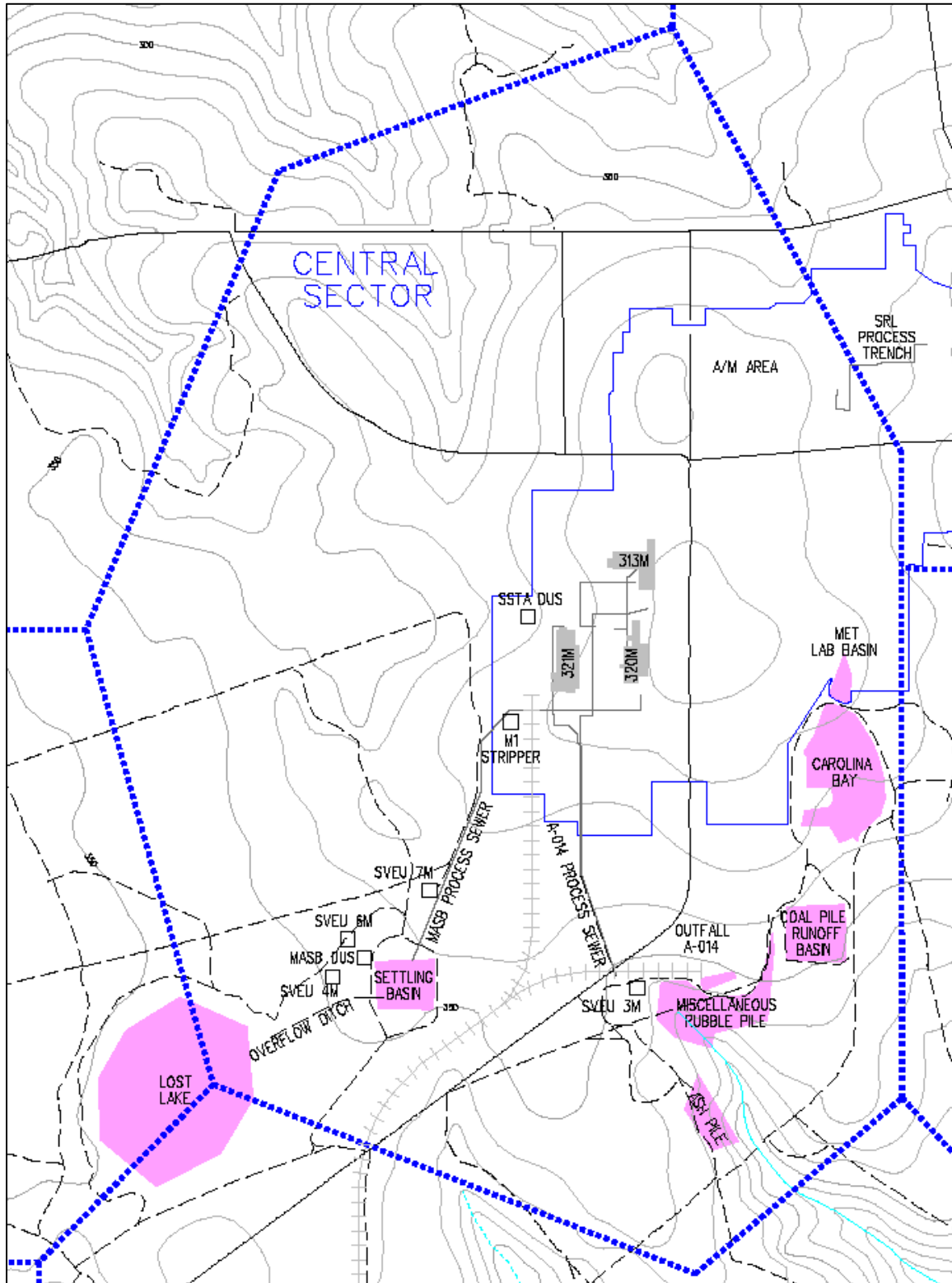


Figure J-2. Location of the Met Lab HWMF OU within the A/M Area Groundwater Central Sector at SRS

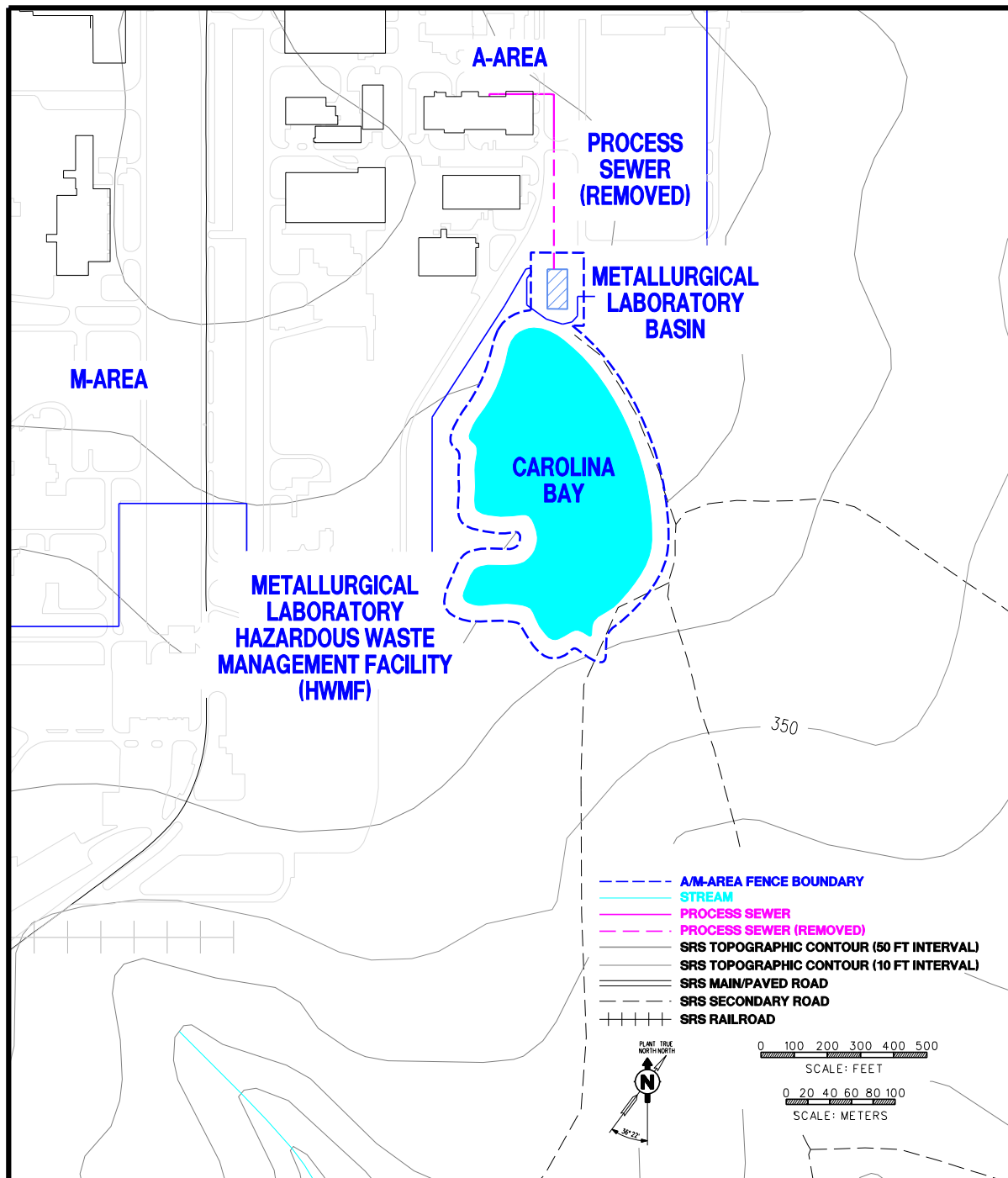


Figure J-3. Site Layout of Met Lab HWMF OU at SRS



Figure J-4. Photograph of the Met Lab HWMF OU Covered Basin (2020)

Table J-1. Chronology of OU Events

Event	Date
Corrective Action Start	1991
RCRA Closure Certified	June 1991
IROD Issuance	September 16, 1992
Previous Five-Year Reviews Issuance	August 27, 1997 / February 12, 2004 / January 29, 2009 / February 4, 2014 / February 21, 2018

This page is intentionally left blank.

Attachment J-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF (904-110G) OU

I. SITE INFORMATION			
Site Name:	Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF (904-110G) OU	Date of Inspection:	07/21/2020
Location and Region	SRS, USEPA Region 4	EPA ID:	SEMS #2
Agency, Office, or Company leading the Five-Year Review	USDOE	Weather/ Temperature	Sunny 78°F
Remedy Includes: <i>(Click all that apply)</i> <div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap;"> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Landfill Cover/Containment </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water Pump and Treatment </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Access Controls </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Monitored Natural Attenuation </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Institutional Controls </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Containment </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Pump and Treatment </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical Barriers </div> <div style="width: 100%;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>Consolidation, Excavation, Disposal</u> </div> </div>			
Attachments: <input type="checkbox"/> Inspection team roster attached			
II. INTERVIEWS <i>(Click all that apply)</i>			
1. O&M Staff:	<u>Phil Carter</u> (Name)	<u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> (Title)	<u>08/04/2020</u> (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone Phone No.: <u>803-952-4145</u>		
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		
2. O&M Staff:	<u>Richard Feagin</u> (Name)	<u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> (Title)	<u>9/20/2016</u> (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone Phone No.: <u>803-952-4416</u>		
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

Attachment J-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Metallurgical Laboratory
HWMF (904-110G) OU (*continued*)

II. INTERVIEWS (<i>Click all that apply</i>)(<i>Continued</i>)			
3. Local Regulatory Authorities and Response Agencies (i.e., State and tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds or other city and county offices, etc.). Fill in all that apply.			
Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date)
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

4. Other Interviews (<i>Optional</i>): <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (<i>Click all that apply</i>)			
1. O&M Documents:			
<input type="checkbox"/> O&M Manual	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As-Built Drawings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maintenance Logs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>See Waste Unit Inspection and Maintenance, ER-SOP-019, Met Lab HWMF Field Inspection Checklist, ER-IDS-019-020 (FY2016 to FY2020 [quarterly])</u>			

**Attachment J-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Metallurgical Laboratory
HWMF (904-110G) OU (continued)**

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Continued)			
2. Health and Safety Plans (HASP):			
<input type="checkbox"/> Site-Specific Health and Safety Plans	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Contingency Plan/Emergency Response Plan	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Routine O&M activities do not require a SSHASP under 29 CFR 1910.120, HAZWOPER.</u>			
3. O&M and OSHA Training Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Training Records are complete and up to date per EC&ACP training matrix.</u>			
4. Permits and Service Agreements:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air Discharge Permit	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Effluent Discharge	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Waste Disposal; POTW	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Other Permits	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
5. Gas Generation Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
6. Settlement Monument Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
7. Groundwater Monitoring Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
8. Leachate Extraction Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
9. Discharge Compliance Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Water (Effluent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
10. Daily Access/Security Logs:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			

Attachment J-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Metallurgical Laboratory
HWMF (904-110G) OU (*continued*)

IV. O&M COSTS			
1. O&M Organization:			
<input type="checkbox"/> State In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for State		
<input type="checkbox"/> PRP In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for PRP		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>SRS</u>			
2. O&M Cost Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> Funding mechanism/agreement in place	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>Project cost data is discussed in Section IV of this OU-specific review:</u>			
Total annual cost by year for review period, if available			
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
3. Unanticipated or Unusually High O&M Costs During Review Period			
Describe costs and reasons: _____			

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Fencing			
1. Fencing Damage: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gates secured <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>OU-specific perimeter fencing is required by the remedial action. Perimeter fencing was in good condition.</u>			

B. Signs			
1. Signs and Other Security Measures: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>Signs are in good condition.</u>			

Attachment J-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Metallurgical Laboratory
HWMF (904-110G) OU (*continued*)

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS (<i>Continued</i>)			
C. Institutional Controls			
1. Implementation and Enforcement			
Site conditions imply ICs are not properly implemented:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Site conditions imply ICs are not being fully enforced:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive-by, etc.)	<u>Walkdown</u>		
Frequency:	<u>Once in 5 years</u>		
Responsible Party/Agent:	<u>USDOE Savannah River Field Office</u>		
Contact:	<u>Karen Adams</u> (Name)	<u>Federal Program Director</u> (Title)	<u>11/24/2020</u> (Date) <u>803-952-7871</u> (Phone No.)
Reporting is up-to-date:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Reports are verified by the lead agency:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Violations have been reported:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached		
<hr/>			
<hr/>			
2. Adequacy: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ICs are adequate <input type="checkbox"/> ICs are inadequate <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>Survey monuments were located and in good condition.</u>			
<hr/>			
<hr/>			
D. General			
1. Vandalism/Trespassing: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No vandalism is evident			
Remarks: <u></u>			
<hr/>			
<hr/>			
2. Land use changes onsite: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u></u>			
<hr/>			
<hr/>			
3. Land use changes offsite: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u></u>			
<hr/>			
<hr/>			

Attachment J-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF (904-110G) OU (continued)

VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS			
A. Roads <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
1. Roads damaged:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Roads adequate	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____ _____			
B. Other Site Conditions			
Remarks: <u>Inspections conducted quarterly from FY2016 through FY2020 identified overgrown vegetation, active ant mounds, signs needing to be replaced, minor fencing repairs needed. These issues were resolved soon after discovery.</u> _____ _____ _____			
VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Landfill Surface			
1. Settlement (Low spots):	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Settlement not evident	
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: _____ _____			
2. Cracks:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cracking not evident	
Lengths _____	Widths _____	Depths _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
3. Erosion:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident	
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: _____ _____			
4. Holes:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Holes not evident	
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: _____ _____			
5. Vegetative Cover:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grass	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cover properly established	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No signs of stress
Areal extent _____	Depth _____		
Remarks: <u>Vegetation is mowed routinely.</u> _____			

Attachment J-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF (904-110G) OU (continued)

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (Continued)		
6. Alternative Cover (armored rock, concrete, etc.): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____		
7. Bulges: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bulges not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
8. Wet Areas / Water Damage: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wet areas/water damage not evident <input type="checkbox"/> Wet areas <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Ponding <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Seeps <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Soft subgrade <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
9. Slope Instability: <input type="checkbox"/> Slides <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No evidence of slope instability Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
B. Benches <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Horizontally constructed mounds of earth placed across a steep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope in order to slow down the velocity of surface runoff and intercept and convey the runoff to a lined channel)		
C. Letdown Channels <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Channel lined with erosion control mates, riprap, grout bags, or gabions that descend down the steep side slope of the cover and will allow the runoff water collected by the benches to move off of the landfill cover without creating erosion gullies)		
D. Cover Penetrations <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
E. Cover Drainage Layer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A		
1. Outlet Pipes Inspected: <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____		
2. Outlet Rock Inspected: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____		
F. Detention/Sedimentation Ponds <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
G. Retaining Walls <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		

Attachment J-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF (904-110G) OU (continued)

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (Continued)		
H. Perimeter Ditches/Offsite Discharge <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A		
1. Siltation:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Siltation not evident
Areal extent _____ Depth _____		
Remarks: _____		
2. Vegetative Growth: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vegetation does not impede flow		
Areal extent _____ Type _____		
Remarks: _____		
3. Erosion:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident
Areal extent _____ Depth _____		
Remarks: _____		
4. Discharge Structure:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____		
VIII. VERTICAL BARRIER WALLS <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
X. OTHER REMEDIES		
If there are remedies applied at the site, which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.		
A. Consolidation, Excavation, Disposal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A		
<u>Consolidation, Excavation, and Disposal were performed at Met Lab HWMF. The remedy is performing as designed.</u>		

**Attachment J-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Metallurgical Laboratory
HWMF (904-110G) OU (*continued*)**

XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS
A. Implementation of the Remedy
<p>Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emissions, etc.).</p> <p><u>The remedy of stabilizing the basin contents, consolidating contaminated materials in the basin, and installing and maintaining a low permeability cap is designed to prevent physical exposure to contaminants and to mitigate further migration of contaminants to the groundwater. The cover system is intact, long-term grasses have been fully established. The soil cover system remedy appears to be functioning as designed. Drainage channels are functioning adequately.</u></p>
B. Adequacy of O&M
<p>Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.</p> <p><u>The O&M procedures consisting of quarterly site inspections and site maintenance (repair of erosion damage, cover system, fencing and warning signs) and site controls (SRS Site Use and Site Clearance Programs, which restrict invasive and permanent installation activities at the OU) have been implemented. The O&M procedures are adequately maintaining the Met Lab HWMF OU and the condition of the warning signs is good. When maintenance activities are identified during inspections (e.g., treating and mounds vegetation removal), repairs are scheduled and performed. There are no issues requiring corrective actions.</u></p>
C. Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Failure
<p>Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.</p> <p><u>N/A</u></p>
D. Opportunities for Optimization
<p>Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy.</p> <p><u>N/A</u></p>

End of Checklist

This page is intentionally left blank.

MIXED WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY (643-28E) OPERABLE UNIT

I. Introduction

This report is the sixth five-year review for the Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E) (MWMF) Operable Unit (OU). The review was conducted from July 2020 through December 2020. Contaminants have been left in place at the MWMF OU at levels that do not allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. The purpose of this review is to determine whether the remedy in place at the MWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment. This report documents the results of the review.

The remedy for this unit is conducted under the Savannah River Site (SRS) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) program. The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) remediation requirements are met by the RCRA program; therefore, no further remedial action is necessary under CERCLA.

II. OU Chronology

Table K-1 lists the chronology of site events for the MWMF OU.

III. Background

MWMF OU is listed as a RCRA Unit in Appendix C of the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA) for SRS (FFA 1993). The media associated with the MWMF OU is soil.

The groundwater is being addressed by the MWMF Groundwater OU. Groundwater corrective actions are performed under the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal for SRS.

Physical Characteristics

The MWMF OU is located in the central portion of SRS between F- and H-Areas, approximately 8 km (5 mi) from the nearest site boundary (Figures K-1 and K-2). The MWMF is a source-specific OU within the Burial Ground Complex and within the Upper Three Runs Watershed. The MWMF consists of 118 slit trenches, one engineered low-

level trench (ELLT), and a naval core barrel mound. This facility comprises approximately 23.5 hectares (58 acres).

The slit trenches are generally 6 m (20 ft) deep and 6 m (20 ft) wide with varying lengths up to 360 m (1200 ft). The trenches were spaced approximately 3 m (10 ft) apart. The trenches were backfilled with natural soil during landfilling operations to minimize the potential for fire and airborne releases. This practice was modified in 1985 with the initiation of ELLT operation, which consisted of stacking waste containerized in B-25 boxes (metal disposal containers, 1.2 m x 1.2 m x 1.8 m [4 ft x 4 ft x 6 ft] in dimension) in the trench completely before backfilling the trench. The dimensions of the ELLT are 40.2 m (134 ft) by 150 m (500 ft) by 6.6 (22 ft) deep. Approximately 9,600 B-25 boxes were placed in ELLT-1. An earthen mound was used for the disposal of naval reactor equipment.

Land and Resource Use

According to the *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report* (USDOE 1996), residential uses of the SRS land should be prohibited. The *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site* (WSRC 1999a) designates the MWMF OU as being within an industrial area. The future land use for the MWMF OU is reasonably anticipated to remain industrial with U.S. Department of Energy (USDOE) maintaining control of the land.

History of Contamination

The MWMF operated from 1969 until March 11, 1986. During that time, this facility received low-level radioactive waste materials produced at SRS. Some of these materials are classified under RCRA as mixed waste containing both hazardous and radioactive components. Waste from SRS was disposed of in the form of job control waste and sent to the MWMF (e.g., rags, gloves and coveralls, soil, construction debris, failed equipment, spent air filters, spent lithium-aluminum targets, irradiated scrap metal, naval reactor hardware, lead shielding, waste oil, scintillation fluids, cadmium, and silver-coated beryl

saddles). The primary constituents of concern (COCs) are tritium, lead, trichloroethylene (TCE), and uranium.

Initial Response

RCRA preventive actions at the MWMF were conducted pursuant to the requirements of the RCRA per Settlement Agreement 87-27-SW.

Closure of the MWMF began in 1988, per the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) approved closure plan (WSRC 1991) and was completed in December 1990. The MWMF was closed by compaction of the waste in place via dynamic compaction followed by placement of a protective low-permeability multi-layer cover system over the waste trenches to reduce rainwater contact with wastes.

The MWMF was certified closed in 1991 and was accepted by SCDHEC in April 1991 as being in compliance with RCRA requirements.

Basis for Taking Action

In 1984, SRS made an administrative decision to determine the extent of mixed waste deposited in the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Facility (LLRWDF). Through researching of records and analysis of mixed wastes against RCRA regulations, SRS determined that the area within LLRWDF referred to as the MWMF contained mixed wastes.

A RCRA Closure Plan was submitted to SCDHEC in 1985 with approval in 1987. The RCRA preventive activities at the MWMF became subject to CERCLA when the entire SRS facility was placed on the National Priorities List in December 1989. A Part B Permit Application for Post-Closure Care was submitted in November 1992.

The COCs at the MWMF OU are barium, chloroform, cadmium, 1,1-dichloroethane, vinyl chloride, trans-1,2-dichloroethylene, phenol, aluminum, iron, manganese, carbon-14, lead, tritium, nickel, tetrachloroethylene, TCE, zinc, uranium-234/235, and uranium-238 (WSRC 1994). No remedial goals (RGs) were identified in the Record of Decision (ROD) for these constituents.

IV. Remedial Actions

Remedy Selection

Preventative alternatives were developed for the MWMF within the RCRA closure process in 1988. As documented in the MWMF OU ROD, the RCRA closure was selected as the final action under CERCLA. Therefore, no further action under CERCLA was necessary for the MWMF OU (WSRC 1994).

The closure design for the MWMF was consistent with requirements of: RCRA, 40 Code of Federal Regulation 265, South Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Regulations R.61-79.265, and USDOE Order 5820.2 Radioactive Waste Management.

The MWMF was closed according to the approved Closure Plan (WSRC 1991).

The remedial action objectives (RAOs) were to prevent the physical exposure to contaminants and to mitigate further migration of contaminants to the groundwater by minimizing a liquid medium pathway (rainwater percolation) for transport. The MWMF RCRA preventative action of placement of all contaminated materials under a low-permeability cap and institutional controls (i.e., Land Use Controls [LUCs]) satisfied both RAOs.

Remedy Implementation

Implementation of the selected final action remedy (i.e., the RCRA preventative action) included the following activities:

- Pre-compacting the waste by dynamic compaction to minimize future differential waste settlement;
 - Backfilling after compaction to a level 1.5 m (5 ft) below the final cover elevations; and
 - Placed a 23.5-hectare (58-acre) low permeability cover system over the waste trenches consisting of a layer of back fill, a 0.6-m (2-ft) layer of low-permeability compacted kaolin clay with a permeability of 1.0E-07cm/s or less, topped with 0.6 m (2 ft) of topsoil to support a vegetative cover, cap surface drainage and stormwater conveyance
-

system. Later in 1994, portions of the RCRA LLRWDF 5.3-hectare (13-acre) geosynthetic cover system was tied into the MWMF cover system. The LLRWDF closure consisted of twelve discrete areas (i.e., ELLT-2, ELLT-3, ELLT-4, and Trench Areas 1 to 9 [Figure K-2]). The MWMF small cap was covered by the ELLT-2 and Trench Area 7 cover system. ELLT-3 and Trench Areas 1, 3 to 6, and 8 were integrated into the MWMF cover system (WSRC 1999b).

Figure K-3 provides current photographs of the MWMF OU.

Systems Operations/Operation and Maintenance

There are no operational requirements.

The following maintenance activities are ongoing:

- Inspection and repair, as necessary, of the groundwater monitoring wells associated with the post-closure groundwater monitoring program for the MWMF.
- Quarterly site inspections for a minimum of 30 years to verify the integrity of the cover system, OU-specific perimeter fencing, signs, etc. Any repairs will be made as necessary to maintain the integrity and effectiveness of the initial cover including making repairs to the surface cap as necessary to correct the effects of settling, subsidence, erosion, or other events.
- Institutional controls (i.e. LUCs) to restrict access to authorized personnel with appropriate training on applicable requirements and preclude unauthorized access or intrusive activities through the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance program and SRS site security. The survey plat and records associated with deed restriction use of the MWMF have been filed with Aiken County.

Operation and maintenance (O&M) costs associated with the selected remedy for MWMF OU include costs of the soil cover inspection and maintenance, institutional controls (i.e. LUCs) and five-year remedy reviews. The actual O&M cost during fiscal year (FY) 2016 to FY2020 is \$1,272,185. RCRA documentation does not require estimated project

costs to be prepared. Therefore, actual cost data comparison to estimated cost data is not included in this remedy review.

V. Progress Since Last Review

The previous protectiveness statement from the last five-year review concluded that because the remedial actions at MWMF OU are protective, the site is protective of human health and the environment. Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are controlled through a maintained cover system and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) in place while USDOE controls the OU.

There were no recommendations or follow-up actions from the last five-year review.

VI. Five-Year Review Process

The following tasks were performed as part of the review:

- Reviewed the documents listed in Section XII. Documents Reviewed;
- Confirmed implementation of the remedial action;
- Inspected the OU, interviewed maintenance personnel and documented the results on the Inspection Checklist provided in Attachment K-1 with the purpose of assessing the protectiveness of the remedy and the functionality of the access controls; and
- Ensured that all actions required under the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal (SCDHEC 2014) were implemented (i.e., quarterly inspections and maintenance to the soil covers and groundwater monitoring).

Data Review

Groundwater

Fact sheets provided on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) webpage regarding emerging contaminants were reviewed for applicability to this site. Due to the presence of chlorinated solvents at the MWMF, 1,4-dioxane was identified as a potential contaminant for the groundwater and has been sampled dating back to 1992. As shown in Figure K-4, 1,4-dioxane has been detected in the Southwest Plume (SWP), comingled with

the tritium plume. As previously stated, groundwater is regulated by the RCRA Hazardous Waste Permit Renewal (SCDHEC 2014) and is addressed in the MWMF Groundwater OU.

The low permeability cap over the Old Radiological Waste Burial Ground (ORWBG) has reduced the tritium concentration in the SWP by approximately 40%. The groundwater is managed under the MWMF RCRA permit. It is expected that the concentration of chlorinated solvents and 1,4-dioxane will eventually be reduced due to the effects of the cap (SRNS 2012).

The current phytoremediation/spray irrigation system operating in the SWP to address the tritium appears to be curtailing expansion of the 1,4-dioxane plume. 1,4-dioxane is prone to volatilization and photo-oxidation in air (7 to 10-hour half-life, maximum lifetime of 23 hours) in a spray irrigation setting. The remedial approach for the 1,4-dioxane is described in the 2013 RCRA Permit Renewal Application for the MWMF (SRNS 2015).

Summary of Inspections and Interviews

Interviews were conducted with Richard Feagin, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC (SRNS) Environmental Compliance and Area Completion Projects (EC&ACP) Post-Closure Lead, and Phil Carter, SRNS EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead, on August 4, 2020 at the O&M organization offices. No issues were identified for the MWMF OU during these interviews. The MWMF OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP on July 28, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

The MWMF OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP and USDOE personnel on December 15, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

A site inspection was conducted by USEPA and SCDHEC personnel, accompanied by USDOE and SRNS personnel, via Microsoft Teams on March 16, 2021. Photographs and drone videos were used to inspect the OU virtually. No significant problems regarding MWMF OU were identified during the inspection.

Scheduled quarterly site inspections conducted from FY2016 through FY2020 identified the following issues: overgrown vegetation, active ant mounds, signs needing to be replaced, minor rutting from mowing equipment, and repairs to drainage channels. These

findings were documented on the field inspection checklists and resolved soon after discovery. As part of drainage enhancements implemented by USDOE, the previously existing one-inch weep holes were replaced with a French style drainage system that feeds into a three-inch pipe. This enhancement was designed to prevent future clogging of the drainage system. Additionally, USDOE repaired and cleaned the concrete associated with the drainage channels to ensure ongoing protectiveness.

VII. Technical Assessment

Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The remedy, in-situ stabilization/solidification, RCRA soil cover with institutional controls (i.e., LUCs), is effective in preventing exposure to contaminant risk above 1E-06 risk levels and mitigating further migration of contaminants to groundwater and is functioning as intended.

Institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) have been effective in maintaining restricted (industrial) land use. Quarterly site inspections and site maintenance have been effective in maintaining integrity of the soil cover. Based on site inspections, there is no indication of potential remedy failure that could place protectiveness at risk.

The LUC requirements are discussed and approved as part of the closure/post-closure/permit application process and are governed by the RCRA Permit Renewal for the SRS (SCDHEC 2014). The closure/post-closure requirements are discussed in the RCRA Permit Renewal Application for the Mixed Waste Facility (MWMF) Postclosure (SRNS 2015). Therefore, a Land Use Control Implementation Plan is not required for this OU.

The institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) that are in place include physical access controls to prevent unauthorized contact, removal or excavation of subsurface soils, and restrictions to prevent disturbance of the MWMF OU. Warning signs are in good condition, and no activities were observed that would have violated LUCs. All LUC objectives are being met.

Are the Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives still Valid?

The exposure assumptions, toxicity data, and cleanup levels used at the time of final remedy selection are still valid. There have been no changes in the standards or physical conditions of the MWMF OU that would affect the protectiveness of the remedy.

As the remedial work has been completed, the applicable standards, set forth in the ROD (WSRC 1994) and RCRA closure plan (WSRC 1991), have been met. All standards and to-be-considered values associated with groundwater will be addressed as part of the MWMF Groundwater OU. Groundwater corrective actions are performed under the RCRA Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit Renewal for SRS.

The USEPA standards and toxicity values have been updated since the last five-year remedy review as shown in Appendix B. The changes to the values for COCs at the MWMF OU were not significant, and RAOs continue to be met by the remedial action. No new standards or to-be-considered guidance have been identified that call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

Fact sheets provided on the USEPA webpage regarding emerging contaminants were reviewed for applicability to this site. 1,4-dioxane was identified in 1992 and was added to the Groundwater Protection Standards for the SWP emanating from the MWMF (SRNS 2015). The 2013 RCRA Renewal Application (SRNS 2015) describes the corrective action for 1,4-dioxane. None of the other listed emerging contaminants were identified as applicable to this OU.

Has any Other Information Come to Light that Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No other information has come to light that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

VIII. Issues

There are no issues that prevent the remedy for the MWMF OU from being protective.

IX. Recommendations and Follow-up Actions

There are no recommendations or follow-up actions for the MWMF OU under CERCLA.

X. Protectiveness Statement(s)

The remedy at the MWMF OU is protective of human health and the environment.

Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risk are being controlled by stabilization and placement of all contaminated material under a low-permeability cap and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) to prevent exposure to or ingestion of contaminated soil media and mitigating further migration of contaminants to groundwater. All threats to the MWMF OU are being addressed through physical access controls to prevent unauthorized entry to SRS (fences, guards, security patrols, etc.), administrative controls that maintain the MWMF OU for industrial use only, and warning signs and land use restrictions via the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance Program.

XI. Next Review

As shown in Appendix A, Table A-1, the next five-year review for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems is scheduled for January 2027.

XII. Documents Reviewed

FFA, 1993. *Federal Facility Agreement for the Savannah River Site*, Administrative Docket No. 89-05-FF (Effective Date: August 16, 1993)

SCDHEC, 2014. *South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control Hazardous and Mixed Waste Permit, Permit Number SC1 898 008 989, 2014 RCRA Permit Renewal for the Savannah River Site, issued on February 11, 2014, Module IV - Postclosure Care and Module IV – Groundwater Requirements, Section D, Mixed Waste Management Facility*, South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control, Office of Environmental Quality Control, Bureau of Land and Waste Management, Columbia, SC

SRNS, 2012. *Annual Corrective Action Report for the F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility, the H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility and the Mixed Waste Management Facility (U)*, SRNS-RP-2012-00045, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2015. *2013 RCRA Permit Renewal Application: Mixed Waste Management Facility (MWMF) Post Closure*, SRNS-IM-2012-00002, Volume VII, Revision 2, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2020. *Annual Corrective Action Report for the F-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility, the H-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility, and the Mixed Waste Management Facility (U)*, SRNS-RP-2020-00166, Volume I, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

USDOE, 1996. *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report*, U.S. Department of Energy, Savannah River Operations Office, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1991. *Mixed Waste Management Facility (MWMF) Closure Plan*, Revision 4, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1994. *Final Record of Decision Remedial Alternative Selection for Mixed Waste Management Facility (U)*, WSRC-RP-93-1511, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1999a. *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site*, WSRC-RP-98-4125, Revision 1.1, latest revision, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1999b. *Mixed Waste Management Facility Closure Plan (LLRWDF), Volume II (U)*, Q-CLP-E-00001, Revision 4, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

Various - Inspection Data Sheets – *Field Inspection Checklist, Mixed Waste Management Facility Post Closure Inspection (U)*, ER-IDS-019-018, Inspection Period FY2016 to FY2020 (quarterly)

This page is intentionally left blank.

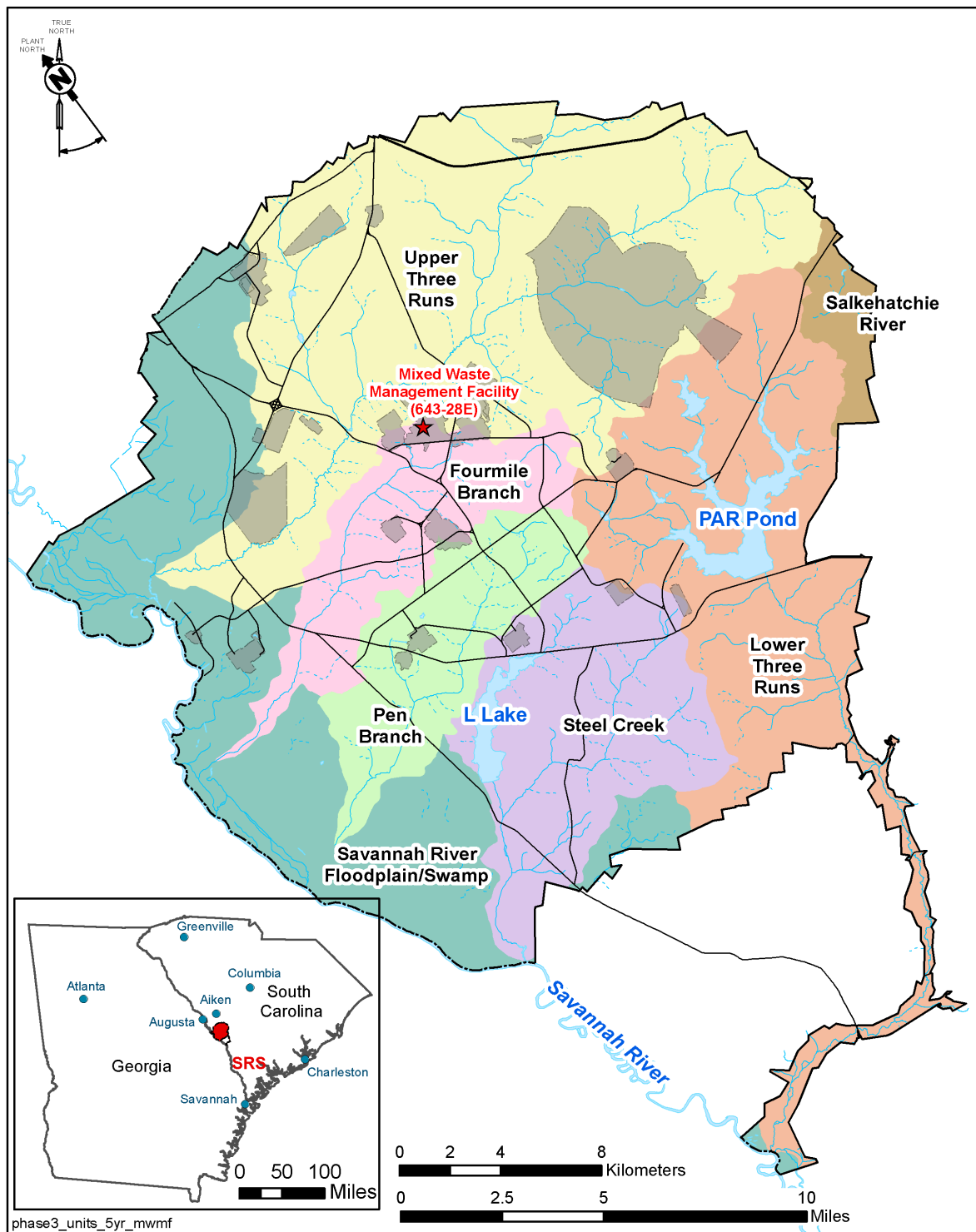


Figure K-1. MWMF OU at SRS

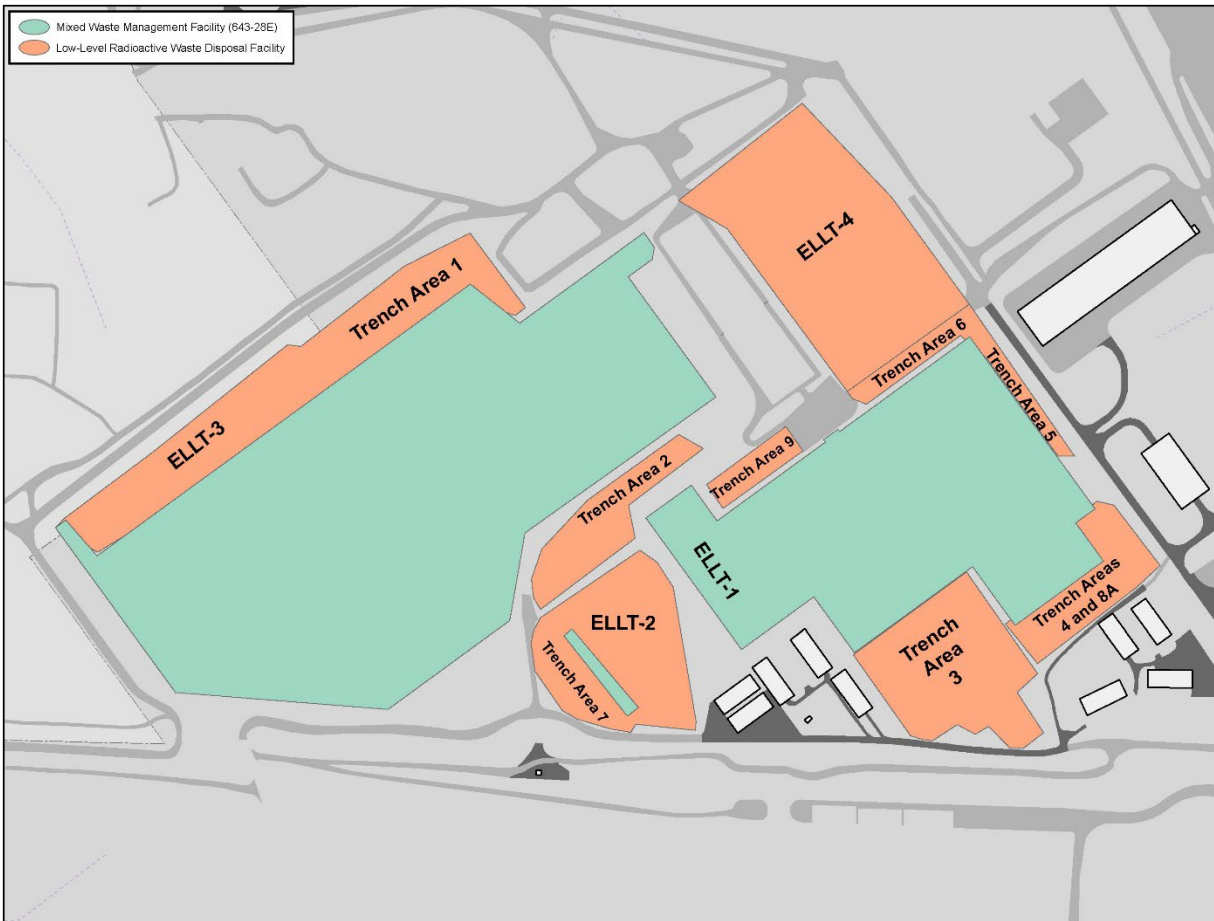


Figure K-2. LLRWDF Units in Relation to MWMF Units



Figure K-3. Current Surface Photographs of the MWMF OU (2020)

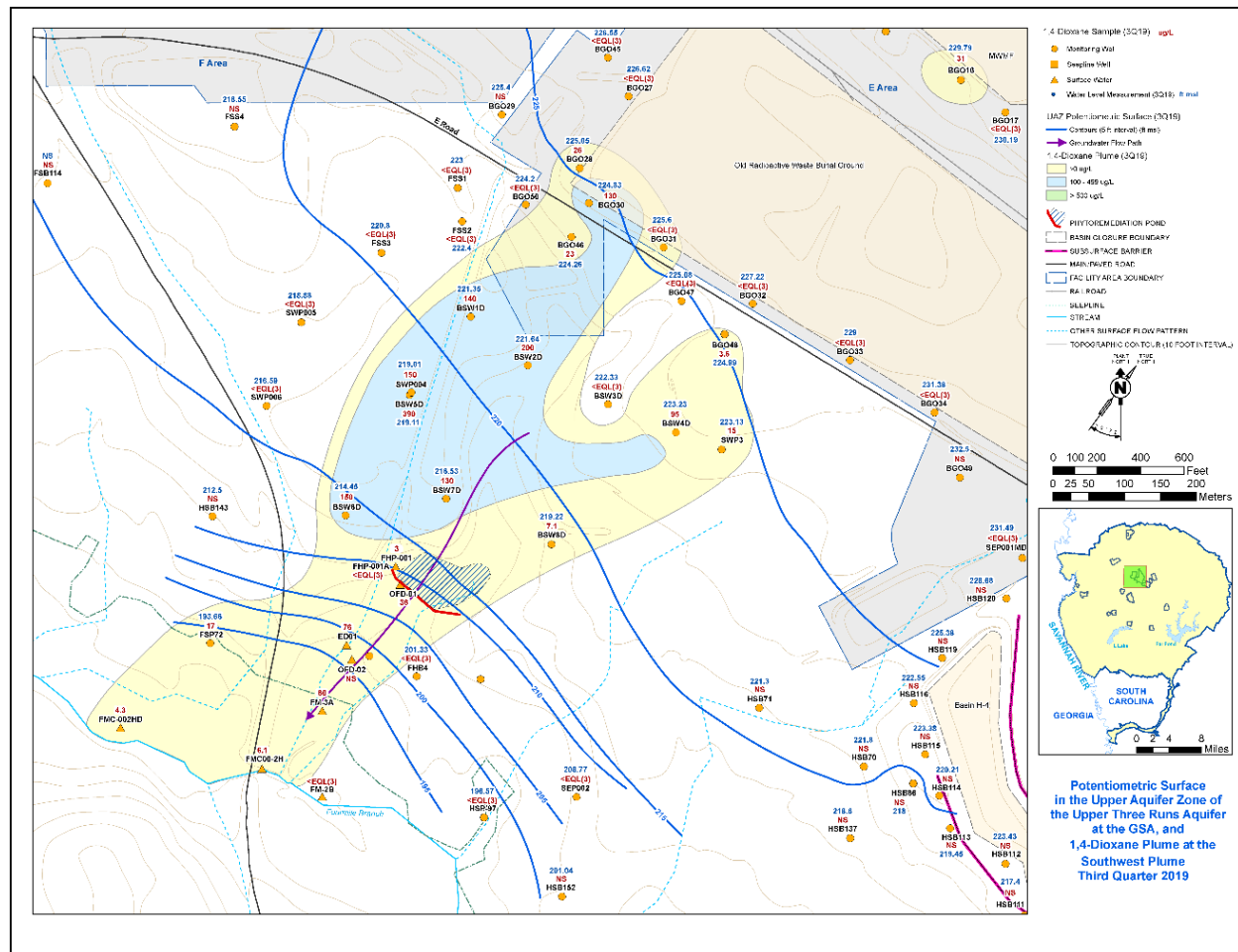


Figure K-4. MWMF Southwest Plume 1,4-Dioxane Concentrations in the Upper Aquifer Zone (SRNS 2020)

Table K-1. Chronology of Site Events

Event	Date
RCRA Closure Plan Approved	December 1987
Corrective Action start	1988
RCRA Closure Certified	1991
Final ROD issuance	September 23, 1994
Previous Five-Year Reviews Issuance	August 27, 1997 / February 12, 2004 / January 29, 2009 / February 4, 2014 / February 21, 2018

This page is intentionally left blank.

Attachment K-1 Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E) (MWMF) OU

I. SITE INFORMATION			
Site Name:	Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E) (MWMF) OU	Date of Inspection:	07/28/2020
Location and Region	SRS, USEPA Region 4	EPA ID:	SEMS #: 33
Agency, Office, or Company leading the Five-Year Review	USDOE	Weather/ Temperature	Cloudy 85°F
Remedy Includes: <i>(Click all that apply)</i> <div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap;"> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Landfill Cover/Containment </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water Pump and Treatment </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Access Controls </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Monitored Natural Attenuation </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Institutional Controls </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Containment </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Pump and Treatment </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical Barriers </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ </div> </div>			
Attachments: <input type="checkbox"/> Inspection team roster attached			
II. INTERVIEWS <i>(Click all that apply)</i>			
1. O&M Staff:	<u>Phil Carter</u> <small>(Name)</small>	<u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> <small>(Title)</small>	<u>08/04/2020</u> <small>(Date)</small>
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone Phone No.: <u>803-952-4145</u>		
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		
2. O&M Staff:	<u>Richard Feagin</u> <small>(Name)</small>	<u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> <small>(Title)</small>	<u>08/04/2020</u> <small>(Date)</small>
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone Phone No.: <u>803-952-4416</u>		
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

Attachment K-1 Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Mixed Waste
Management Facility (643-28E) (MWMF) OU

II. INTERVIEWS (*Click all that apply*)(*Continued*)

3. Local Regulatory Authorities and Response Agencies (i.e., State and tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds or other city and county offices, etc.). Fill in all that apply.

Agency: _____

Contact: _____
(Name) (Title) (Date) (Phone No.)

Problems/Suggestions: ☐ Report Attached _____

Agency: _____

Contact: _____
(Name) (Title) (Date) (Phone No.)

Problems/Suggestions: ☐ Report Attached _____

Agency: _____

Contact: _____
(Name) (Title) (Date) (Phone No.)

Problems/Suggestions: ☐ Report Attached _____

4. Other Interviews (*Optional*): ☐ Report Attached

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (*Click all that apply*)

1. O&M Documents:

<input type="checkbox"/> O&M Manual	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As-Built Drawings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maintenance Logs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A

Remarks: See *Waste Unit Inspection and Maintenance, ER-SOP-019, Mixed Waste Management Facility (MWMF) Post Closure Inspection, ER-IDS-019-018* (FY2016 to FY2020 [quarterly]).

Attachment K-1 Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Mixed Waste
Management Facility (643-28E) (MWMF) OU

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Continued)			
2. Health and Safety Plans (HASPs):			
<input type="checkbox"/> Site-Specific Health and Safety Plans	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Contingency Plan/Emergency Response Plan	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Routine O&M activities do not require a SSHASP under 29 CFR 1910.120, HAZWOPER.</u>			
<hr/>			
3. O&M and OSHA Training Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Training Records are complete and up to date per EC&ACP training matrix.</u>			
<hr/>			
4. Permits and Service Agreements:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air Discharge Permit	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Effluent Discharge	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Waste Disposal; POTW	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Other Permits	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
5. Gas Generation Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
6. Settlement Monument Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
7. Groundwater Monitoring Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
8. Leachate Extraction Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
9. Discharge Compliance Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Water (Effluent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
10. Daily Access/Security Logs:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			

Attachment K-1 Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Mixed Waste
Management Facility (643-28E) (MWMF) OU

IV. O&M COSTS			
1. O&M Organization:			
<input type="checkbox"/> State In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for State		
<input type="checkbox"/> PRP In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for PRP		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>SRS</u>			
2. O&M Cost Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> Funding mechanism/agreement in place	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>Project cost data is discussed in Section IV of this OU-specific review.</u>			
Total annual cost by year for review period, if available			
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
3. Unanticipated or Unusually High O&M Costs During Review Period			
Describe costs and reasons: _____			

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Fencing			
1. Fencing Damage: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gates secured <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>OU-specific perimeter fencing is required by the remedial action. Perimeter fences are in good condition.</u>			

B. Signs			
1. Signs and Other Security Measures: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>Signs are in good condition.</u>			

Attachment K-1 Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Mixed Waste
Management Facility (643-28E) (MWMF) OU

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS <i>(Continued)</i>				
C. Institutional Controls				
1. Implementation and Enforcement				
Site conditions imply ICs are not properly implemented:		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Site conditions imply ICs are not being fully enforced:		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive-by, etc.)		<u>Walkdown</u>		
Frequency:		<u>Once every 5 years</u>		
Responsible Party/Agent:		<u>USDOE Savannah River Field Office</u>		
Contact:	<u>Phil Prater</u> (Name)	<u>DOE Program Manager</u> (Title)	<u>12/15/2020</u> (Date)	<u>803-952-9333</u> (Phone No.)
Reporting is up-to-date:		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Reports are verified by the lead agency:		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met:		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Violations have been reported:		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Problems/Suggestions:		<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached		
<hr/>				
<hr/>				
2. Adequacy: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ICs are adequate <input type="checkbox"/> ICs are inadequate <input type="checkbox"/> N/A				
Remarks: <hr/>				
<hr/>				
D. General				
1. Vandalism/Trespassing:		<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No vandalism is evident	
Remarks: <hr/>				
<hr/>				
2. Land use changes onsite:		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
Remarks: <hr/>				
<hr/>				
3. Land use changes offsite:		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
Remarks: <hr/>				
<hr/>				

Attachment K-1 Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E) (MWMF) OU

VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS			
A. Roads	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
1. Roads damaged:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Roads adequate	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____ _____			
B. Other Site Conditions			
Remarks: <u>Quarterly site inspections conducted from FY2016 through FY2020 identified active ant mounds, signs needing to be replaced, minor rutting from mowing equipment, and repairs to drainage channels. All issues were addressed shortly after discovery.</u> _____ _____ _____			
VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINEMENT			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
A. Landfill Surface			
1. Settlement (Low spots):	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Settlement not evident	
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
2. Cracks:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cracking not evident	
Lengths _____		Widths _____	
		Depths _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
3. Erosion:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident	
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
4. Holes:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Holes not evident	
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			
5. Vegetative Cover:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grass	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cover properly established	<input type="checkbox"/> No signs of stress
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: _____ _____			

Attachment K-1 Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E) (MWMF) OU

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINEMENT <i>(Continued)</i>		
6. Alternative Cover (armored rock, concrete, etc.): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____		
7. Bulges: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bulges not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
8. Wet Areas / Water Damage: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wet areas/water damage not evident <input type="checkbox"/> Wet areas <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Ponding <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Seeps <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Soft subgrade <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
9. Slope Instability: <input type="checkbox"/> Slides <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No evidence of slope instability Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
B. Benches <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Horizontally constructed mounds of earth placed across a steep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope in order to slow down the velocity of surface runoff and intercept and convey the runoff to a lined channel)		
C. Letdown Channels <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Channel lined with erosion control mats, riprap, grout bags, or gabions that descend down the steep side slope of the cover and will allow the runoff water collected by the benches to move off of the landfill cover without creating erosion gullies)		

Attachment K-1 Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E) (MWMF) OU

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINEMENT <i>(Continued)</i>			
D. Cover Penetrations <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
1. Gas Vents: <input type="checkbox"/> Active <input type="checkbox"/> Passive <input type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
2. Gas Monitoring Probes: <input type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
3. Monitoring Wells: <input type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
4. Leachate Extraction Wells: <input type="checkbox"/> Properly secured/locked <input type="checkbox"/> Functioning <input type="checkbox"/> Routinely sampled <input type="checkbox"/> Good Condition <input type="checkbox"/> Evidence of leakage at penetration <input type="checkbox"/> Needs maintenance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
5. Settlement Monuments: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Located <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Routinely Surveyed <input type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ 			
E. Gas Collection and Treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
F. Cover Drainage Layer <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
G. Detention/Sedimentation Ponds <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
H. Retaining Walls <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			

Attachment K-1 Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Mixed Waste Management Facility (643-28E) (MWMF) OU

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINEMENT <i>(Continued)</i>		
1. Perimeter Ditches/Offsite Discharge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
1. Siltation:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Siltation not evident
Areal extent _____ Depth _____		
Remarks: _____		

2. Vegetative Growth:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vegetation does not impede flow		
Areal extent _____ Type _____		
Remarks: _____		

3. Erosion:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident
Areal extent _____ Depth _____		
Remarks: _____		

4. Discharge Structure:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____		

VIII. VERTICAL BARRIER WALLS		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
X. OTHER REMEDIES		
If there are remedies applied at the site, which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.		
A. Soil Vapor Extraction System	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A

**Attachment K-1 Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – Mixed Waste
Management Facility (643-28E) (MWMF) OU**

XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS
A. Implementation of the Remedy
<p>Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emissions, etc.).</p> <p><u>The remedy selected was low-permeability soil cover system and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) to prevent physical exposure to contaminants and mitigating further migration of contaminants to the groundwater. The cover system is intact, long-term grasses have been fully established. Soil cover system remedy is functioning as designed. There are no issues requiring corrective action.</u></p> <p>_____</p>
B. Adequacy of O&M
<p>Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.</p> <p><u>The O&M procedures consisting of quarterly site inspections and site maintenance (repair of erosion damage, cover system, fencing and warning signs) and site controls (SRS Site Use and Site Clearance Programs, which restrict invasive and permanent installation activities at the OU) have been implemented. The O&M procedures are adequately maintaining the MWMF OU and the condition of the warning signs is good. When maintenance activities are identified during inspections (e.g., treating ant mounds, vegetation removal), repairs are scheduled and performed. There are no issues requiring corrective actions.</u></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
C. Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Failure
<p>Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.</p> <p><u>N/A</u></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
D. Opportunities for Optimization
<p>Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy.</p> <p><u>N/A</u></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>

End of Checklist

SRL SEEPAGE BASINS (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, AND 904-55G) OPERABLE UNIT

I. Introduction

This report is the fifth five-year review for the Savannah River Laboratory (SRL) Seepage Basins (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G) (SRLSB) Operable Unit (OU). The review was conducted from July 2020 through December 2020. Contaminants have been left in place at the SRLSB OU at levels that do not allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. The purpose of this review is to determine whether the remedy in place at the SRLSB OU is protective of human health and the environment. This report documents the results of the review.

II. OU Chronology

Table L-1 lists the chronology of site events for the SRLSB OU.

III. Background

SRLSB OU is listed as a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)/Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) unit in Appendix C of the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA) for Savannah River Site (SRS) (FFA 1993). The media associated with the SRLSB OU is soil.

Physical Characteristics

The SRLSB OU is located within the northwestern section of SRS, approximately 1,200 m (4,000 ft) from the nearest SRS boundary and 1,350 m (4,500 ft) from the nearest residence (Figure L-1). The SRLSB OU consists of four seepage basins, designated as Seepage Basins 1 through 4, and a process sewer pipeline (Figure L-2). The four basins lie within the northern portions of the A/M Area, northeast of Savannah River Ecology Laboratory and southeast of the Savannah River National Laboratory (SRNL). The settings to the north, east, and south of the basins are wooded. Tims Branch is located north of the basins

and an unnamed intermittent stream is immediately east of them. The area to the west is cleared and vegetated with low grasses. The four basins (Figure L-2) had an approximate depth of 3.6 m (12 ft) and covered a total area of approximately 0.87 hectares (2.15 acres). The total capacity of the basins was 2,605 m³ (688,200 gal). A berm of undisturbed soil separated each of the four basins. The four basins were connected by a series of sequential overflow channels designed to receive wastewater by overflow from Basin 1 (904-52G) to Basin 2 (904-53G) to Basin 3 (904-54G) and then to Basin 4 (904-55G).

Wastewater was conveyed from Building 776-A (SRNL) to the west end of Basin 1 through a vitrified clay process sewer pipe. The line was constructed in conjunction with Basins 1 and 2 for start of operation in 1954. There is no surface water within the boundaries of the SRLSB.

Land and Resource Use

According to the *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report* (USDOE 1996), residential uses of the SRS land should be prohibited. The *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site* (WSRC 1999a) designates SRLSB OU as being within the site industrial support area. The future land use for SRLSB OU is reasonably anticipated to remain industrial with the U.S. Department of Energy (USDOE) maintaining control of the land.

History of Contamination

Basins 1 and 2 were placed into operation in 1954, and Basins 3 and 4 were added in 1958 and 1960, respectively (WSRC 1999b). The basins were used from 1954 to 1982 to dispose of low-level radioactive liquid waste generated in the SRNL laboratories (Buildings 735-A and 773-A). The laboratory-derived, low-level liquid waste was stored in Building 776-A waste tanks until the activities was confirmed to be below 100 dpm/mL alpha and/or 50 dpm/mL beta-gamma. Waste meeting this transfer criterion was then sent via the process sewer line to Basin 1. Figures L-3, L-4, and L-5 present photographs of the SRLSB OU before remediation and in the current condition.

During the 28 years of operation, the basins received 1.2 million m³ (340 million gal) of wastewater, or about 42,960 m³/year (12.1 million gal/year). There is no record of overflow out of the basins and no account of any local ground surface seeps. The wastewater seeped into the ground within the basins as designed.

Initial Response

Over the years, large trees had grown in and around the basins. A CERCLA removal action for removal of the vegetation at the SRLSBs was performed in 1997. The vegetation was stored and covered with geotextile material in Basins 2 and 4 until disposal at the SRS E-Area Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Facility in October 1999. Disposal of this contaminated vegetation was not a part of the SRLSB OU remedial action but was performed as a separate action under USDOE removal action authority.

Basis for Taking Action

Analytical data collected for the Remedial Facility Investigation (RFI) / Remedial Investigation (RI) / Baseline Risk Assessment (BRA) and Focused Corrective Measures Study / Feasibility Study (CMS/FS) (WSRC 1998) indicate that significant impacts to the soil media associated with the SRLSB had occurred from both radiological and inorganic contaminants. Major radionuclide contaminants detected in the soil at SRLSB OU include actinium-228, cesium-137, cobalt-60, curium-243/244, radium-228, thorium-228, and uranium-238. The primary inorganic contaminants are mercury, silver, vanadium, and chromium. Process knowledge suggests that no significant quantities of chlorinated organics were discarded into the SRLSB OU.

As determined in the RFI/RI/BRA/CMS/FS, SRLSB operations and resulting soil contamination have not significantly impacted groundwater. The fate and transport analysis does not predict future impacts to the groundwater from the contaminants within the SRLSB OU. Therefore, groundwater is not a media of concern. Additionally, there are no contaminant migration constituents of concern (COCs) as indicated by contaminant migration modeling.

The final list of human health COCs for the future industrial worker scenario includes eighteen radionuclides and two metals. Only one ecological COC, chromium, was determined. Remedial goals (RGs) were established for the industrial worker scenario based on a risk of $1.0\text{E-}06$, or a hazard quotient of 1 (Table L-2).

IV. Remedial Actions

Remedy Selection

As stated in the Record of Decision (ROD) (WSRC 1999b), the remedial action objectives (RAOs) for the SRLSB OU are as follows:

- Eliminate exposure of the future industrial worker to radiochemical constituents, mercury, and chromium in the soils of SRLSB OU;
- Remove all principal threat source material (PTSM) (soil above $1.0\text{E-}03$ industrial worker health risk level) from Basins 1, 2, and 3; and
- Reduce risk to soil invertebrates from the ingestion of chromium in the surface soils of Basin 1.

As stated in the ROD (WSRC 1999b), the selected remedy for the SRLSB OU was to excavate soil above $1.0\text{E-}03$ industrial risk (PTSM), dispose at an off-SRS site, such as Envirocare of Utah, Inc., place an earthen cover over all four basins, and use institutional controls (i.e., land use controls [LUCs]) to maintain future industrial land use only.

Remedy Implementation

Implementation of the selected remedy at SRLSB OU included the following activities:

- Removal of $4,740\text{ m}^3$ ($6,200\text{ yd}^3$) of PTSM soil by (1) excavation of approximately 1.2 m (4 ft) from the bottom of Basins 1, 1.5 m (5 ft) from the bottom of Basin 2, and 0.6 m (2 ft) from the bottom of Basin 3, and 0.3 m (1 ft) from all of the berms in the three basins; (2) excavation of the process sewer pipeline and the soils 0.3 m (1 ft) below and 0.45 m (1.5 ft) on each side of the pipeline from Basin 1 to the first manhole; and (3) packaging all job control waste and transporting to Envirocare of Utah, Inc., a low-
-

level waste disposal facility. Basin 4 did not require excavation of contaminated soil but was backfilled with clean soil.

- Performing confirmatory soil samples to verify all PTSM soil was removed.
- Backfilling the process sewer trench and all four basins (0.85 hectare [2.1 acres]) with clean soil to a depth between 2.7 m (9 ft) and 5.7 m (19 ft) and sloped to provide proper stormwater drainage. The top 15 cm (6 in) of the vegetative layer contained topsoil, fertilizer, lime, seed and mulch.
- Established LUCs for 1 hectare (2.56 acres) including physical access controls to prevent unauthorized entry to SRS (fences, guards, security patrols, etc.), administrative controls that maintain the SRLSB OU for industrial use only, and warning signs and site use restrictions via the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance Program, for the SRLSB OU.
- Conducting maintenance and maintaining institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) of the covered basins to prevent unauthorized access.

Systems Operations/Operation and Maintenance

There are no system operational requirements. The following maintenance activities are ongoing:

- Annual site inspections and site maintenance (i.e., soil cover maintenance, repair of erosion damage, and warning signs);
- Site controls and land use restrictions via the SRS Site Use and Site Clearance Programs, which restrict invasive and permanent installation activities at the SRLSB OU.

Table L-3 compares the actual operation and maintenance (O&M) costs for the five-year remedy review period to the estimated direct O&M costs from the ROD (WSRC 1999b). The estimated O&M cost for fiscal year (FY) 2016 to FY2020 was \$25,000 for site inspections, maintenance, and LUCs. The actual O&M cost for FY2016 to FY2020 is

\$68,752. The actual O&M costs are higher than expected because O&M costs were not included in the ROD estimate.

V. Progress Since Last Review

The previous protectiveness statement concluded that because the remedial actions at SRLSB OU are protective, the site is protective of human health and the environment. The implementation of institutional controls (i.e., LUCs), including controlled access to SRLSB OU is protective of human health and the environment. Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks have been controlled through soil excavation and disposal at an off-SRS CERCLA-approved facility, backfilling the area to grade with clean soil, re-vegetation of the area and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs).

There were no recommendations or follow-up actions from the last five-year review.

VI. Five-Year Review Process

The following tasks were performed as part of the review:

- Reviewed the documents listed in Section XII. Documents Reviewed;
- Confirmed the implementation of the remedial action;
- Inspected the OU and documented the results on the Inspection Checklist provided in Attachment L-1 with the purpose of assessing the protectiveness of the remedy and the functionality of the access controls; and
- Reviewed changes in standards and to-be-considered guidance.

Summary of Inspections and Interviews

Interviews were conducted with Richard Feagin, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC (SRNS) Environmental Compliance and Area Completion Projects (EC&ACP) Post-Closure Lead, and Phil Carter, SRNS EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead, on August 4, 2020 at the O&M organization offices. No issues were identified as an outcome of these

interviews. The SRLSB OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP on July 21, 2020. No issues were identified during this inspection.

The SRLSB OU was inspected by SRNS EC&ACP and USDOE personnel November 24, 2020. No issues were identified for the SRLSB OU during this inspection.

A site inspection was conducted by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control personnel, accompanied by USDOE and SRNS personnel, via Microsoft Teams on March 16, 2021. Photographs and drone videos were used to inspect the OU virtually. No significant problems regarding this OU were identified during the inspection.

Scheduled annual site inspections conducted from FY2016 through FY2020 identified the following issues: active ant mounds, evidence of burrowing animals, and shallow rutting caused by mowing equipment. These findings were documented on the field inspection checklists and resolved soon after discovery.

VII. Technical Assessment

Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The remedy, excavation, off-site disposal, and institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) is effective in preventing exposure to contaminants above 1E-06 risk levels and is functioning as intended.

Institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) have been effective in maintaining restricted (industrial) land use. Annual site inspection and site maintenance have been effective in maintaining the integrity of the soil cover. Based on site inspections, there is no indication of potential remedy failure that could place protectiveness at risk.

The Land Use Control Implementation Plan for SRLSB OU is included as Appendix A of the Corrective Measure Implementation Report / Post-Construction Report / Final Remediation Report and governs LUC implementation, maintenance, monitoring,

reporting, and enforcement of LUCs (WSRC 2001). The LUCs that are in place include physical access controls to prevent unauthorized contact, removal or excavation of subsurface soils, and restrictions to prevent disturbance of the SRLSB OU. Warning signs are in good condition, and no activities were observed that would have violated the LUCs. All LUC objectives are being met.

Are Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives still valid?

The exposure assumptions, toxicity data, and cleanup levels used at the time of final remedy selection are still valid. There have been no changes in the standards or physical condition of the SRLSB OU that would affect the protectiveness of the remedy.

The USEPA standards and toxicity values have been updated since the last five-year remedy review as shown in Appendix B. The changes to the values for COCs at the SRLSB OU were not significant, and the RAOs continue to be met by the remedial action. No new standards or to-be-considered guidance have been identified that call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

Fact sheets provided on the USEPA webpage regarding emerging contaminants were reviewed for applicability to this site. None of the listed emerging contaminants were identified as applicable to this OU.

Has any Other Information Come to Light that Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No other information has come to light that would call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

VIII. Issues

There are no issues related to current site conditions or activities that prevent the remedy from being protective for this OU.

IX. Recommendations and Follow-up Actions

There are no recommendations or follow-up actions for this OU.

X. Protectiveness Statement(s)

The remedy at the SRLSB OU is protective of human health and the environment.

Exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled by institutional controls (i.e., LUCs) to prevent exposure to or ingestion of contaminated soil media. All threats to the SRLSB OU have been addressed through physical access controls to prevent unauthorized entry to SRS (fences, guards, security patrols, etc.), administrative controls that maintain the SRLSB OU for industrial use only, and warning signs and land use restrictions via the SRS Site Use/Site Clearance Program.

XI. Next Review

As shown in Appendix A, Table A-1, the next five-year review for SRS OUs with Engineered Cover Systems is scheduled for January 2027.

XII. Documents Reviewed

FFA, 1993. *Federal Facility Agreement for the Savannah River Site*, Administrative Docket No. 89-05-FF (Effective Date: August 16, 1993)

USDOE, 1996. *Savannah River Site Future Use Project Report*, U.S. Department of Energy, Savannah River Operations Office, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1998. *RCRA Facility Investigation/Remedial Investigation/Baseline Risk Assessment and Focused Corrective Measures Study/Feasibility Study for the SRL Seepage Basins Operable Unit (904-53G, -54G, and -55G) (U)*, WSRC-RP-97-846, Revision 1.1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1999a. *Land Use Control Assurance Plan for the Savannah River Site*, WSRC-RP-98-4125, Revision 1.1, latest revision, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 1999b. *Record of Decision, Remedial Alternative Selection for the SRL Seepage Basins Operable Unit (904-53G1, -53G2, -54G and -55G) (U)*, WSRC-RP-97-848, Revision 1.1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2001. *Corrective Measure Implementation Report/Post-Construction Report/Final Remediation Report (CMIR/PCR/FRR) for Closure of SRL Seepage Basins Operable Unit (904-53G, -53G, -54G, and -55G) (U)*, WSRC-RP-2001-4123, Revision 1, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

Various – Inspection Data Sheets - *Field Inspection Checklist for SRL Seepage Basins*, ER-IDS-019-011, Inspection Period 2016 through 2020 (annually)

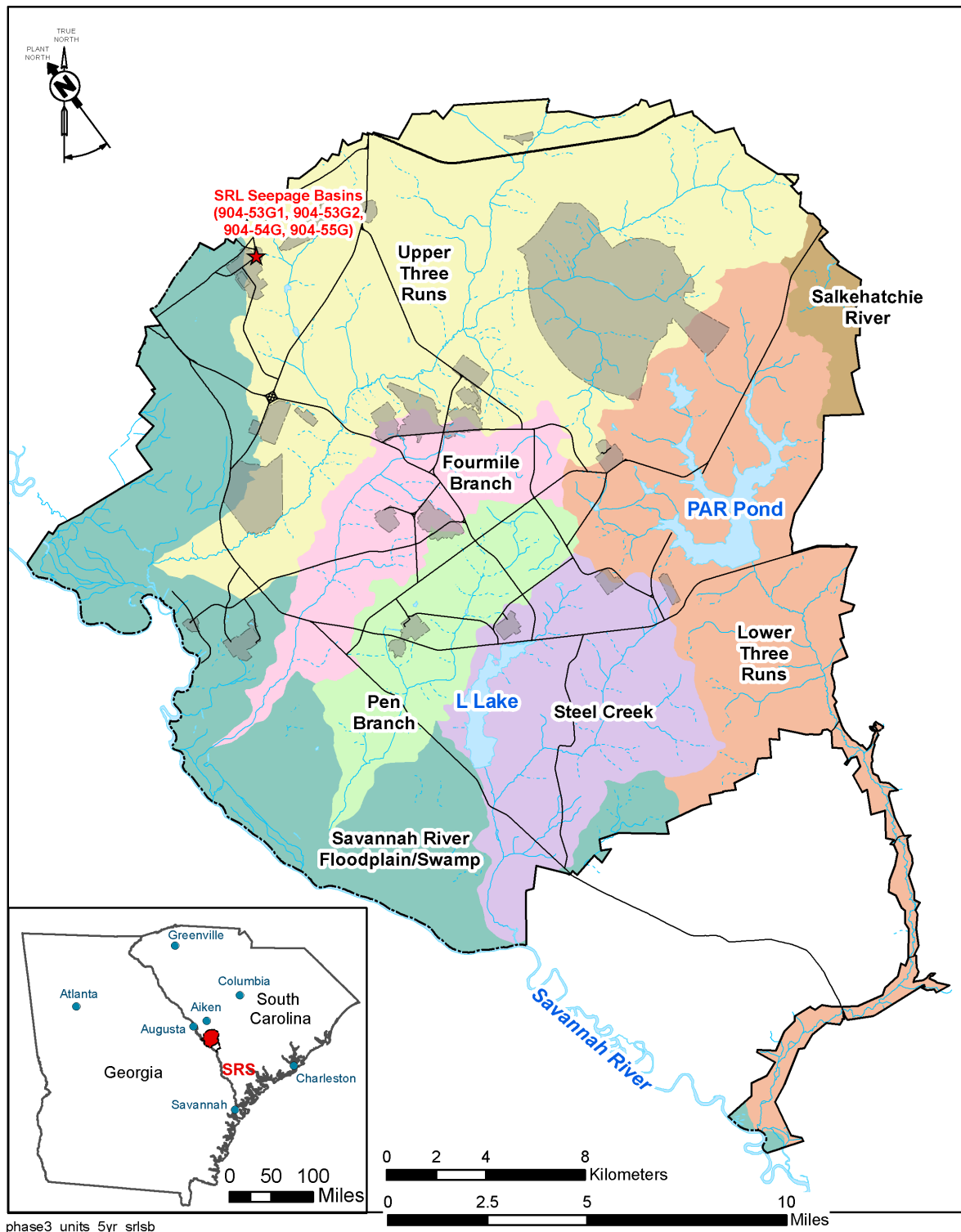


Figure L-1. Location of the SRL Seepage Basins OU at SRS

This page is intentionally left blank.



Figure L-2. Layout of the SRLSB OU (904-53G, 904-53G, 904-54G, and 904-55G) after Construction Completion (2001)



Figure L-3. Photo of SRLSB OU Before Remediation Activities



Figure L-4. Current Photograph of the SRLSB OU (2020)



Figure L-5. Current Photo of the SRLSB OU (2020)

Table L-1. Chronology of OU Events

Event	Date
RFI/RI Field Start / Complete	September 25, 1996 / May 27, 1997
Removal Action Start / Complete (Trees Only)	July 28, 1997 / December 9, 1997
CERCLA Removal Action Start / Complete	August 22, 1997 / October 15, 1997
ROD Issuance	April 26, 2000
Remedial Action Start / Complete	December 8, 1999 / August 20, 2003
Previous Five-Year Reviews Issuance	February 12, 2004 / January 29, 2009 / February 4, 2014 / February 21, 2018

Table L-2. COCs for SRLSB OU

Unit	Media	COC	Type of COC	RG	Units	Basis
SRL Seepage Basin	Soil	Actinium-228	HH	7.0E-02	pCi/g	Future Industrial Worker
		Americium-241		8.1E+00	pCi/g	
		Cesium-137		1.1E-01	pCi/g	
		Cobalt-60		2.0E-02	pCi/g	
		Curium-243/244		1.6E+00	pCi/g	
		Lead-212		7.0E-01	pCi/g	
		Neptunium-239		9.0E-01	pCi/g	
		Plutonium-238		1.1E+01	pCi/g	
		Plutonium-239/240		1.0E+01	pCi/g	
		Potassium-40		4.0E-01	pCi/g	
		Radium-228		6.7E-02	pCi/g	
		Strontium-90		5.7E+01	pCi/g	
		Thorium-228		3.5E-02	pCi/g	
		Thorium-230		8.5E+01	pCi/g	
		Thorium-232		9.8E+01	pCi/g	
		Uranium-233/234		7.1E+01	pCi/g	
		Uranium-235		8.3E-01	pCi/g	
		Hexavalent Chromium		1.5E+03	mg/kg	
		Mercury		4.7E+01	mg/kg	
		Chromium	ECO	2.0E+02	mg/kg	Soil invertebrates

HH = Human Health
ECO = Ecological

Table L-3. Actual versus Estimated O&M Costs

	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	5-Year Total
Total Actual O&M Costs (\$)	10,979	19,993	9,688	15,737	12,355	68,752
Total ROD Estimated Direct O&M Costs* (\$)	0	25,000	0	0	0	25,000

*Cost for preparation of the Fifth Five-Year Remedy Review were accounted for in FY2017. Annual O&M costs were not included in the original estimate.

Attachment L-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – SRL Seepage Basins (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G)

I. SITE INFORMATION			
Site Name:	SRL Seepage Basins (904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G)	Date of Inspection:	07/21/2020
Location and Region	SRS, USEPA Region 4	EPA ID:	SEMS #47
Agency, Office, or Company leading the Five-Year Review	USDOE	Weather/ Temperature	Sunny 79°F
Remedy Includes: <i>(Click all that apply)</i> <div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap;"> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Landfill Cover/Containment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Access Controls <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Institutional Controls <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Pump and Treatment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>Excavation, off-site disposal</u> </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water Pump and Treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Monitored Natural Attenuation <input type="checkbox"/> Groundwater Containment <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical Barriers </div> </div>			
Attachments: <input type="checkbox"/> Inspection team roster attached			
II. INTERVIEWS <i>(Click all that apply)</i>			
1. O&M Staff:	<u>Phil Carter</u> (Name)	<u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> (Title)	<u>08/04/2020</u> (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone Phone No.: <u>803-952-4145</u>		
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		
2. O&M Staff:	<u>Richard Feagin</u> (Name)	<u>EC&ACP Post-Closure Lead</u> (Title)	<u>08/04/2020</u> (Date)
Interviewed:	<input type="checkbox"/> At Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At Office <input type="checkbox"/> By Phone Phone No.: <u>803-952-4416</u>		
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____		

**Attachment L-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – SRL Seepage Basins
(904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G) (continued)**

II. INTERVIEWS (Click all that apply)(Continued)			
3. Local Regulatory Authorities and Response Agencies (i.e., State and tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds or other city and county offices, etc.). Fill in all that apply.			
Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date) (Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date) (Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

Agency: _____			
Contact:	_____	_____	_____
	(Name)	(Title)	(Date) (Phone No.)
Problems/Suggestions: <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

4. Other Interviews (Optional): <input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached _____			

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Click all that apply)			
1. O&M Documents:			
<input type="checkbox"/> O&M Manual	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As-Built Drawings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maintenance Logs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>See Waste Unit Inspection and Maintenance, ER-SOP-019, Field Inspection Checklist for SRL Seepage Basins, ER-IDS-019-011.</u>			

**Attachment L-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – SRL Seepage Basins
(904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G) (continued)**

III. ONSITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Continued)			
2. Health and Safety Plans (HASP):			
<input type="checkbox"/> Site-Specific Health and Safety Plans	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Contingency Plan/Emergency Response Plan	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Routine O&M activities do not require a SSHASP under 29 CFR 1910.120, HAZWOPER.</u>			
<hr/>			
3. O&M and OSHA Training Records:			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: <u>Training Records are complete and up to date per EC&ACP training matrix.</u>			
<hr/>			
4. Permits and Service Agreements:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air Discharge Permit	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Effluent Discharge	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Waste Disposal; POTW	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Other Permits	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
5. Gas Generation Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
6. Settlement Monument Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
7. Groundwater Monitoring Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
8. Leachate Extraction Records:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
9. Discharge Compliance Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Air	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
<input type="checkbox"/> Water (Effluent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			
10. Daily Access/Security Logs:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: _____			
<hr/>			

Attachment L-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – SRL Seepage Basins
(904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G) (continued)

IV. O&M COSTS			
1. O&M Organization:			
<input type="checkbox"/> State In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for State		
<input type="checkbox"/> PRP In-House	<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor for PRP		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>SRS</u>			
2. O&M Cost Records:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Readily Available	<input type="checkbox"/> Up to Date	<input type="checkbox"/> Funding mechanism/agreement in place	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>Project cost data is summarized in Section IV of this OU-specific review.</u>			
Total annual cost by year for review period, if available			
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
From: _____ (Date)	To: _____ (Date)	_____ (Total Cost)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakdown attached
3. Unanticipated or Unusually High O&M Costs During Review Period			
Describe costs and reasons: _____			

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
A. Fencing			
1. Fencing Damage: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> Gates secured <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>OU-specific perimeter fencing is not required by the remedial action.</u>			

B. Signs			
1. Signs and Other Security Measures: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>Signs are in good condition.</u>			

Attachment L-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – SRL Seepage Basins
(904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G) (continued)

V. ACCESS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS (Continued)			
C. Institutional Controls			
1. Implementation and Enforcement			
Site conditions imply ICs are not properly implemented:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Site conditions imply ICs are not being fully enforced:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive-by, etc.)	<u>Walkdown</u>		
Frequency:	<u>Once in 5 years</u>		
Responsible Party/Agent:	<u>USDOE Savannah River Field Office</u>		
Contact:	<u>Karen Adams</u> (Name)	<u>Federal Project Director</u> (Title)	<u>11/24/2020</u> (Date) <u>803-952-7871</u> (Phone No.)
Reporting is up-to-date:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Reports are verified by the lead agency:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Violations have been reported:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Problems/Suggestions:	<input type="checkbox"/> Report Attached		
<hr/>			
2. Adequacy: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ICs are adequate <input type="checkbox"/> ICs are inadequate <input type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u>Survey monuments located and in good condition.</u>			
<hr/>			
D. General			
1. Vandalism/Trespassing: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No vandalism is evident			
Remarks: <u></u>			
<hr/>			
2. Land use changes onsite: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u></u>			
<hr/>			
3. Land use changes offsite: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A			
Remarks: <u></u>			
<hr/>			

**Attachment L-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – SRL Seepage Basins
(904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G) (continued)**

VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS			
A. Roads	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
1. Roads damaged:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Roads adequate	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Remarks: Roads at this site are in good condition.			
B. Other Site Conditions			
Remarks: Annual site inspections performed during the period of FY2016 to FY2020 identified active ant mounds, evidence of burrowing animals, and shallow rutting caused by mowing equipment. These issues were addressed soon after discovery.			
VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
A. Landfill Surface			
1. Settlement (Low spots):	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Settlement not evident	
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: _____			
2. Cracks:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cracking not evident	
Lengths _____		Widths _____	
		Depths _____	
Remarks: _____			
3. Erosion:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion not evident	
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: _____			
4. Holes:	<input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Holes not evident	
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: _____			
5. Vegetative Cover:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grass	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cover properly established	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No signs of stress
Areal extent _____		Depth _____	
Remarks: Vegetation is mowed routinely.			

**Attachment L-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – SRL Seepage Basins
(904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G) (continued)**

VII. LANDFILL COVER/CONTAINMENT (Continued)		
6. Alternative Cover (armored rock, concrete, etc.): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A Remarks: _____ _____		
7. Bulges: <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bulges not evident Areal extent _____ Depth _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
8. Wet Areas / Water Damage: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wet areas/water damage not evident <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Wet areas <input type="checkbox"/> Ponding <input type="checkbox"/> Seeps <input type="checkbox"/> Soft subgrade </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map </div> <div> Areal extent _____ Areal extent _____ Areal extent _____ Areal extent _____ </div> </div> Remarks: _____ _____		
9. Slope Instability: <input type="checkbox"/> Slides <input type="checkbox"/> Location shown on site map <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No evidence of slope instability Areal extent _____ Remarks: _____ _____		
B. Benches <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Horizontally constructed mounds of earth placed across a steep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope in order to slow down the velocity of surface runoff and intercept and convey the runoff to a lined channel)		
C. Letdown Channels <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A (Channel lined with erosion control mates, riprap, grout bags, or gabions that descend down the steep side slope of the cover and will allow the runoff water collected by the benches to move off of the landfill cover without creating erosion gullies)		
D. Cover Penetrations <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
E. Gas Collection and Treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
F. Cover Drainage Layer <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
G. Detention/Sedimentation Ponds <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
H. Retaining Walls <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
I. Perimeter Ditches/Offsite Discharge <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A		
VIII. VERTICAL BARRIER WALLS <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		
IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES <input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A		

**Attachment L-1. Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist – SRL Seepage Basins
(904-53G1, 904-53G2, 904-54G, and 904-55G) (continued)**

X. OTHER REMEDIES	
If there are remedies applied at the site, which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.	
A. Excavation and Off-Site Disposal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
<u>Excavation and off-site disposal was performed at SRLSB OU. The remedy is performing as designed.</u>	
<hr/>	
XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS	
A. Implementation of the Remedy	
Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emissions, etc.).	
<u>The remedial action for the SRLSB OU was removal of contaminated soil and the installation of soil covers. The remedy is fully established and functioning as designed.</u>	
<hr/>	
<hr/>	
B. Adequacy of O&M	
Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.	
<u>The O&M procedures consisting of annual site inspections and site maintenance (repair of erosion damage, cover system, and warning signs) and site controls (SRS Site Use and Site Clearance Programs, which restrict invasive and permanent installation activities at the OU) have been implemented. The O&M procedures are adequately maintaining the SRLSB OU and the condition of the warning signs are good. When maintenance activities are identified during inspections, (e.g., treating ant mounds, vegetation removal), repairs are scheduled and performed. There are no issues requiring corrective actions.</u>	
<hr/>	
C. Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Failure	
Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.	
<u>N/A</u>	
<hr/>	
<hr/>	
D. Opportunities for Optimization	
Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy.	
<u>N/A</u>	
<hr/>	
<hr/>	

End of Checklist